BVVS

Basaveshwar Engineering College, Bagalkote Department of Electronics and Communication Engineering

Vision, Mission Statements and Values

Vision

To achieve excellence in electronics and communication engineering through quality education and research for developing competent professionals.

Mission

- 1. Foster a dynamic teaching and learning process.
- 2. Encourage research through innovation and collaboration.
- 3. Imbibe moral, ethical values and social responsibilities.

Values

The values of the department are

- 1. Work is Worship
- 2. Ethics and Integrity
- 3. Empathy and Compassion
- 4. Indian Ethos
- 5. Mutual Respect

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Basaveshwar Engineering College, Bagalkote Department of Electronics and Communication Engineering

SWOC Analysis

S:Strength:

- 1. Infrastructure
 - (i.) ICT enabled classrooms/seminar hall with good ambience.
 - (ii.) Well equipped laboratories to cater curriculum requirements.
 - (iii.) Department library with good number of titles and volumes.
 - (iv.) Scope for academic extension programmes.
- 2. Faculty
 - (i.) 75% of faculty with Ph.D.
 - (ii.) Faculty with minimum of 12 years teaching experience.
 - (iii.) Faculty retention ratio is 100 %.
- 3. Students
 - (i.) Students with academic and competitive bent of mind.
 - (ii.) 75% of the students are placed in reputed industries.
 - (iii.) 10% to 15% of the students are registering for B.E. Honours Degree.
- 4. Curriculum
 - (i.) Research and industry oriented adaptive curriculum.
 - (ii.) Curriculum with integrated courses.
- 5. Alumni
 - (i.) Alumni works in reputed organizations across the world.
 - (ii.) Alumni interactions with students and faculty to bridge the gap between campus and corporate.

W:Weakness:

- 1. IPR competencies are inadequate.
- 2. Relatively less number of memberships in professional bodies.
- 3. Limited collaborative activities.
- 4. Less number of inter-disciplinary courses and projects.
- 5. Less number of industry supported laboratories/courses.
- 6. Inadequate number of funded projects.
- 7. Less scope for co-curricular and cultural activities.

O:Opportunities:

- 1. Establishment of Distant Learning Center (DLC) using existing resources.
- 2. Participation in collaborative projects/ research work with allied institutions.
- 3. Fostering alumni participation in academics and placement activities.
- 4. Establishment of Skilling Centers for students.
- 5. Faculty exchange programs with academia and industry.
- 6. Organizing conferences.
- 7. Facilitating incubation centers for alumni.
- 8. Scope for academic extension programmes
- 9. Training on computer usage/ programming languages for general public.
- 10. Enhancing consultancy activities.

C:Challenges:

- 1. To incorporate experiential teaching learning process.
- 2. Adapting curriculum to future industry needs.
- 3. Fostering collaboration to enhance research, innovation and entrepreneurship activities.
- 4. Attracting diversified students.
- 5. Strategies to strengthen the placement activities for higher packages and core companies.
- 6. Secure additional research grants and consultancy opportunities.
- 7. Enhance quality publications and file patents.

Programme Outcomes

- a) **Engineering knowledge:** Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
- b) **Problem analysis:** Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
- c) Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.
- d) Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
- e) **Modern tool usage:** Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.
- f) **The engineer and society:** Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
- g) **Environment and sustainability:** Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
- h) **Ethics:** Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
- i) **Individual and team work:** Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
- j) Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.

- k) **Project management and finance:** Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
- l) **Life-long learning:** Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)

- **1.** Analyze and design systems for electronics, communication, and signal processing applications.
- **2.** Use domain specific tools for design, analysis, synthesis, and validation of VLSI and embeddedsystems
- **3.** Demonstrate the conceptual knowledge with respect to architecture, design analysis and simulation of computer networking and applications

Programme Educational Objectives (PEOs)

PEO1: Our graduates will be able to lead a successful career by solving complex Engineering Problems of society/industry

PEO2: Enable graduates to excel in academia, industry, entrepreneurship and engage in research and lifelong learning

PEO3: Graduates will be able to work effectively as individuals in multidisciplinary environments with high integrity, ethics, human values and societal responsibilities

PEO4: Graduates will be able to exhibit strong leadership, communication, and teamwork skills to succeed in dynamic professional environments and contribute to the global challenges

Basaveshwar Engineering College,Bagalkote B.E. in Electronics and Communication Engineering Scheme and Syllabus 2023-24 Batch

Proposed Curriculum Framework for BEC (Based on revised Guidelines from VTU (For the Students admitted from 2022-2023 and 2023-2024)

S.N.	Category	VTU	AICTE	BEC
1.	HSMC: HSS (2 English, 1 Kannada, 1 UHV, 1 Constitution, 1 EV), 3 HRM (Offered by Dept) = 9 AEC (1 Scientific foundations of Health, 1 Innovation and design Thinking, 2 SS, 3 MOOCS, 3 Dept. specific) = 10	16	15	19
2.	BSC: Basic Science Courses (Physics, Chemistry and Mathematics)	22	23	22
3.	ESC/ETC: Engineering Science Courses (Basic Elect/Electronics/Computer/Mechanics/Workshop/Drawing etc.)	24	17	18
4.	PCC: Professional Core Courses	59	61	56
5.	PEC: Professional Elective Courses relevant to the branch with at least one course either fully or partially supported by industry	12	12	12
6.	OEC : Open Electives Courses/ Subjects from other technical/Arts/Commerce (3 MOOCS + 6)	09	12	09
7.	Mini (2) and Major projects (12)/Industrial Internships (10)	20	20	24
8.	Mandatory Course: PE, Yoga, NSS, Bridge course Maths 1 and 2 (lateral Entry)	00	00	00
	Total	160		160

Break-up of Credits for B.E (Common to all Branches) For the Students admitted from 2022-2023 and 2023-2024, as per NEP

Sem.	BSC	ESC/ETC	HSSM	AEC	PCC	PEC	OEC	Proj.	Int.	Total
1.	08	09	02	1						20
2.	08	09	02	1						20
3.	03			3 (Dep.)	14					20
4.	03		01		16					20
5.			01	2 (SS)	09	03	03	02		20
6.					14	03	03			20
7.			03		03	06		12		24
8.				3 (MOOCS)			3 (MOOCS)		10	16
Tot.	22	18	09	10	56	12	09	14	10	160

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Basaveshwar Engineering College, Bagalkote B.E. in Electronics and Communication Engineering Scheme of Teaching and Examinations

AY:	2023	-24
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						III SEMESTER									
							,	Teaching Hou	ırs /Week			Exan	nination		
Sl. No	Course	Course Code		Course Title		Teaching Department (TD)and Question Paper Setting Board (PSB)	T Theory	Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	SDA	Duration inhours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
1	PCC	22UMA312C	AV Mathe	ematics-III for EC Engi	ineering	MATHEMATICS	3	0	0	0	03	50	50	100	3
2	IPCC	22UEC311C	Digital Sys	stem Design using Veri	ilog	ECE DEPT.	3	0	2	0	03	50	50	100	4
3	IPCC	22UEC312C	Electronic	Principles and Circuits	3	ECE DEPT.	3	0	2	0	03	50	50	100	4
4	PCC	22UEC313C	Network A	Analysis		ECE DEPT.	3	0	0	0	03	50	50	100	3
5	PCCL	22UEC314L	Analog an	d Digital Systems Desi	gn Lab	ECE DEPT.	0	0	2	0	03	50	50	100	1
6	ESC	22UEC315X	ESC/ETC/	PLC PLC		ECE DEPT.	3	0	0	0	03	50	50	100	3
7	UHV	22UHS317L	Social Co	onnect and Responsib	oility	HSS DEPT.	0	0	2	0	01	100		100	1
	AEC/	22UEC316X					If	the course is			01				
8	SEC			hancement Course/Ski nentCourse-III	11	ECE DEPT.	1	0	0	0	01	50	50	100	1
			Elillancen	ienicourse-m			0	a course is a	1aboratory	0	02				
		22UHS001M	Yoga			YOGA TEACHER									
9	MC	22UHS002M	National	Service Scheme (NS	S)	NSS COORDINATOR	0	0	2			25			0
	WIC	22UHS003M	Physical I Athletics)	Education (PE) (Spor	ts and	PHYSICAL EDUCATION DIRECTOR	U		2	0		23		25	U
		22UHS004M	Music			MUSIC TEACHER									
						Total	15/16	0	12		22	475	350	825	20
Sl. No	o. Ability	y Enhancement (AEC)	Course	Subject Code	Eng	gineering Science Co (ESC)	urse	Subject	Code	Skill	Enhance (SI		Course	Subject	Code
1. C++ Basics 22UEC316A Electronic					22UEC			AB Progra			22UEC3				
2.				r Organization and Architec	ture	22UEC		LABV	IEW progr	amming		22UEC3	16D		
				nd Instrumentation		22UEC									
4.					Applied N	Numerical Methods for EC	Engineers	22UEC	315D						
PCC	PCC: Professional Core Course PCCI: Professional Core Course laboratory LIHV: Universal Human Value Course MC: Mandatory Course(Non-credit) AFC: Ability														

PCC: Professional Core Course, PCCL: Professional Core Course laboratory, UHV: Universal Human Value Course, MC: Mandatory Course(Non-credit), AEC: Ability Enhancement Course, SEC: Skill Enhancement Course, L:Lecture, T:Tutorial, P:Practical S=SDA: Skill Development Activity, CIE: Continuous Internal Evaluation, SXX:

Basaveshwar Engineering College, Bagalkote B.E. in Electronics and Communication Engineering Scheme of Teaching and Examinations

AY: 2023-24

	IV SEMESTER Teaching Hours/Week Examination												
					Tea	ching Ho	urs /Week			Exa	mination		
SI. No	Cours	e andCourse Code	Course Title	Teaching Department (TD)and Question Paper Setting Board (PSB)	Theory Lecture			Duration inhours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Fotal Marks	Credits	
					L	T	P	S					C
1	PCC	22UEC410C	Electromagnetic Theory	ECE DEPT.	3	0	0	0	03	50	50	100	3
2	IPCC	22UEC411C	Principles of Communication Systems	ECE DEPT.	3	0	2	0	03	50	50	100	4
3	IPCC	22UEC412C	Control Systems	ECE DEPT.	3	0	2	0	03	50	50	100	4
4	PCCL	22UEC413C	Communication Lab	ECE DEPT.	0	0	2	0	03	50	50	100	1
5	ESC	22UEC4XXC	ESC/ETC/PLC	ECE DEPT.	3	0	0	0	03	50	50	100	3
		ANTEGANIZA			If the co	urse is Th	neory		01				
6	AEC/	22UEC4XXC	Ability Enhancement Course/Skill Enhancement Course- IV	ECE DEPT.	1	0	0	0	01	50	50	100	1
	SEC				If the o	course is a	a lab		02				
					0	0	2	0	02				
7	BSC	22UBT407C	Biology For Engineers	ECE DEPT.	3	0	0	0	03	50	50	100	3
8	UHV	22UHS424C	Universal human values course	ECE DEPT.	1	0	0	0	01	50	50	100	1
9		22UHS001M	Yoga	YOGA TEACHER									
	MC	22UHS002M	National Service Scheme (NSS)	NSS COORDINATOR									
	1112	22UHS003M	Physical Education (PE) (Sports and Athletics)	PHYSICAL EDUCATION DIRECTOR	0	0	2	0		25		25	0
		22UHS004M	Music	MUSIC TEACHER									
				Total	16/17	0	10		24	500	400	900	20

PCC: Professional Core Course, PCCL: Professional Core Course laboratory, UHV: Universal Human Value Course, MC: Mandatory Course(Non-credit), AEC: Ability Enhancement Course, SEC: Skill Enhancement Course, L:Lecture, T:Tutorial, P:Practical S=SDA: Skill Development Activity, CIE: Continuous Internal Evaluation, SXX:

Sl. No.	Ability Enhancement Course	Subject Code	Engineering Science Course	Subject Code	Skill Enhancement Course	Subject Code
	AEC		ESC		(SEC)	
1.	Octave Programming	22UEC415A	Data Structures using C	22UEC414A	Data Structures Lab using C	22UEC415C
2.	Programmable Logic Controllers	22UEC415B	Microcontrollers	22UEC414B	Microcontroller Lab	22UEC415D
3.			Industrial Electronics	22UEC414C		
4.			Operating Systems	22UEC414D		
5.			Signals and Systems	22UEC414E		

						V SEMESTER									
						i b			ching rs/Week			Exan	nination		
Sl. No	Course and	l Course Code	Со	urse Title	Teaching	Department (TD) and Question Paper Setting Board (PSB)	Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/D rawing	SDA	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
							L	T	P	S					
1.	PCC	22UEC520C	Digital Signal Pro	ocessing		ECE DEPT.	3	0	0	0	03	50	50	100	3
2.	PCC	22UEC521C	Computer Netwo	rks		ECE DEPT	3	0	0	0	03	50	50	100	3
3.	PCC	22UEC522C	Python Programm	ning		ECE DEPT	2	0	0	0	03	50	50	100	1
4.	PEC	22UECXXXE	Professional Elect	ive Course		ECE DEPT.	3	0	0	0	03	50	50	100	3
5.	OEC	22UECXXXN	Open Elective Co	ourse		ECE DEPT.	3	0	0	0	03	50	50	100	3
6.	AEC	22UHS522C	Qualitative Aptitu	ide and Soft Skills		PT DEPT.	2	0	0	0	03	50	50	100	2
7.	HSSM	22UBTXXXC	Environmental St	tudies		BT DEPT.	1	0	0	0	03	50	50	100	1
8.	PCCL	22UEC523L	Computer Netwo	orks Laboratory		ECE DEPT.	0	0	2	0	03	50	50	100	1
9.	PCCL	22UEC524L	Digital Signal Pro	ocessing Laboratory		ECE DEPT	0	0	2	0	03	50	50	100	1
10.	Proj	22UEC525P	Mini Project			ECE DEPT	0	0	4	0	03	50	50	100	2
11.		22UHS001M	Yoga			YOGATEACHER									
	MC	22UHS002M	National Service Sch	heme(NSS)		NSSCOORDINATOR	0	0	2			25		25	0
		22UHS003M	Physical Education	(PE) (Sports and Athletics)	PF	HYSICAL EDUCATION DIRECTOR									
			Total				17	00	10	00	30	525	500	1025	20
	Professional Elective Course					Op	en Elect	tive Cou	irse						
1.		ogramming		C526E	1.	Sensor Technology									
2.			2.	Wireless Networks and Architecture	Mobile										
3.	MEMS			C528E	3.										
4.	Speech	Processing	22UE	C529E	4.										

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			VI SEM	ESTER									
Sl. No	Course and	Course Code	Course Title	D) Paper PSB)		Tea Hou	ching ırs/Wee	k	Exan	ninatio	n		
				Teaching Department (TD) and Question Paper Setting Board(PSB)	Theory	Tutorial	Practical/Dr awing	SDA	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
1.	PCC	22UEC620C	Digital Communication	ECE DEPT	3	0	0	0	03	50	50	100	3
2.	PCC	22UEC621C	CMOS Digital VLSI Design	ECE DEPT	3	0	0	0	03	50	50	100	3
3.	PCC	22UEC622C	Microwave and Antenna Theory	ECE DEPT	3	0	0	0	03	50	50	100	3
4.	PCC	22UEC623C	ARM Microcontroller	ECE DEPT.	2	0	0	0	03	50	50	100	2
5.	PEC	22UECXXXE	Professional Elective Course	ECE DEPT	3	0	0	0	03	50	50	100	3
6.	OEC	22UECXXXN	Open Elective Course	ECE DEPT.	3	0	0	0	03	50	50	100	3
7.	AEC	22UEC624C	Indian Knowledge System	ECE DEPT	1	0	0	0	01	50	50	100	1
8.	PCCL	22UEC625L	CMOS Digital VLSI Laboratory	ECE DEPT	0	0	2	0	03	50	50	100	1
9.	PCCL	22UEC626L	ARM Microcontroller Laboratory	ECE DEPT	0	0	2	0	03	50	50	100	1
10.		22UHS001M	Yoga	YOGATEACHER									
	MC	22UHS002M	National Service Scheme(NSS)	NSSCOORDINATOR	0	0	2			25		25	0
		22UHS003M	Physical Education(PE) (Sports and Athletics)	PHYSICALEDUCATION DIRECTOR									
			Total		18	0	6	0	25	475	450	925	20

Sl. No.	Professional Elective Course (PEC)	Subject Code	Open Elective Course (OE)	Subject Code
1.	Multimedia Communication	22UEC627E	Nanotechnology	22UEC631N
2.	Robotics and Automation	22UEC628E	Aircraft Electronics and Systems	22UEC632N
3.	Advanced Python Programming	22UEC629E	Fuzzy Logic	22UEC633N
5.	Embedded System Design using Embedded C	22UEEC630E		

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				VII S	EMESTER ((Swappable VI	I and VI	II SE	MEST	ER)					
						i i		Teachi	ng Hours	Week		Exam	ination		
	Sl. No	Course ai Code	nd Course	Course Title		Teaching Department (TD) and Question Paper Setting Board (PSB)	Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	SDA	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
							L	T	P	S					
]		TIBBIVI	22UEC710C	Research Methodology and l	IPR	ECE DEPT	2	0	0	0	03	50	50	100	2
2	2	PCC	22UEC711C	Information Theory and Codir	ng	ECE DEPT	3	0	0	0	03	50	50	100	3
3	3	PCCL	22UEC712L	Advanced Communication La	boratory	ECE DEPT	0	0	2	0	03	50	50	100	1
_	ļ	PEC	22UECXXX	Professional Elective Course	- I	ECE DEPT	3	0	0	0	03	50	50	100	3
5	5	PEC	22UECXXX	Professional Elective Course	–II	ECE DEPT	3	0	0	0	03	50	50	100	3
ć	5	PROJ	22UEC713P	Major Project		ECE DEPT	0	0	24	0	03	100	100	200	12
							11	0	26	0	18	350	350	700	24
	Sl. No).	Profession	al Elective Course (PEC) - I	Subject	Code	Pro	ofession	nal Electi	ve Cour	se (PEC)	- II		Subject C	ode
	1	Auto	motive Electr	onics	22UEC714E		Fiber Opt	ics and	Network	S			22UEC7	18E	

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Wireless and Mobile Architecture

Operating Systems

Deep Learning

22UEC715E

22UEC716E

22UEC717E

Cyber Security

Satellite Communication

Sensors and Actuators

3.

4.

22UEC719E

22UEC720E

22UEC721E

	VIII SEMESTER (Swappable VII and VIII SEMESTER) Teaching Examination														
					(D)			Teachi Hours/	U		Examina	tion			
	Sl. No	Course a	nd Course Code	Course Title	Teaching Department(Tand Question Paner Setting	Board (PSB)	Theory Lecture	- Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	SDA	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	redits
_		. = ~						1	-		0.0	7.0		100	<u> </u>
1		AEC		Ability Enhancement Course (Online Courses) MOOCS			3	0	0	0	03	50	50	100	3
2		OEC		Open Elective (Online Courses) MOOCS			3	0	0	0	03	50	50	100	3
3		INT		Internship (Industry/Research) (14- 20weeks)			0	0	20	0	03	100	100	200	10
				Total			6	0	20	0	09	200	200	400	16
				Profess	sional Electi	ve Cours	se								
			BOS Recomm	ended Course				BOS	Recomm	ended Co	ourse				
	BOS Recommended Course							BOS	Recomm	ended Co	ourse				
				n Elective (Courses										
	BOS Recommended Course							BOS	Recomm	ended Co	ourse				
		BOS Recommended Course BOS Recommended Course													
	DCC: Dr	faccional	Coro Courgo De	CCL : Professional Care Course Laboratory III	IV. Univers	1 Uuma	n Walua	Course	MC. M	on dotom	Course	Mon orac	HA AEC	A bility	

PCC: Professional Core Course, PCCL: Professional Core Course Laboratory, UHV: Universal Human Value Course, MC: Mandatory Course (Non-credit), AEC: Ability Enhancement Course, L: Lecture, T: Tutorial, P: Practical, CIE: Continuous Internal Evaluation, SEE: Semester End Examination, AC: Audit Course, OEC: Open Elective Course,

SDA: Self Study

III Semester Syllabus

AV Mathematics-I	II for EC Engineering	Semester	3
Course Code	22UMA312C	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory	,	

Course objectives:

- 1. Learn to use the Fourier series to represent periodical physical phenomena in engineering analysis and to enable the student to express non-periodic functions to periodic functions using the Fourier series and Fourier transforms.
- 2. Analyze signals in terms of Fourier transforms
- 3. Develop the knowledge of solving differential equations and their applications in Electronics & Communication engineering.
- 4. To find the association between attributes and the correlation between two variables

Teaching-Learning Process Pedagogy (General Instructions):

These are sample Strategies; teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methodsmay be adopted so that the delivered lessons shall develop students' theoretical and applied Mathematical skills.
- 2. State the need for Mathematics with Engineering Studies and Provide real-life examples.
- 3. Support and guide the students for self–study.
- 4. You will assign homework, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students' progress.
- 5. Encourage the students to group learning to improve their creative and analytical skills.
- 6. Show short related video lectures in the following ways:
 - i. As an introduction to new topics (pre-lecture activity).
 - ii. As a revision of topics (post-lecture activity).
 - iii. As additional examples (post-lecture activity).
 - iv. As an additional material of challenging topics (pre-and post-lecture activity).
 - v. As a model solution of some exercises (post-lecture activity).

Module-1: Fourier series and practical harmonic analysis

Periodic functions, Dirichlet's condition. Fourier series expansion of functions with period 2π and with arbitrary period: periodic rectangular wave, Half-wave rectifier, rectangular pulse, Saw tooth wave. Half-range Fourier series. Triangle and half range expansions, Practical harmonic analysis, variation of periodic current. (8 hours)

Module-2: Infinite Fourier Transforms

Infinite Fourier transforms, Fourier cosine and sine transforms, Inverse Fourier transforms, Inverse Fourier cosine and sine transforms, discrete Fourier transform (DFT), Fast Fourier transform (FFT).

(8 hours)

Module-3: Z Transforms

Definition, Z-transforms of basic sequences and standard functions. Properties: Linearity, scaling, first and second shifting, multiplication by n. Initial and final value theorem. Inverse Z- transforms. Application to difference equations. (8 hours)

Module-4:

Ordinary Differential Equations of Higher Order

Higher-order linear ODEs with constant coefficients - Inverse differential operator, problems. Linear differential equations with variable Coefficients-Cauchy's and Legendre's differential equations—Problems. Application of linear differential equations to L-C circuit and L-C-R circuit. (8 hours)

Module-5:

Curve fitting, Correlation, and Regressions

Principles of least squares, Curve fitting by the method of least squares in the form y = a + bx, $y = a + bx + cx^2$, and $y = ax^b$. Correlation, Coefficient of correlation, Lines of regression, Angle between regressions lines, standard error of estimate, rank correlation. (8 hours)

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate the Fourier series to study the behavior of periodic functions and their applications in system communications, digital signal processing, and field theory.
- 2. To use Fourier transforms to analyze problems involving continuous-time signals
- 3. To apply Z-Transform techniques to solve difference equations
- 4. Understand that physical systems can be described by differential equations and solve such equations
- 5. Make use of correlation and regression analysis to fit a suitable mathematical model for statistical data

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels ofBloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (duration 03 hours).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module(with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books (Name of the author/Title of the Book/Name of the publisher/Edition and Year)Text Books:

- 1. **B. S. Grewal**: "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna Publishers, 44thEd., 2021.
- 2. E. Kreyszig: "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley & Sons, 10thEd., 2018.

Reference Books:

- 1. V. Ramana: "Higher Engineering Mathematics" McGraw-Hill Education, 11thEd., 2017
- 2. **Srimanta Pal & Subodh C.Bhunia**: "Engineering Mathematics" Oxford University Press, 3rdEd., 2016.
- 3. **N.P Bali and Manish Goyal**: "A Textbook of Engineering Mathematics" Laxmi Publications, 10thEd., 2022.
- 4. **C. Ray Wylie, Louis C. Barrett:** "Advanced Engineering Mathematics" McGraw-HillBook Co., New York, 6thEd., 2017.
- 5. **Gupta C.B, Sing S.R and Mukesh Kumar:** "Engineering Mathematic for Semester I andII", McGraw Hill Education(India) Pvt. Ltd 2015.
- 6. **H.K. Dass and Er. Rajnish Verma:** "Higher Engineering Mathematics" S. Chand Publication, 3rdEd., 2014.
- 7. **James Stewart:** "Calculus" Cengage Publications, 7thEd., 2019.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111
- http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs)
- http://academicearth.org/
- VTU e-Shikshana Program
- VTU EDUSAT Program.

Activity-Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/Practical-Based Learning

- Quizzes
- Assignments
- Seminar

Digital System Do	Semester	3				
Course Code	22UEC311C	CIE Marks	50			
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2	SEE Marks	50			
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab slots	Total Marks	100			
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03			
Examination nature (SEE)	Theory/Practical					

Course objectives:

This course will enable students to:

- 1. To impart the concepts of simplifying Boolean expression using K-map techniques and Quine- McCluskey minimization techniques.
- 2. To impart the concepts of designing and analyzing combinational logic circuits.
- 3. To impart design methods and analysis of sequential logic circuits.
- 4. To impart the concepts of Verilog HDL-data flow and behavioral models for the design of digital systems.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecture method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
- 2. Show Video/animation films to explain the different concepts of Linear Algebra & Signal Processing.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world-and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.
- 9. Adopt Flipped class technique by sharing the materials/Sample Videos prior to the class and have discussions on the topic in the succeeding classes.
- 10. Give Programming Assignments.

MODULE-1

Principles of Combinational Logic: Definition of combinational logic, Canonical forms, Generation of switching equations from truth tables, Karnaugh maps up to 4 variables, Quine-McCluskey Minimization Technique. Quine-McCluskey using Don't Care Terms. (Section 3.1 to 3.5 of Text1).

MODULE-2

Logic Design with MSI Components and Programmable Logic Devices: Binary Adders and Subtractors, Comparators, Decoders, Encoders, Multiplexers, Programmable Logic Devices (PLDs) (Section 5.1 to 5.7 of Text 2)

MODULE-3

Flip-Flops and its Applications: The Master-Slave Flip-flops (Pulse-Triggered flip-flops): SR flip- flops, JK flip flops, Characteristic equations, Registers, Binary Ripple Counters, Synchronous Binary Counters, Counters based on Shift Registers, Design of Synchronous mod-n Counter using clocked T, J K, D and SR flip-flops. (Section 6.4, 6.6 to 6.9 (Excluding 6.9.3) of Text 2), State diagrams.

MODULE-4

Introduction to Verilog: Structure of Verilog module, Operators, Data Types, Styles o Description. (Section 1.1 to 1.6.2, 1.6.4 (only Verilog), 2 of Text 3)

Verilog Data flow description: Highlights of Data flow description, Structure of Data flow description. (Section 2.1 to 2.2 (only Verilog) of Text 3)

MODULE-5

Verilog Behavioral description: Structure, Variable Assignment Statement, Sequential Statements, Loop Statements, Verilog Behavioral Description of Multiplexers (2:1, 4:1, 8:1). (Section 3.1 to 3.4 (only Verilog) of Text 3)

Verilog Structural description: Highlights of Structural description, Organization of structural description, Structural description of ripple carry adder. (Section 4.1 to 4.2 of Text3)

PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC (Experiments can be conducted either using any circuit simulation software or discrete components)

Sl. No.	Experiments
1	To simplify the given Boolean expressions and realize using Verilog program
2	To realize Adder/Subtract or (Full/half) circuits using Verilog data flow description.
3	To realize 4-bit ALU using Verilog program.
4	To realize the following Code converters using Verilog Behavioral description a) Gray to binary and vice versa b) Binary to excess3 and vice versa
5	To realize using Verilog Behavioral description: 8:1 mux, 8:3 encoder, and Priority encoder
6	To realize using Verilog Behavioral description: 1:8 De-mux, 3:8 decoder, 2–bit Comparator
7	To realize using Verilog Behavioral description: Flip-flops: a) JK type b) SR type c) T type and d) D-type
8	To realize Counters-up/down (BCD and binary) using Verilog Behavioral description.
9	Write Verilog code for the given sequential circuit problem statement or state diagram.
	cration Experiments (For CIE only–not to be included for SEE) A/CPLD kits for down loading Verilog codes and check the output for inter facing ints.
10	Verilog Program to interface a Stepper motor to the FPGA/CPL D and rotate the motor in the specified direction (by N steps).

11	Verilog programs to interface Switches and LEDs to the FPGA/CPLD and
	demonstrate its working.

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1) Simplify Boolean functions using K-map and the Quine-McCluskey minimization technique.
- 2) Analyze and design combinational logic circuits.
- 3) Analyze the concepts of flip-flops (SR, D, T, and JK) and design synchronous sequential circuits using flip-flops.
- Model combinational circuits (adders, subtractors, multiplexers) and sequential circuits using Verilog descriptions.

Assessment Details (Both CIE and SEE):

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50%, and the weightage for the Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 out of 50), and for the SEE, the minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50). A student is declared to have passed the course if he/she secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the combined total of the CIE and SEE. The **IPCC** refers to the practical portion integrated with the theory of the course. CIE marks for the theory component are 25 marks, and the practical component is also 25 marks.

CIE for the Theory Component of the IPCC:

- 1. The 25 marks for the theory component are split into 15 marks for two Internal Assessment Tests (each test is 15 marks with duration of 1 hour) and 10 marks for other assessment methods mentioned in 22OB4.2. The first test is conducted after 40-50% of the syllabus is covered, and the second test after 85-90% of the syllabus is covered.
- 2. The scaled-down marks from the sum of the two tests and other assessment methods will be the CIE marks for the theory component of the IPCC (out of 25 marks).
- 3. The student must secure 40% of the 25 marks to qualify in the CIE for the theory component of the IPCC.

CIE for the Practical Component of the IPCC:

- 1. 15 marks are allocated for the conduction of experiments and the preparation of the laboratory record, and 10 marks are allocated for a test to be conducted after the completion of all laboratory sessions.
- 2. Upon completing each experiment/program in the laboratory, students will be evaluated, including a viva-voce, and marks will be awarded on the same day.
- 3. The CIE marks for the practical component will be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. The total marks for all experiment write-ups will be added and scaled down to 15 marks.
- 4. A laboratory test (duration of 2-3 hours) will be conducted after the completion of all experiments, with a maximum score of 50 marks, scaled down to 10 marks.
- 5. The scaled-down marks from the write-up evaluations and the test will be added to form the CIE marks for the laboratory component of the IPCC, out of 25 marks.
- **6.** The student must secure 40% of the 25 marks to qualify in the CIE for the practical component of the IPCC.

SEE for IPCC:

The Theory SEE will be conducted by the university as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (duration: 3 hours).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions, each worth 20 marks.
- 2. There will be two questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of three sub-questions) will cover a mix of topics from that module.
- 3. Students must answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. The marks scored by the student will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

The theory portion of the IPCC will be assessed through both CIE and SEE, while the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions in the SEE paper may include content from the practical component.

- 1. The minimum marks required in CIE to be eligible for SEE are 10 (40% of the maximum marks—25) in the theory component and 10 (40% of the maximum marks—25) in the practical component. The laboratory component of the IPCC is assessed through CIE only, but SEE may include questions from the practical component. A maximum of 4-5 sub-questions from the practical component of the IPCC can be set, with a total weightage of no more than 20 marks.
- 2. SEE will be conducted for 100 marks, and students must secure 35% of the maximum marks to qualify for SEE. Marks scored in SEE will be scaled down to 50.
- **3.** A student is declared to have passed the course if he/she secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the combined total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination).

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books:

- 1. Digital Logic Applications and Design by John M. Yarbrough, Thomson Learning, 2001.
- 2. Digital Principles and Design by Donald D. Givone, McGraw Hill, 2002.
- 3. HDL Programming: VHDL and Verilog by Nazeih M. Botros, 2009 reprint, Dreamtech Press.

Reference Books:

- 1. Fundamentals of Logic Design by Charles H. Roth Jr., Cengage Learning.
- 2. Logic Design by Sudhakar Samuel, Pearson/Sanguine, 2007.
- 3. Fundamentals of HDL by Cyril P. R., Pearson/Sanguine, 2010.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

www.chipverify.com

Activity-Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class) / Practical-Based Learning:

Programming assignments and mini-projects can be assigned to improve programming skills.

Course Articulation Matrix:

Course Outcomes						PO	Os						F	PSOs)
	A	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	0
CO1: Simplify Boolean functions using K-map and the Quine-McCluskey minimization technique.	2	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
CO2: Analyze and design combinational logic circuits.	2	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
CO3: Analyze the concepts of flip-flops (SR, D, T, and JK) and design synchronous sequential circuits using flip-flops.	2	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
CO4: Model combinational circuits (adders, subtractors, multiplexers) and sequential circuits using Verilog descriptions.	2	2	1	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0

Electronic Pr	Semester	3	
Course Code	22UEC312C	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab slots	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	
Examination nature (SEE)	Theory/Practical/Viva-Voce /Term-work	/Others	

Course objectives:

This course will enable students to

- 1. Design and analyze the BJT circuits as an amplifier and voltage regulation.
- 2. Design of MOSFET Amplifiers and analyze the basic amplifier configurations using small signal equivalent circuit models
- 3. Design of operational amplifiers circuits as Comparators, DAC and filters.
- 4. Understand the concept of positive and negative feedback.
- 5. Analyze Power amplifier circuits in different modes of operation.
- 6. Construct Feedback and Oscillator circuits using FET.
- 7. Understand the thyristor operation and the different types of thyristors.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies; which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecture method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
- 2. Show Video/animation films to explain evolution of communication technologies.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group) Learning in the class
- 4. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 7. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

MODULE

Transistor Biasing: Voltage Divider Bias, VDB Analysis, VDB Load line and Q point, Two supply Emitter Bias, Other types of Bias.

BJT AC models: Base Biased Amplifier, Emitter Biased Amplifier, Small Signal Operation, AC Beta, AC Resistance of the emitter diode, two transistor models, Analyzing an amplifier, H parameters, Relations between R and H parameters.

Voltage Amplifiers: Voltage gain, Loading effect of Input Impedance.

CC Amplifiers: CC Amplifier, Output Impedance.

[Text1]

MODULE

-2

MOSFET

Biasing in MOS amplifier circuits: Fixing VGS, Fixing VG, Drain to Gate feedback resistor. Small signal operation and modelling: The DC bias point, signal current in drain, voltage gain, small signal equivalent circuit models, trans conductance, The T equivalent circuit model. MOSFET Amplifier configuration: Basic configurations, characterizing amplifiers, CS amplifier with and without source resistance, The Common Gate Amplifier, Source follower. [Text 2]

MODULE-3

Linear Op-amp Circuits: Summing Amplifier and D/A Converter, Nonlinear Op-amp Circuits: Comparator with zero reference, Comparator with non-zero references. Comparator with Hysteresis.

Oscillator: Theory of Sinusoidal Oscillation, The Wein-Bridge Oscillator, RC Phase Shift Oscillator, The Colpitts Oscillator, Hartley Oscillator, Crystal Oscillator.

The 555 timer: Monostable Operation, Astable Operation. [Text1]

MODULE-4

Negative Feedback: Four Types of Negative Feedback, VCVS Voltage gain, Other VCVS Equations, ICVSAmplifier, VCIS Amplifier, ICIS Amplifier (No Mathematical Derivation).

Active Filters: Ideal Responses, First Order Stages, VCVS Unity Gain Second Order Low Pass Filters, VCVS Equal Component Low Pass Filters, VCVS High Pass Filters, MFB Band Pass Filters, Band stop Filters. [Text1]

MODULE-5

Power Amplifiers: Amplifier terms, two load lines, Class A Operation, Class B operation, Class B push pull emitter follower, Class C Operation.

Thyristors: The four-layer Diode, SCR, SCR Phase control, Bidirectional Thyristors, IGBTs, Other Thyristors.[Text1]

PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC (Experiments can be conducted either using any circuit simulationsoftware or discrete components)

Sl.NO	Experiments
1	Design and Test
	Bridge Rectifier with Capacitor Input Filter
	Zener voltage regulator
2	Design and Test
	Biased Clippers – a)Positive, b) Negative , c) Positive-NegativePositive and Negative Clampers with and without Reference.
3	Plot the transfer and drain characteristics of a JFET and calculate its drain resistance, mutual conductanceand amplification factor.
4	Plot the transfer and drain characteristics of n-channel MOSFET and calculate its parameters, namely; drain resistance, mutual conductance and amplification factor.
5	Design and test Emitter Follower
6	Design and plot the frequency response of Common Source JFET/MOSFET amplifier
7	Test the Op-amp Comparator with zero and non-zero reference and obtain the Hysteresis curve.
8	Design and test Full wave Controlled rectifier using RC triggering circuit.
9	Design and test Precision Half wave and full wave rectifiers using Op-amp
10	Design and test RC phase shift oscillator
I _	

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Understand the characteristics of BJTs and FETs for switching and amplifier circuits.
- 2. Design and analyze amplifiers and oscillators with different circuit configurations and biasing conditions.
- 3. Understand the feedback topologies and approximations in the design of amplifiers and oscillators.
- 4. Design of circuits using linear ICs for wide range applications such as ADC, DAC, filters and timers.
- 5. Understand the power electronic device components and its functions for basic power electronic circuits.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). The student is declared as a pass in the course if he/she secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

The IPCC means the practical portion integrated with the theory of the course. CIE marks for the theory componentare **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25 marks**.

CIE for the theory component of the IPCC

25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other assessment methods mentioned in 22OB4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.

- Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks**).
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

CIE for the practical component of the IPCC

- 15 marks for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and 10 marks for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva- voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous
 evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks.
 Marks of all experiments' write- ups are added and scaled down to 15 marks.
- The laboratory test (duration 02/03 hours) after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to 10 marks.
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC.

SEE for IPCC

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (duration 03 hours)

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.

- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored by the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will

have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.

- 1. The minimum marks to be secured in CIE to appear for SEE shall be 10 (40% of maximum marks-25) in the theory component and 10 (40% of maximum marks -25) in the practical component. The laboratory component of the IPCC shall be for CIE only. However, in SEE, the questions from the laboratory component shall be included. The maximum of 04/05 sub-questions are to be set from the practical component of IPCC, the total marks of all questions should not be more than 20 marks.
- 2. SEE will be conducted for 100 marks and students shall secure 35% of the maximum marks to qualify for the SEE. Marks secured will be scaled down to 50.
- 3. The student is declared as a pass in the course if he/she secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

1. Albert Malvino, David J Bates, Electronic Principles, 7th Edition, Mc Graw Hill Education, 2017, ISBN:978-0-07-063424-4.

Microelectronic Circuits, Theory and Applications, Adel S Sedra, Kenneth C Smith, 6thEdition, Oxford,2015.ISBN:978-0-19-808913-1

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Integrated Electronics: Analog and Digital Circuits and Systems, Jacob Millman, Christos C. Halkias, McGraw-Hill, 2015.
- 2. Electronic Devices and Circuit, Boylestad & Nashelsky, Eleventh Edition, Pearson, January 2015.

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Course Articulation Matrix:

Course Outcomes	POs			P	PSOs	š									
	A	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	0
CO1: Determine currents and voltages using source transformation / mesh/nodal analysis and reduce given network using star delta transformation.	3	2	1	2	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	3	0	0
CO2: Solve problems by applying Network Theorems and electrical laws to reduce circuit complexities and to arrive at feasible solutions	3	3	1	2	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	3	0	0
CO3: Analyze the circuit parameters during switching transients	3	3	1	2	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	3	0	0
CO4: Apply Laplace transform to solve the given network	3	2	1	2	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	3	0	0
CO5: Evaluate the frequency response for resonant circuits and the network parameters for two port networks	3	2	1	2	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1			
Course Contribution to POs	3.00	2.4	1	2	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	3	0	0

Network A		Semester	3
Course Code	22UEC313C	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory	·	

Module-1

Basic Concepts: Practical sources, Source transformations, Network reduction using Star - Delta transformation, Loop and node analysis with linearly dependent and independentsources for DC and AC networks.

Module-2

Network Theorems: Superposition, Millman's theorems, Thevenin's and Norton's theorems, Maximum Power transfer theorem.

Module-3

Transient behavior and initial conditions: Behavior of circuit elements under switching condition and their Representation, evaluation of initial and final conditions in RL, RC and RLC circuits for AC and DC excitations.

Module-4

Laplace Transformation & Applications: Solution of networks, step, ramp and impulse responses, waveform Synthesis.

Module-5

Two port network parameters: Definition of Z, Y, h and Transmission parameters, modeling with these parameters, relationship between parameters sets.

Resonance:

Series Resonance: Variation of Current and Voltage with Frequency, Selectivity and Bandwidth, Q-Factor, Circuit Magnification Factor, Selectivity with Variable Capacitance, Selectivity with Variable Inductance.

Parallel Resonance: Selectivity and Bandwidth, Maximum Impedance Conditions with C, L and f Variable, current in Anti-Resonant Circuit, The General Case-Resistance Present in both Branches.

Course outcomes

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Determine currents and voltages using source transformation / mesh/nodal analysis and reduce given network using star delta transformation.
- 2. Solve problems by applying Network Theorems and electrical laws to reduce circuit and to arrive at feasible solutions.
- 3. Analyze the circuit parameters during switching transients
- 4. Apply Laplace transform to solve the given network
- 5. Evaluate the frequency response for resonant circuits and the network parameters for two port networks

Suggested Learning Resources:Books

- 1. M. E. Van Valkenburg (2000), Network Analysis, Prentice Hall of India, 3rdedition, 2000, ISBN:9780136110958.
- 2. Roy Choudhury-Networks and Systems, 2nd edition, New Age International Publications, 2006,

ISBN: 9788122427677

Reference Books:

- 3. Hayt, Kemmerly and Durbin "Engineering Circuit Analysis", TMH7th Edition, 2010.
- 4. J. David Irwin/ R.Mark Nelms "Basic Engineering Circuit Analysis", John Wiley, 8th Ed, 2006.
- 5. Charles K Alexander and Mathew, N. O. Sadiku- "Fundamentals of Electric Circuits", Tata
- 6. McGraw-Hill, 3rd Ed, 2009.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108105159
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108102042
- https://psim.software.informer.com/11.1/
- https://www.ni.com/multisim

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- 1. Demonstrate the operation of the following circuits using suitable simulation software (Open source such as Psim, Pspice, Proteus, Simulink, eSim)
- Determination of current through each branch of a given network using mesh analysis
- Determination of current through each branch of a given network using nodal analysis
- Simplification of given network using source transformation and finding the current in load
- Verification of Superposition, Millman's, Thevenin's and, Maximum Power transfer theorems using practical based approach

Course Articulation Matrix:

Course Outcomes					POs								PSOs		
	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	0
CO1: Determine currents and voltages using source transformation / mesh/nodal analysis and reduce given network using star delta transformation.	3	2	1	2	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	3	0	0
CO2: Solve problems by applying Network Theorems and electrical laws to reduce circuit complexities and to arrive at feasible solutions	3	3	1	2	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	3	0	0
CO3: Analyze the circuit parameters during switching transients	3	3	1	2	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	3	0	0
CO4: Apply Laplace transform to solve the given network	3	2	1	2	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	3	0	0
CO5: Evaluate the frequency response for resonant circuits and the network parameters for two port networks	3	2	1	2	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1			
Course Contribution to Pos	3.00	2.4	1	2	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	3	0	0

Analog and Digital System	Semester	3	
Course Code	22UEC314L	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Credits	01	Exam Hours	100
Examination type (SEE)	Practical/Viva-Voc	e	

Course objectives:

This laboratory course enables students to

- 1. Understand the electronic circuit schematic and its working
- 2. Realize and test amplifier and oscillator circuits for the given specifications
- 3. Realize the op-amp circuits for the applications such as DAC, implement mathematical functions and precision rectifiers.
- 4. Study the static characteristics of SCR and test the RC triggering circuit.
- 5. Design and test the combinational and sequential logic circuits for their functionalities.
- 6. Use the suitable ICs based on the specifications and functions.

Sl.NO	Experiments (All the experiments has to be conducted using discrete components)
1	Design and set up the BJT common emitter voltage amplifier with and without feedback and
	determine thegain- bandwidth product, input and output impedances.
2	Design and set-up BJT/FET i) Colpitts Oscillator, ii) Crystal Oscillator
3	Design and set up the circuits using op-amp: i) Adder, ii) Integrator, iii) Differentiator and iv) Comparator
4	Design 4-bit R – 2R Op-Amp Digital to Analog Converter (i) for a 4-bit binary input using toggle switches
	(ii) by generating digital inputs using mod-16
5	Design and implement (a) Half Adder & Full Adder using basic gates and NAND gates, (b) Half subtractor &
	Full subtractor using NAND gates, (c) 4-variable function using IC74151(8:1MUX).
6	Realize (i) Binary to Gray code conversion & vice-versa (IC74139), (ii) BCD to Excess-3 code conversion and vice versa
7	a) Realize using NAND Gates: i) Master-Slave JK Flip-Flop, ii) D Flip-Flop and iii) T Flip-Flop b)
	Realize the shift registers using IC7474/7495: (i) SISO (ii) SIPO (iii) PISO (iv) PIPO (v) Ring
	counter and (vi) Johnson
_	counter.
8	Realize a) Design Mod – N Synchronous Up Counter & Down Counter using 7476 JK Flip-flop b) Mod-N
	Counter using IC7490 / 7476 c) Synchronous counter using IC74192

	Demonstration Experiments (For CIE)
9	Design and Test the second order Active Filters and plot the frequency response,
	i) Low pass and High pass Filter
	ii) Band pass and Band stop Filter
10	Design and test the following using 555 timer i) Monostable Multivibraator ii) Astable Multivibrator
11	Design and Test a Regulated Power supply
12	Design and test an audio amplifier by connecting a microphone input and observe the output using a loudspeaker.

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Design and analyze the BJT/FET amplifier and oscillator circuits.
- 2. Design and test Op-amp circuits to realize the mathematical computations, DAC and precision rectifiers.
- 3. Design and test the combinational logic circuits for the given specifications.
- 4. Test the sequential logic circuits for the given functionality.
- 5. Demonstrate the basic circuit experiments using 555 timer.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record writeup. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in thesyllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural

knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.

- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners
 jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners) Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be madezero. The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

Suggested Learning Resources:

- 1. David A Bell, "Fundamentals of Electronic Devices and Circuits Lab Manual", 5th Edition, 2009, OxfordUniversity Press.
- 2. Albert Malvino, David J Bates, Electronic Principles, 7th Edition, Mc Graw Hill Education, 2017.
- 3. Fundamentals of Logic Design, Charles H Roth Jr., Larry L Kinney, Cengage Learning, 7th Edition.

Electronic Devices		Semester	3
Course Code	22UEC315A	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory	7	

Course objectives: This course will enable students to:

- 1. Understand the basics of semiconductor physics and electronic devices.
- 2. Describe the mathematical models BJTs and FETs along with the constructional details.
- 3. Understand the construction and working principles of optoelectronic devices
- 4. Understand the fabrication process of semiconductor devices and CMOS process integration.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various courseoutcomes.

- 1. Lecture method(L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
- 2. Encourage collaborative(Group)Learning in the class.
- 3. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes criticalthinking.
- 4. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 5. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
- 6. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up withtheir own creative ways to solve them.
- 7. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real-world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.
- 8. Adopt Flipped class technique by sharing the materials/Sample Videos prior to the class and havediscussions on the topic in the succeeding classes.

Module-1

Semiconductors

Bonding forces in solids, Energy bands, Metals, Semiconductors and Insulators, Direct and Indirectsemiconductors, Electrons and Holes, Intrinsic and Extrinsic materials, Conductivity and Mobility, Drift andResistance, Effects of temperature and doping on mobility, Hall Effect. (Text1:3.1.1, 3.1.2, 3.1.3, 3.1.4, 3.2.1, 3.2.3, 3.2.4, 3.4.1, 3.4.2, 3.4.3, 3.4.5).

Module-2

PN Junctions: Forward and Reverse biased Junctions-Qualitative description of Current flow at a junction, reverse bias, Reverse bias breakdown- Zener breakdown, avalanche breakdown, Rectifiers. (Text1:5.3.1, 5.3.3, 5.4, 5.4.1, 5.4.2, 5.4.3) Optoelectronic Devices Photodiodes:

Current and Voltage in an Illuminated Junction, Solar Cells, Photodetectors. Light Emitting Diode: Light Emitting materials.

(Text1:8.1.1, 8.1.2, 8.1.3, 8.2, 8.2.1),

Module-3

Bipolar Junction Transistor

Fundamentals of BJT operation, Amplification with BJTS, BJT Fabrication, the coupled Diode model (Ebers-Moll Model), Switching operation of a transistor, Cutoff, saturation, switching cycle, specifications, Drift in the base region, Base narrowing, Avalanche breakdown.

(Text1:7.1, 7.2, 7.3, 7.5.1, 7.6, 7.7.1, 7.7.2, 7.7.3)

Module-4

Field Effect Transistors

Basic p-n JFET Operation, Equivalent Circuit and Frequency Limitations, MOSFET-Two terminal MO S-structure- Energy band diagram, Ideal Capacitance

-Voltage Characteristics and Frequency Effects, Basic MOSFET Operation MOSFET structure, Current-VoltageCharacteristics.

(Text2:9.1.1, 9.4, 9.6.1, 9.6.2, 9.7.1, 9.7.2, 9.8.1, 9.8.2).

Module-5

Fabrication of p-n junctions

Thermal Oxidation, Diffusion, Rapid Thermal Processing, Ion implantation, chemical vapour deposition, photolithography, Etching, metallization. (Text 1: 5.1)

Integrated Circuits

Background, Evolution of ICs, CMOS Process Integration, Integration of Other Circuit Elements. (Text 1:9.1, 9.2, 9.3.1, 9.3.3).

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Understand the principles of semiconductor Physics
- 2. Understand the principles and characteristics of different types of semiconductor devices
- 3. Understand the fabrication process of semiconductor devices
- 4. Utilize the mathematical models of semiconductor junctions for circuits and systems.
- 5. Identify the mathematical models of MOS transistors for circuits and systems.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). The student is declared as a pass in the course if he/she secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- 1. There are 25 marks for the CIE's Assignment component and 25 for the Internal Assessment Test component.
- 2. Each test shall be conducted for 25 marks. The first test will be administered after 40-50% of

- the coverage of the syllabus, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the coverage of the syllabus. The average of the two tests shall be scaled down to 25 marks
- 3. Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based thenonly one assignment for the course shall be planned. The schedule for assignments shall be planned properly by the course teacher. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at theend of the semester if two assignments are planned. Each assignment shall be conducted for 25 marks. (If two assignments are conducted then the sum of the two assignments shall be scaled down to 25 marks)
- 4. The final CIE marks of the course out of 50 will be the sum of the scale-down marks of tests andassignment/s marks.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomyas per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers forthe course (duration 03 hours).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:Books

- 1. Ben. G. Streetman, Sanjay Kumar Banerjee, "Solid State Electronic Devices",7thEdition, PearsonEducation, 2016, ISBN 978-93-325-5508-2.
- Donald A Neamen, Dhrubes Biswas, "Semiconductor Physics and Devices", 4thEdition, McGraw Hill Education, 2012, ISBN 978-0-07- 107010-2.

Reference Books:

- 3. S.M. Sze, KwokK.Ng, "PhysicsofSemiconductorDevices", 3rdEdition, Wiley, 2018.
- 4. AdirBar-Lev, "SemiconductorandElectronicDevices", 3rd Edition, PHI, 1993

Sensors and Instrumentation		Semester	3
Course Code	22UEC315C	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

Course objectives:

- 1. Understand various technologies associated in manufacturing of sensors
- 2. Acquire knowledge about types of sensors used in modern digital systems
- 3. Get acquainted about material properties required to make sensors
- 4. Understand types of instrument errors and circuits for multirange Ammeters and Voltmeters.
- 5. Describe principle of operation of digital measuring instruments and Bridges.
- 6. Understand the operations of transducers and instrumentation amplifiers.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies; which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various courseoutcomes.

- 1. Lecture method(L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type ofteaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
- 2. Encourage collaborative(Group)Learning in the class.
- 3. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotescritical thinking.
- 4. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recallit.
- 5. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
- 6. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come upwith their own creative ways to solve them.
- 7. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real-world and when that's possible, it helpsimprove the students' understanding.
- 8. Adopt Flipped class technique by sharing the materials/Sample Videos prior to the class and
- 9. have discussions on the topic in the succeeding classes.

Module-1

Introduction to sensor based measurement systems:

General concepts and terminology, sensor classification, Primary Sensors, material for sensors,

micro sensor technology. (Text 1)

Module-2

Self-generating Sensors-Thermoelectric sensors, piezoelectric sensors, pyroelectric sensors, photovoltaic sensors, electrochemical sensors. (Text 1)

Module-3

Principles of Measurement: Static Characteristics, Error in Measurement, Types of Static

Error. (Text2: 1.2-1.6)

Multirange Ammeters, Multirange voltmeter. (Text2:3.2,4.4)

Digital Voltmeter: Ramp Technique, Dual slope integrating Type DVM, Direct Compensation

typeand Successive Approximations type DVM (Text 2: 5.1-5.3, 5.5,5.6)

Module-4

Digital Multimeter: Digital Frequency Meter and Digital Measurement of Time, Function

Generator. Bridges: Measurement of resistance: Wheatstone's Bridge, AC Bridges -

Capacitance and Inductance Comparison bridge, Wien's bridge.

(Text2:refer 6.2,6.3 up to 6.3.2, 6.4 up to 6.4.2, 8.8, 11.2, 11.8 -11.10, 11.14).

Module-5

Transducers: Introduction, Electrical Transducer, Resistive Transducer, Resistive position

Transducer, Resistance Wire Strain Gauges, Resistance Thermometer, Thermistor, LVDT.

(Text2:13.1-13.3,13.5, 13.6 up to 13.6.1,13.7,13.8,13.11).

Instrumentation Amplifier using Transducer Bridge, Temperature indicators using

Thermometer, Analog Weight Scale (Text2:14.3.3, 14.4.1, 14.4.3).

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Understand the material properties required to make sensors
- 2. Understand the principle of transducers for measuring physical parameters.
- 3. Describe the manufacturing process of sensors
- 4. Analyze the instrument characteristics and errors.
- 5. Describe the principle of operation and develop circuits for multirange Ammeters, Voltmeters and Bridges to measure passive component values and frequency.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). The student is declared as a pass in the course if he/she secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- 1. There are 25 marks for the CIE's Assignment component and 25 for the Internal Assessment Test component.
- 2. Each test shall be conducted for 25 marks. The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the coverage of the syllabus, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the coverage of the syllabus. The average of the two tests shall be scaled down to 25 marks
- 3. Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The schedule for assignments shall be planned properly by the course teacher. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at

- the end of the semester if two assignments are planned. Each assignment shall be conducted for 25 marks. (If two assignments are conducted then the sum of the two assignments shall be scaled down to 25 marks)
- 4. The final CIE marks of the course out of 50 will be the sum of the scale-down marks of tests and assignment/s marks.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common questionpapers for the course (duration 03 hours).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with amaximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

- "Sensors and Signal Conditioning", Ramon Pallas Areny, JohnG. Webster,2nd edition, John Wiley and Sons,2000
- 2. H.S.Kalsi, "Electronic Instrumentation", Mc Graw Hill, 3rd Edition, 2012, ISBN: 9780070702066.

Reference Books

- David A. Bell, "Electronic Instrumentation & Measurements", Oxford University Press PHI 2nd Edition, 2006, ISBN 81-203-2360-2.
- 2. D. HelfrickandW.D. Cooper, "Modern Electronic Instrumentation and MeasuringTechniques", Pearson, 1stEdition, 2015, ISBN: 9789332556065.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Computer Organizatio	Semester	3				
Course Code	22UEC315B	CIE Marks	50			
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0	SEE Marks	50			
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100			
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3			
Examination type (SEE)	Theory					

Course objectives: This course will enable students to:

- 1. Explain the basic sub systems of a computer, their organization, structure and operation.
- 2. Illustrate the concept of programs as sequences of machine instructions.
- 3. Demonstrate different ways of communicating with I/O devices
- 4. Describe memory hierarchy and concept of virtual memory.
- 5. Illustrate organization of simple pipelined processor and other computing systems.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecture method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
- 2. Encourage collaborative (Group) Learning in the class.
- 3. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 4. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 5. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
- 6. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 7. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world-and when that's possible,it helps improve the students' understanding.
- 8. Adopt Flipped class technique by sharing the materials/Sample Videos prior to the class and have discussions on the topic in the succeeding classes.

Module-1

Basic Structure of Computers: Computer Types, Functional Units, Basic Operational Concepts, Bus Structures, Software, Performance -Processor Clock, Basic Performance Equation(upto1.6.2ofChap1ofText).

Machine Instructions and Programs: Numbers, Arithmetic Operations and Characters, IEEE standard for Floating Point Numbers, Memory Location and Addresses, Memory Operations, Instructions and Instruction Sequencing (up to 2.4.6 of Chap 2 and 6.7.1 of Chap 6 of Text).

Module-2

Addressing Modes, Assembly Language, Basic Input and Output Operations, Stacks andQueues, Subroutines, Additional Instructions (from 2.4.7 of Chap2, except 2.9.3, 2.11 & 2.12 of Text).

Module-3

Input/ Output Organization: Accessing I/O Devices, Interrupts -Interrupt Hardware, Enabling and Disabling Interrupts, Handling Multiple Devices, Controlling Device Requests, Direct Memory Access

(up to 4.2.4 and 4.4 except 4.4.1 of Chap 4 of Text).

Module-4

Memory System: Basic Concepts, Semiconductor RAM Memories-Internal organization of memory chips, Static memories, Asynchronous DRAMS, Read Only Memories, Cash Memories, Virtual Memories, Secondary Storage Magnetic Hard Disks (5.1, 5.2, 5.2.1, 5.2.2, 5.2.3, 5.3, 5.5 (except 5.5.1 to 5.5.4), 5.7 (except 5.7.1), 5.9, 5.9.1 of Chap 5 of Text).

Module-5

Basic Processing Unit: Some Fundamental Concepts, Execution of a Complete Instruction, Multiple Bus Organization, Hardwired Control, Microprogrammed Control (up to 7.5 except 7.5.1 to 7.5.6 of Chap 7 of Text).

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Explain the basic organization of a computer system.
- 2. Describe the addressing modes, instruction formats and program control statement.
- 3. Explain different ways of accessing an input/ output device including interrupts.
- 4. Illustrate the organization of different types of semiconductor and other secondary storage memories.
- 5. Illustrate simple processor organization based on hard wired control and micro-Programmed control.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). The student is declared as a pass in the course if he/she secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE(Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- 1. There are 25 marks for the CIE's Assignment component and 25 for the Internal Assessment Test component.
- 2. Each test shall be conducted for 25 marks. The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the coverage of the syllabus, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the coverage of the syllabus. The average of the two tests shall be scaled down to 25 marks

- 3. Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The schedule for assignments shall be planned properly by the course teacher. The teacher should not conduct two assignments atthe end of the semester if two assignments are planned. Each assignment shall be conducted for 25 marks. (If two assignments are conducted then the sum of the two assignments shall bescaled down to 25 marks)
- 4. The final CIE marks of the course out of 50 will be the sum of the scale-down marks of tests and assignment/s marks.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (duration 03 hours).

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (witha maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Book

1. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic, Safwat Zaky: Computer Organization, 5th Edition, Tata McGrawHill,2002.

Reference Books:

- 2. David A. Patterson, John L. Hennessy: Computer Organization and Design-The Hardware/Software Interface ARM Edition, 4th Edition, Elsevier, 2009.
- 3. William Stallings: Computer Organization & Architecture, 7th Edition, PHI, 2006.
- 4. Vincent P. Heuring & Harry F. Jordan: Computer Systems Design and Architecture, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2004.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Course Outcomes		Pos									PS	Os			
		b	c	d	E	f	g	h	i	J	k	l	m	n	0
CO1: Explain the basic organization of a computer system.	2	2	2	1	2	-	-	-	1	-	2	1	2	1	2
CO2: Describe the addressing modes, instruction formats and program control statement.	3	2	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	2
CO3: Explain different ways of accessing an input/output device including interrupts.	2	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	2	1	2	1	1
CO4: Illustrate the organization of different types of semiconductor and other secondarystorage memories	1	2	3	1	3	1	-	-	1	-	2	1	2	1	-
CO5: Illustrate simple processor organization based on hard wired control and micro-programmed control.	1	2	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	3	1	1
Course Contribution to POs	1.8	1.8	2	1	1.8	1					2	1	2	1	1.5

rippined i tumerical internous for LC Engineers		Semester	3
Course Code	22UEC315D	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

- 1. To provide the knowledge and importance of error analysis in engineering problems
- 2. To represent and solve an application problem using a system of linear equations
- 3. Analyze regression data to choose the most appropriate model for a situation.
- 4. Familiarize with the ways of solving complicated mathematical problems numerically
- 5. Prepare to solve mathematical models represented by initial or boundary value problems

Teaching-Learning Process Pedagogy (General Instructions):

These are sample Strategies, teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the delivered lessons shall develop students' theoretical and applied Mathematical skills.
- 2. State the need for Mathematics with Engineering Studies and Provide real-life examples.
- 3. Support and guide the students for self–study.
- 4. You will assign homework, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students' progress.
- 5. Encourage the students to group learning to improve their creative and analytical skills.
- 6. Show short related video lectures in the following ways:
 - i. As an introduction to new topics (pre-lecture activity).
 - ii. As a revision of topics (post-lecture activity).
 - iii. As additional examples (post-lecture activity).
 - iv. As an additional material of challenging topics (pre-and post-lecture activity).
 - v. As a model solution of some exercises (post-lecture activity).

Module-1: Errors in computations and Root of the equations

Approximations and Round Off -Errors in computation: Error definitions, Round-Off errors, Truncation errors and the Taylor series-The Taylor series, Error Propagation, Total numerical error, Absolute, Relative and percentage errors, Blunders, Formulation errors and data uncertainty. Roots of equations: Simple fixed point iteration methods. Secant Method, Muller's method, and Graeffe's Roots Squaring Method. Aitkin's Method. (8 hours)

Module-2: Solution of System of Linear Equations

Rank of the matrix, Echelon form, Linearly dependent and independent equations, Solutions for linear equations, Partition method, Croute's Triangularisation method. Relaxation method. Solution of non-linear simultaneous equations by Newton-Raphson method. Eigen Values and properties, Eigen Vectors, Bounds on Eigen Values, Jacobi's method, Given's method for symmetric matrices. (8 hours)

Module-3: Curve Fitting

Least-Squares Regression: Linear Regressions, Polynomial regressions, Multiple Linear regressions, General Linear Least squares, Nonlinear Regressions, QR Factorization. Curve Fitting with Sinusoidal Functions

Introduction to Splines, Linear Splines, Quadratic Splines, Cubic Splines. Bilinear Interpolation. (8 hours)

Module-4:

Numerical integration, Difference equations and Boundary Value Problems

Romberg's method, Euler-Maclaurin formula, Gaussian integration for n = 2 and n=3. Numerical double integration by trapezoidal and Simpson's 1/3 rd rule. Solution of linear difference equations.

Boundary-Value Problems, Introduction. The Shooting Method, Finite-Difference Methods. (8 hours)

Module-5:

Numerical solution of partial differential equations

Classifications of second-order partial differential equations, Finite difference approximations to partial derivatives. Solution of: Laplace equation, Poisson equations, one-dimensional heat equation and wave equations. (8 hours)

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Explain and measure errors in numerical computations
- 2. Test for consistency and solve a system of linear equations.
- 3. Construct a function which closely fits given n-n-points of an unknown function.
- 4. Understand and apply the basic concepts related to solving problems by numerical differentiation and numerical integration.
- 5. Use appropriate numerical methods to study phenomena modelled as partial differential equations.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20marks out of 50) and for the SEE, the minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). The student is declared as a pass in the course if he/she secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- 1. There are 25 marks for the CIE's Assignment component and 25 for the Internal Assessment Test component.
- 2. Each test shall be conducted for 25 marks. The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the coverage of the syllabus, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the coverage of the syllabus. The average of the two tests shall be scaled down to 25 marks

- 3. Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The schedule for assignments shall be planned properly by the course teacher. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned. Each assignment shall be conducted for 25 marks. (If two assignments are conducted then the sum of the two assignments shall be scaled down to 25 marks)
- 4. The final CIE marks of the course out of 50 will be the sum of the scale-down marks of tests and assignment/s marks.

The Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (duration 03 hours).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books (Name of the author/Title of the Book/Name of the publisher/Edition and Year)Text Books:

- 1. **Steven C. Chapra & Raymond P. Canale:** "Numerical Methods for Engineers and Scientists", McGraw Hill, 8th Edition, 2020.
- 2. **Steven C. Chapra**: "Applied Numerical Methods with MATLAB for Engineers and Scientists", McGraw Hill, Fifth Edition, 2023.
- 3. **B. S. Grewal**: "Numerical Methods in Engineering & Science with programs in C, C++and MATLAB", Khanna Publishers, 10^hEd., 2015.

Reference Books:

1. **John H. Mathews & Kurtis D. Frank**: "Numerical Methods Using MATLAB", PHI Publications, 4th Edition, 2005.

Won Young Yang, Wenwu Cao, Tae Sang Chung, John Morris: "Applied Numerical Methods Using MATLAB", WILEY Inter science, Latest Edition, 2005.

Activity-Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/Practical-Based Learning

- Quizzes
- Assignments
- Seminar

Lab VIEW	Lab VIEW Programming			
Course Code	22UEC316D	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2	SEE Marks	50	
Credits	01	Total	100	
		Exam Hours	2	
Examination type (SEE)	Practical			

- 1. Aware of various front panel controls and indicators.
- 2. Connect and manipulate nodes and wires in the block diagram.
- 3. Locate various tool bars and pull-down menus for the purpose of implementing specific functions.
- 4. Locate and utilize the context help window.
- 5. Familiar with LabVIEW and different applications using it.

	Tainmar with Lab vie w and different applications using it.
Sl.	VI Programs(using LabVIEW software)to realize the following:
NO	
1	Basic arithmetic operations: addition, subtraction, multiplication and division
2	Boolean operations: AND, OR, XOR, NOT and NAND
3	Sum of 'n' numbers using 'for' loop
4	Factorial of a given number using 'for' loop
5	Determine square of a given number
6	Factorial of a given number using 'while' loop
7	Sorting even numbers using 'while' loop in an array
8	Finding the array maximum and array minimum
	Demonstration Experiments (For CIE)
9	Build a Virtual Instrument that simulates a heating and cooling system. The system must be able to be controlled manually or automatically.
10	Build a Virtual Instrument that simulates a Basic Calculator (using formula node).
11	Build a Virtual Instrument that simulates a Water Level Detector.
12	DemonstratehowtocreateabasicVIwhichcalculatestheareaandperimeterofacircle.

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Use LabVIEW to create data acquisition, analysis and display operations
- 2. Create user interfaces with charts, graph and buttons
- 3. Use the programming structures and data types that exist in LabVIEW
- 4. Use various editing and debugging techniques.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record writeup. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in thesyllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between

the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.

- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners. General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to

be madezero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

Suggested Learning Resources:

1. Virtual Instrumentation using LABVIEW, Jovitha Jerome, PHI,2011 Virtual Instrumentation using LABVIEW, Sanjay Gupta, Joseph John, TMH, McGraw-Hill, Second Edition, 2011.

MATLAB	Semester	3	
Course Code	22UEC316C	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	1:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	14	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	1
Examination type (SEE)	Theo	ry	

- Understand the MATLAB commands and functions.
- Create and Execute the script and function files
- Work with built in function, saving and loading data and create plots.
- Work with the arrays, matrices, symbolic computations, files and directories.
- Learn MATLAB programming with script, functions and language specific features.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recallit.
- 2. Give programming assignments.

Module-1

Introduction: Basics of MATLAB, Simple arithmetic calculations, Creating and working with arrays and numbers.

Module-2

Creating and printing simple plots, Creating, saving and executing a script file, Creating and executing a function file, Working with arrays and matrices.

Module-3

Working with anonymous functions, Symbolic Computations, Importing and exporting data, Working with files and directories.

Module-4

Interactive computations: Matrices and vectors, Matrix and array operations, Character strings, Command line functions, Built-in functions, Saving and loading data, Plotting simple plots.

Module-5

Programming in MATLAB: Script Files, Function Files, Language specific Features.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Understand the syntax of MATLAB for arithmetic computations, arrays, matrices.
- 2. Understand the built in function, saving and loading data, and create plots
- 3. Create program using symbolic computations, Importing and exporting data and files
- 4. Create program using character strings, Command line functions and Built-in functions.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). The student is declared as a pass in the course if he/she secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous internal Examination (CIE)

- 1. For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal AssessmentTest component, there are 25 marks.
- 2. The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the secondtest will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- 3. Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based thenonly one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- 4. For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomyas per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examinations (SEE)

SEE paper shall be set for 50 questions, each of the 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ (multiple choice questions). The time allotted for SEE is **01 hour.** The student has to secure a minimum of 35% of the maximum marks meant for SEE.

OR

MCQ (Multiple Choice Questions) are preferred for 01 credit courses, however, if course content demands the general question paper pattern that followed for 03 credit course, then

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 10 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module may or may nothave the sub-questions (with maximum sub-questions of 02, with marks distributions 5+5, 4+6, 3+7).
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. The duration of the examinations shall be defined by the concerned board of studies

Suggested Learning Resources: Book

1. Rudra Pratap, Getting Started with MATLAB – A quick Introduction for scientists and Engineers, Oxford University Press, 2010.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

C++ Basi	Semester	4				
Course Code	22UEC316A	CIE Marks	50			
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50			
Total Hours of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100			
Credits	1	Exam Hours	02			
Examination nature (SEE)	Practical					

- Understand object-oriented programming concepts, and apply them in solving problems.
- To create, debug and run simple C++ programs.
- Introduce the concepts of functions, friend functions, inheritance, polymorphism and function overloading. Introduce the concepts of exception handling and multithreading.

	ce the concepts of exception handling and multithreading.
Sl. No	Experiments
1	Write a C++ program to find largest, smallest & second largest of three numbers using inline
	functions MAX & Min.
2	Write a C++ program to calculate the volume of different geometric shapes like cube, cylinder
	and sphere using function overloading concept.
3	Define a STUDENT class with USN, Name & Marks in 3 tests of a subject. Declare an array of
	10
	STUDENT objects. Using appropriate functions, find the average of the two better marks for each
	student. Print the USN, Name & the average marks of all the students.
4	Write a C++ program to create class called MATRIX using two-dimensional array of integers, by
	overloading the operator == which checks the compatibility of two matrices to be added and
	subtracted. Perform the addition and subtraction by overloading + and - operators respectively.
	Display the results by overloading the operator \ll . If $(m1 == m2)$ then $m3 = m1 +$
	m2 and $m4 = m1 - m2$ else display error
5	Demonstrate simple inheritance concept by creating a base class FATHER with data members:
	First Name, Surname, DOB & bank Balance and creating a derived class SON, which inherits:
	Surname & Bank Balance feature from base class but provides its own feature: First Name &
	DOB. Create & initialize F1 & S1 objects with appropriate constructors & display the FATHER
	& SON
	details.
6	Write a C++ program to define class name FATHER & SON that holds the income respectively.
	Calculate & display total income of a family using Friend function.
7	Write a C++ program to accept the student detail such as name & 3 different marks by get_data ()
	method & display the name & average of marks using display () method. Define a friend function
	for calculating the average marks using the method mark_avg ().
8	Write a C++ program to explain virtual function (Polymorphism) by creating a base class polygon
	which has virtual function areas two classes rectangle & triangle derived from polygon & they
	have area to calculate & return the area of rectangle & triangle respectively.

9	Design, develop and execute a program in C++ based on the following requirements: An
	EMPLOYEE class containing data members & members functions: i) Data members: employee
	number (an integer), Employee_ Name (a string of characters), Basic_ Salary (in integer), All_
	Allowances (an integer), Net_Salary (an integer). (ii) Member functions: To read the data of an
	employee, to calculate Net_Salary & to print the values of all the data members. (All_Allowances =
	123% of Basic, Income Tax (IT) = 30% of gross salary (=basic_Salary_All_Allowances_IT).
10	Write a C++ program with different class related through multiple inheritance & demonstrate the
	use of different access specified by means of members variables & members functions.
11	Write a C++ program to create three objects for a class named count object with data members
	such as roll no & Name. Create a members function set data () for setting the data values &
	display () member function to display which object has invoked it using "this" pointer.
12	Write a C++ program to implement exception handling with minimum 5 exceptions classes
	including two built in exceptions.

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Write C++ program to solve simple and complex problems
- 2. Apply and implement major object-oriented concepts like message passing, function overloading, operator overloading and inheritance to solve real-world problems.
- 3. Use major C++ features such as Templates for data type independent designs and File I/O to dealwith large data set.
- 4. Analyze, design and develop solutions to real-world problems applying OOP concepts of C++

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/journal and test are in the ratio 60:40.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed bythe faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-upwill be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.

SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University

All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.

(Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.

Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.

Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners. General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% Marks allotted to the procedure part to be madezero.

The duration of SEE is 03 hours Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Suggested Learning Resources:

- 1. Object oriented programming in TURBO C++, Robert Lafore, Galgotia Publications, 2002
- 2. The Complete Reference C++, Herbert Schildt, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2003.
- 3. Object Oriented Programming with C++, E Balaguruswamy, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2006.

IoT for Smar	Semester	3	
Course Code	22UEC316B	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	14	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	1
Examination type (SEE)	Theory/Practical		

To provide an understanding of the concepts, principles, and applications of IoT in the context of smart infrastructure.

To explore the role of IoT technologies in transforming infrastructure into smart, efficient, and sustainable systems and analyze the challenges, opportunities, and considerations in implementingIoT for smart infrastructure.

To examine real-world case studies and successful implementations of IoT in smart cities, buildings, transportation, and energy management and explore future trends and emerging technologies shaping the field of IoT for smart infrastructure.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- **Interactive Lectures:** Conduct interactive lectures to present the theoretical concepts and foundational knowledge of IoT for smart infrastructure.
- Case Studies and Group Discussions: Utilize case studies to analyze real-world implementations of IoT in smart infrastructure projects. Divide students into groups and assign them specific cases to discuss and analyze.
- Hands-on Workshops and Simulations: Organize hands-on workshops or simulations where students can interact with IoT devices and technologies relevant to smart infrastructure.
- Guest Lectures and Industry Experts: Invite guest speakers or industry experts who have hands-on experience in implementing IoT in smart infrastructure projects. They can share their insights, challenges, and success stories, providing students with a real-world perspective
- **Project-Based Learning:** Assign students to work on individual or group projects related to IoT for smart infrastructure. Provide a project brief with specific objectives and deliverables. Students can apply their knowledge and skills to design, develop, or analyze IoT solutions for smart infrastructure challenges.

Module-1

Introduction to IoT and Smart Infrastructure

Introduction to IoT: Definition of IoT and its basic components, Overview of IoT applications in various industries, Importance of IoT in transforming infrastructure.

Smart Infrastructure Overview: Introduction to smart infrastructure and its key components, Benefits and challenges of implementing smart infrastructure, Case studies showcasing successful smart infrastructure projects.

IoT Technologies for Smart Infrastructure: Sensors and actuators: Types, functionalities, and applications; Communication protocols: Wi-Fi, Bluetooth, cellular networks, and their use in IoT;

Cloud computing and data analytics in IoT for infrastructure; Edge computing: Real-time decision-making at the edge. Security and Privacy in IoT for Smart Infrastructure: Security challenges and threats in IoT, Privacy considerations and data protection in smart infrastructure, best practices and solutions for ensuring IoT security and privacy.

Module-2

IoT Applications in Smart Cities

Introduction to Smart Cities - Definition and key features of smart cities, Role of IoT in transforming cities into smart cities, Benefits and challenges of smart city implementations. IoT Applications in Smart City Infrastructure - Smart transportation: Intelligent traffic management and transportation systems, Smart buildings: Energy management and occupant comfort; Smart grids: Optimizing energy distribution and consumption; Waste management, water management, and environmental monitoring. Case Studies of Smart City Implementations: Showcase of successful smart city projects around the world; Analysis of the IoT technologies and strategies implemented; Lessons learned from these case studies. Future Trends in Smart Cities: Emerging technologies shaping the future of smart cities, Role of IoT, AI, and 5G in advancing smart city infrastructure, Opportunities and challenges for future smart city developments.

Module-3

IoT Applications in Smart Buildings

Introduction to Smart Buildings: Definition and key features of smart buildings, Benefits of IoTin improving energy efficiency and occupant comfort, Challenges and considerations in implementing smart building technologies. IoT Technologies for Smart Buildings: Building automation systems and controls; Energy management and monitoring using IoT devices; Indoor environmental quality monitoring and optimization; Smart lighting and HVAC systems. Case Studies of Smart Building Implementations: Showcase of successful smart building projects; Analysis of IoT technologies and solutions deployed; Lessons learned from these case studies. Future Trends in Smart Buildings: Emerging technologies for smart buildings; Integration of IoT with AI and machine learning; Potential impact of 5G on smart building applications.

Module-4

IoT Applications in Smart Transportation

Introduction to Smart Transportation: Definition and key features of smart transportation; Role of IoT in intelligent traffic management and transportation systems; Challenges and opportunities in implementing smart transportation solutions. IoT Technologies for Smart Transportation: Traffic sensors and monitoring systems; Intelligent transportation systems (ITS); Vehicle-to-vehicle (V2V) and vehicle-to-infrastructure (V2I) communication; Real-time data analysis and predictive analytics.

Case Studies of Smart Transportation Implementations: Showcase of successful smart transportation projects; Analysis of IoT technologies and solutions deployed; Lessons learned from these case studies.

Future Trends in Smart Transportation: Emerging technologies shaping the future of smart transportation; Role of IoT, AI, and autonomous vehicles; Potential impact of 5G on smart transportation applications.

Module-5

IoT for Smart Grids and Energy Management

Introduction to Smart Grids: Definition and key features of smart grids: Role of IoT in optimizing energy distribution and consumption; Benefits and challenges of smart grid implementations. IoT Technologies for Smart Grids: Smart meters and energy monitoring devices; Demand response and load management; Grid optimization and fault detection using IoT; Renewable energy integration and grid stability. Case Studies of Smart Grid Implementations: Showcase of successful smart grid projects, Analysis of IoT technologies and solutions deployed, Lessons learned from these case studies. Future Trends in Smart Grids and Energy Management: Emerging technologies for smart grids;Integration of IoT, AI, and block chain in energy management; Potential impact of 5G on smartgrid applications.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Define and explain the core concepts and components of IoT and its relevance to smart infrastructure. Identify and evaluate the key technologies and communication protocols used in IoT for smart infrastructure.
- Assess the benefits, challenges, and ethical considerations associated with implementing IoT in smart infrastructure projects and analyze & compare different IoT applications in smart cities, buildings, transportation, and energy management.
- Examine real-world case studies of successful IoT implementations in smart infrastructure and extract lessons learned. Demonstrate an understanding of security and privacy considerations in IoT for smart infrastructure.
- Discuss the impact of emerging technologies, such as artificial intelligence and 5G, on the future of IoT in smart infrastructure. Apply knowledge and critical thinking skills to propose IoT-based solutions for smart infrastructure challenges.
- Work effectively in teams to analyze, design, and present IoT projects related to smart

infrastructure and communicate effectively and articulate the potential benefits and limitations of IoT for smart infrastructure.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous internal Examination (CIE)

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examinations (SEE)

SEE paper shall be set for 50 questions, each of the 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ (multiple choice questions). The time allotted for SEE is **01 hour.** The student has to secure a minimum of 35% of the maximum marks meant for SEE.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources): makes.mindmatrix.io

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- 1. Sensor Deployment and Data Collection: Organize a hands-on activity where participants work in groups to deploy sensors in a simulated smart infrastructure environment.
- 2. Smart City Simulation Game: Develop a simulation game where participants take on different roles representing stakeholders in a smart city.
- 3. IoT Solution Design Challenge: Assign participants to design an IoT-based solution for a specific smart infrastructure problem. They can work individually or in teams to identify the problem, propose an IoT solution, outline the required components and technologies, and create a prototype or presentation.
- 4. Security and Privacy Risk Assessment: Conduct a group activity where participants analyse the security and privacy risks associated with IoT deployments in smart infrastructure.

Field Visit to Smart Infrastructure Project: Organize a field visit to a smart infrastructure project, such as a smart building, smart city district, or IoT-enabled transportation system.

SOCIAL CONNECT & RESPONSIBILITIES								
Course Code	21SCR36	CIE Marks	50					
Teaching Hours week (L:T:P:S)	1: 0: 0	SEE Marks	50					
Total Hours of Pedagogy	15	15 Total Marks						
Credits	01	Exam Hours	03					
Department	Management Studie	es / Engineering Departme	ent					
Offered for	3 rd Semester							
Prerequisite	Nil							

Objectives: The Course will

- Enable the student to do a deep drive into societal challenges being addressed by NGO(s), social enterprises & The government and build solutions to alleviate these complex social problems through immersion, design & technology.
- Provide a formal platform for students to communicate and connect with their surroundings.
- Enable to create of a responsible connection with society.

Learning Outcomes: The students are expected to have the ability to:

- 1. Understand social responsibility
- 2. Practice sustainability and creativity
- 3. Showcase planning and organizational skills

Contents:

The course is mainly activity-based that will offer a set of activities for the student that enables them to connect with fellow human beings, nature, society, and the world at large. The course will engage studentsinr interactive sessions, open mic, reading groups, storytelling sessions, and semester-long activities conducted by faculty mentors. In the following a set of activities planned for the course have been listed:

Module-I

Plantation and adoption of a tree: Plantation of a tree that will be adopted for four years by a group of B.Tech. students. They will also make an excerpt either as a documentary or a photoblog describing the plant's origin, its usage in daily life, and its appearance in folklore and literature.

Module-II

Heritage walk and crafts corner: Heritage tour, knowing the history and culture of the city, connecting to people around through their history, knowing the city and its craftsman, photoblog and documentary on evolution and practice of various craft forms.

Module-III

Organic farming and waste management: usefulness of organic farming, wet waste managementin neighboring villages, and implementation in the campus.

Module-IV

Water Conservation: knowing the present practices in the surrounding villages and

implementation in the campus, documentary or photo blog presenting the current practices.

Module-V

Food Walk City's culinary practices, food lore, and indigenous materials of the region used in cooking.

Activities

Jamming session, open mic, and poetry: Platform to connect to others. Share the stories with others. **Share the experience of Social Connect**. Exhibit the talent like playing instruments, singing, one-act play, art-painting, and fine art.

PEDAGOGY

The pedagogy will include interactive lectures, inspiring guest talks, field visits, social immersion, and a course project. Applying and synthesizing information from these sources to define the social problem to address and take up the solution as the course project, with your group. Social immersion with NGOs/social sections will be a key part of the course. Will all lead to the course project that will address the needs of the social sector?

COURSE TOPICS:

The course will introduce social context and various players in the social space, and present approaches to discovering and understanding social needs. Social immersion and inspiring conversional will culminate in developing an actual, idea for problem-based intervention, based on an in-depth understanding of a key social problem.

A total of 14-20 hrs engagement per semester is required for the 3rd semester of the B.E. /B.Tech. program. The students will be divided into 10 groups of 35 each. Each group will be handled by two **faculty mentors**. Faculty mentors will design the activities (particularly Jammingsessions open mic ,and poetry)

Faculty mentors has to design the evaluation system.

Course Outcomes		Pos									PSOs				
		b	c	d	e	f	g	Н	i	J	k	l	m	n	0
CO1: Understand social responsibility	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	3	3	-	3	-	-	-
CO2: Understand Indian culture and history	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	3	-	3	-	-	-
CO3: Understand smart agriculture	-	-	-	1	-	3	3	-	2	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO4: Practice sustainability and creativity	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO5: Showcase planning and organizational skills	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	2	3	-	3	-	-	-
Course Contribution to POs	-	-	-	1	-	2.3	2	1.5	2	3	2.5	3	-	-	-

Guideline for Assessment Process:

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

After completion of, the social connect, the student shall prepare, with daily **diary** as reference, a comprehensive report in consultation with the mentor/s to indicate what he has observed and learned in the social connect period. The report should be signed by the mentor. The report shall be evaluated on the basis of the following criteria and/or other relevant criteria pertaining to the activity completed.

Marks allotted for the diary are out of 50.

Planning and scheduling the social connect

Information/Data collected during the social connect

Analysis of the information/data and report writing

Considering all above points allotting the marks as mentioned below-

Semester End Examination (SEE)

This Jamming session will be conducted at the end of the course for **50 marks**

Jamming session includes -Platform to connect to others. Share the stories with others. **Share the experience of Social Connect**. Exhibit the talent like playing instruments, singing, one-act play, art painting, and fine art.

Faculty mentor has to design the evaluation system for the Jamming session.

Excellent	80 to 100
Good	60 to 79
Satisfactory	40 to 59
Unsatisfactoryand fail	<39

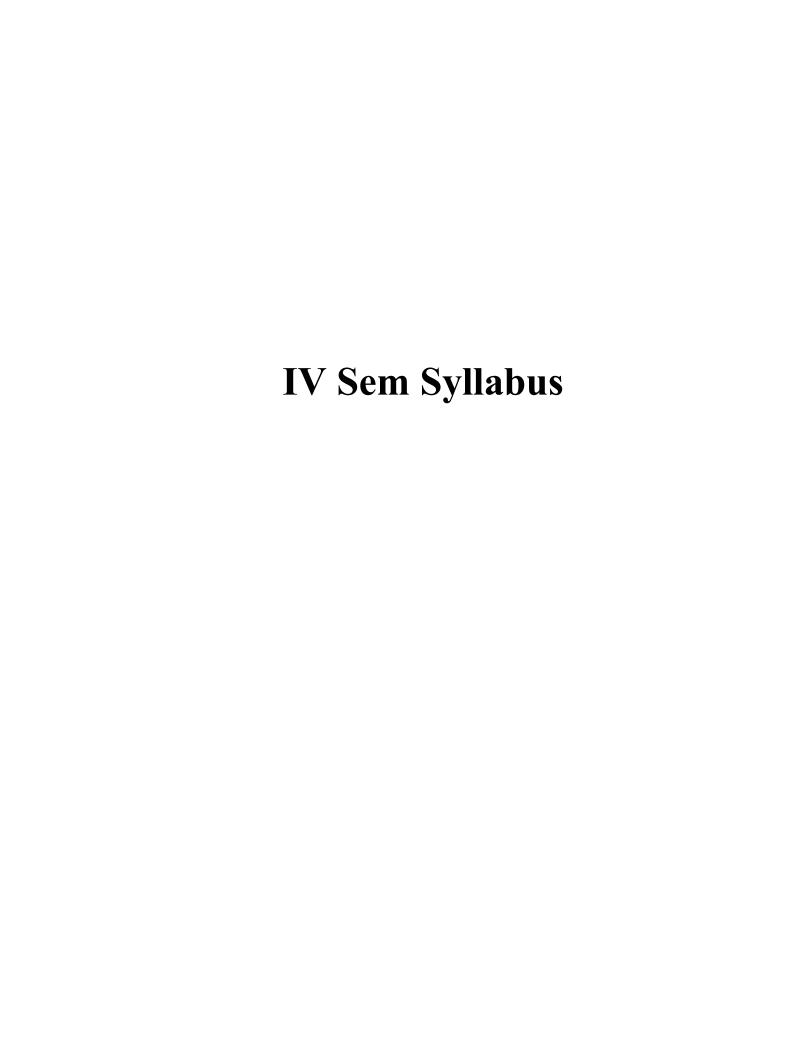
Pedagogy (Guidelines) may differ depending on local resources available for the study

Module	Topic	Content	Group Size	Location	Magnitude	Activity	Reporting	Evaluation
I	Plantation and adoption of a tree	Plantation of a tree that will be adopted for four years by a group of B.Tech. students. They will also make an excerpt either as a documentary or a photoblog describing the plant's origin, its usage in daily life, and its appearance in folklore and literature.	03 – 05	Farmers Land or Road side or Community area or institution's campus, any one location to be selected.	One Students must monitor itfor three years	Site selection Select suitable species in consultation with horticulture, forest or agriculture department. Interact with NGO/Industry and community to plant Tag the plant for continuous monitoring	Report shall be hand writtenn or blog with paintings, sketches, poster, video and/or photograph with Geo	Each module is evaluated for 50 Marks and average of all the five modules will be the final marks. CIE Rubrics for 50 M Planning and
11	Heritage walk and crafts corner	Heritage tour, knowing the history and culture of the city, connecting to people around through their history, knowing the city and its craftsman, photoblog and documentary on evolution and practice of various craft forms.	03 - 05	Preferably Within the city where institution is located or home town of the student group	One or two One can be a structure or a heritage building theother can be heritage custom or practise	Survey in the form of questioner by connecting to the people and asking. No standard questioner to be given by faculty and has to be evolved involving students. Questions during survey can be asked in local language but report language is English.	tag.	scheduling the social connect – 15 M Information/Da ta collected during the social connect – 15 M Analysis of the information/dat a and report writing – 20 M
III	Waste management	Wet waste management in neighbouring villages, and implementation in the campus.	03 - 05 More than one group can be	Preferably in the nearby villages and within the campus.	One	Report on importance and benefits of Waste management. Report on segregation, collection, transportation and disposal.		SEE 50 M: Presentation, Jamming session, Open mic, Group

			assigne d one task based on magnitude of task.			Suggestion for composting. Visit nearby village/location to sensitize farmers and public about waste management and also document current practises.	discussion and debate.
III	Organic farming	Usefulness of organic farming in neighbouring villages, and implementationin the campus.	03 – 05	Visit to farming lands where organic farming is going on Campus Garden Roof top Garden or Vertical Garden or hydroponics if land is scarce.	One	Collect data on organic farming in the vicinity.Like types of crop, methodology etc.,. Suggestion for implementation at selected locations	
IV	Water Conservati on	Knowing the present practices in the surroundingvillages and implementationin the campus, documentaryor photo blog presenting thecurrent practices.	03 – 05	Rain water harvesting demonstration available in the campus or surroundings	One	Visit lakes/pond/river/dry well to involve on rejuvenation activity. Or Assessment of Water budget in the campus/village	

						Report on traditional water conservation practices (to minimize wastage)	
V	Food Walk	City's culinary practices, food lore, and indigenous materials of the region used in cooking.	03 - 05	Within the city where institution is located Food culture of student's resident region	One	Survey local food centres and identify the speciality Identify and study the food ingredients Report on the regional foods Report on Medicinals values of the local food grains, and plants.	

^{**}Important recommendations requested; Special Appreciation from institution and university for students who take care of plants for three years.



ELECTROMA	Semester	IV				
Course Code	CIE Marks	50				
	22UEC410C					
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0	SEE Marks	50			
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100			
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03			
Examination type (SEE)	THEORY					

This course will enable students to:

- 1. Study the different coordinate systems, Physical significance of Divergence, Curl and Gradient.
- 2. Understand the applications of Coulomb's law and Gauss law to different charge distributions and the applications of Laplace's and Poisson's Equations to solve real time problems on capacitance of different charge distributions.
- 3. Understand the physical significance of Biot-Savart's, Ampere's Law and Stokes' theorem for different current distributions.
- 4. Infer the effects of magnetic forces, materials and inductance.
- 5. Know the physical interpretation of Maxwell's equations and applications for Plane waves for their behavior in different media.
- 6. Acquire knowledge of Poynting theorem and its application of power flow

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecture method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different types of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
- 2. Encourage collaborative (Group) Learning in the class.
- 3. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher Order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 4. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, and develops thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 5. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
- 6. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with creative ways to solve them.
- 7. Discus show every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the student's understanding.
- 8. Adopt the Flipped class technique by sharing the materials/Sample Videos before the class andhaving discussions on the topic in the succeeding classes.

Module-1

Revision of Vector Calculus – (Text 1: Chapter 1)

Coulomb's Law, Electric Field Intensity and Flux density: Experimental law of Coulomb, Electric field intensity, Field due to continuous volume charge distribution, Field of a line charge, Field due to Sheet of charge, Electric flux density, Numerical Problems.

(Text: Chapter 2.1 to 2.5, 3.1)

Module-2

Gauss's Law and Divergence: Gauss 'law, Application of Gauss' law to Point Charge, line charge, Surface charge and Volume Charge, Point (differential) form of Gauss law, Divergence. Maxwell's First Equation (Electrostatics), Vector Operator ▼ and divergence theorem, Numerical Problems (Text: Chapter 3.2 to 3.7). Energy expended or work done in moving a point charge in an Electric field, The line integral ((Text: Chapter 4.1 and 4.2) Current and Current density, Continuity of current. (Text: Chapter 5.1, 5.2)

Module-3

Poisson's and Laplace's Equations: Derivation of Poisson's and Laplace's Equations, Examples of the solution of Laplace's equation, Numerical problems on Laplace's equation

(Text: Chapters 7.1 and 7.3)

Steady Magnetic Field: Biot-Savart Law, Ampere's circuital law, Curl, Stokes' theorem, Magnetic flux and magnetic flux density.

(Text: Chapters 8.1 to 8.5)

Module-4

Magnetic Forces: Force on a moving charge, differential current elements, Force between differential current elements, Numerical problems (Text: Chapter 9.1 to 9.3).

Magnetic Materials: Magnetization and permeability, Magnetic boundary conditions, the magnetic circuit, problems (Text: Chapter 9.6 to 9.8)

Module-5

Faraday's law of Electromagnetic Induction –Integral form and Point form, Numerical problems. Inconsistency of Ampere's law with continuity equation, displacement current, Conduction current, Derivation of Maxwell's equations in point form, and integral form, Maxwell's equations for different media, Numerical problems (**Text: Chapter 10.1 to 10.4**)

Uniform Plane Wave: Wave propagation in free space, Uniform plane wave, Derivation of plane wave equations from Maxwell's equations, Poynting's Theorem and wave power, Skin effect or Depth of penetration, Numerical problems. (Text: Chapter 12.1, 12.3, 12.4)

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Evaluate problems on electrostatic force, electric field due to point, linear, volume charges by applying conventional methods and charge in a volume.
- 2. Apply Gauss law to evaluate Electric fields due to different charge distributions and Volume Charge distribution by using Divergence Theorem.
- 3. Determine potential and energy with respect to point charge and capacitance using Laplace equation and Apply Biot-Savart's and Ampere's laws for evaluating Magnetic field for different current configurations
- 4. Calculate magnetic force, potential energy and Magnetization with respect to magnetic materials and voltage induced in electric circuits.
- 5. Apply Maxwell's equations for time varying fields, EM waves in free space and conductors and Evaluate power associated with EM waves using Poynting theorem

ssessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). The student is declared as a pass in the course if he/she secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- 1. There are 25 marks for the CIE's Assignment component and 25 for the Internal Assessment Test component.
- 2. Each test shall be conducted for 25 marks. The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the coverage of the syllabus, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the coverage of the syllabus. The average of the two tests shall be scaled down to 25 marks
- 3. Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project based thenonly one assignment for the course shall be planned. The schedule for assignments shall be planned properly by the course teacher. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at theend of the semester if two assignments are planned. Each assignment shall be conducted for 25 marks. (If two assignments are conducted then the sum of the two assignments shall be scaled down to 25 marks)
- 4. The final CIE marks of the course out of 50 will be the sum of the scale down marks of tests andassignment/s marks.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by the University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (duration 03 hours).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Book:

1. W.H. Hayt and J.A. Buck, —Engineering Electromagnetics, 8th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2014, ISBN-978-93-392-0327-6.

Reference Books:

- 1. Elements of Electromagnetics Matthew N.O., Sadiku, Oxford University press, 4thEdn.
- 2. Electromagnetic Waves and Radiating systems E. C. Jordan and K.G. Balman, PHI, 2ndEdn.
- 3. Electromagnetics- Joseph Edminister, Schaum Outline Series, McGraw Hill.
- 4. N. Narayana Rao, —Fundamentals of Electromagnetics for Engineering, Pearson

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- NPTEL Video lectures: https://youtu.be/pGdr9WLto4A
- NPTEL Video lectures: https://youtu.be/xn2IpxI991M

ActivityBasedLearning(SuggestedActivitiesinClass)/Practical-Based Learning

- Group Discussion/Quiz
- Demonstration of Electromagnetic concepts.
- Case Study on Medical Imaging devices.

Course Outcomes			Pos										PSOs		
-Course Outcomes	a	В	c	d	E	f	g	h	i	J	k	l	m	n	0
CO1:Develop a thorough understanding of different coordinate systems and Evaluate problems on electrostatic force and fields	2	2	3	2	2	ı	1	1	-	1	ı	2	2	ı	ı
CO2: Apply Gauss law to evaluate Electric fields due to different charge distributions and Volume Charge distribution by using Divergence Theorem.	2	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	1	1
CO3: Interpret the physical significance of Laplace's equation, Biot-Savart's law, Ampere's law, and Stokes' theorem for evaluating Magnetic field for different current configurations	3	2	3	3	2	1	-	1	1	-	1	2	3	1	-
CO4: Interpret magnetic force, potential energy and Magnetization with respect to magnetic materials and voltage induced in electric circuits.	2	3	2	2	3	1	1	1	1	-	ı	2	3	1	1
CO5: Apply Maxwell's equations for time varying fields, EM waves in free space and conductors and Evaluate power associated with EM waves.	3	3	3	3	3	1	3	1	-	-	-	2	2	1	-
Course Contribution to POs	2,4	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.4	1	3	1		-	1	2	2.6		1

PRINCIPLES O	Semester	4				
Course Code		CIE Marks	50			
	22UEC411C					
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50			
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab slots	Total Marks	100			
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03			
Examination nature (SEE)	Theory/practical					

This course will enable students to

- Understand and analyze concepts of Analog Modulation schemes viz; AM, FM
- Design and analyze the electronic circuits for AM and FM modulation and demodulation.
- Understand the concepts of random variable and random process to model communication systems.
- Understand and analyze the concepts of digitization of signals.
- Evolve the concept of SNR in the presence of channel induced noise

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecture method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
- 2. Show Video/animation films to explain evolution of communication technologies.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their

own creative ways to solve them.

7. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

MODULE-1

Random Variables and Processes: Introduction, Probability, Conditional Probability, Random variables. Statistical Averages: Function of a random variable, Moments, Random Processes, Mean, Correlation and Covariance function: Properties of autocorrelation function, Cross-correlation functions, Gaussian Process: Gaussian Distribution Function. [Text 2: 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, 5.5, 5.6, 5.9]

MODULE-2

Amplitude Modulation Fundamentals: AM Concepts, Modulation index and Percentage of Modulation, Sidebands and the frequency domain, AM Power, Single Sideband Modulation.

AM Circuits: Amplitude Modulators: Diode Modulator, Transistor Modulator, collector

Modulator. AmplitudeDemodulators: Diode Detector, Balanced Modulators: Lattice Modulators.

Frequency Division Multiplexing: Transmitter-Multiplexer, Receiver-DE multiplexer.

[Text1: 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4, 3.5, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, 10.2]

MODULE-3

Fundamentals of Frequency Modulation: Basic Principles of Frequency Modulation, Principles of Phase Modulation, Modulation index and sidebands, Noise Suppression Effects of FM, Frequency Modulation versus Amplitude Modulation.

FM Circuits: Frequency Modulators: Voltage Controlled Oscillators., Frequency Demodulators: Slope Detectors, Phase Locked Loops.

Communication Receiver: Super heterodyne receiver, Frequency Conversion: Mixing Principles, JFET Mixer. [Text1: 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, 5.5, 6.1, 6.3, 9.2, 9.3]

MODULE-4

Digital Representation of Analog Signals: Introduction, Why Digitize Analog Sources? The Sampling process, Pulse Amplitude Modulation, Time-Division Multiplexing, Pulse Position Modulation: Generation and Detection of PPM wave. The Quantization Process. Pulse Code Modulation: Sampling, Quantization, Encoding, line Codes, Differential encoding, Regeneration, Decoding, filtering, multiplexing. [Text2: 7.1, 7.2, 7.3, 7.4, 7.5, 7.6, 7.8, 7.9]

MODULE-5

Baseband Transmission of Digital signals: Introduction, Inter symbol Interference, Eye Pattern, Nyquistcriterion for distortion less Transmission, Baseband M-array PAM Transmission.

[Text2: 8.1, 8.4, 8.5, 8.6, 8.7]

Noise: Signal to Noise Ratio, External Noise, Internal Noise, Semiconductor Noise, Expressing Noise Levels, Noisein Cascade Stages. [Text1:9.5]

PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC (Experiments can be conducted using MATLAB/SCILAB/OCTAVE)

Sl. NO	Experiment
	S
	Basic Signals and Signal Graphing: a) unit Step, b) Rectangular, c) standard triangle d) sinusoidal and e) Exponential signal.
2	Illustration of signal representation in time and frequency domains for a rectangular pulse.
3	Amplitude Modulation and demodulation: Generation and display the relevant signals and its spectrums.
4	Frequency Modulation and demodulation: Generation and display the relevant signals and its spectrums.
5	Sampling and reconstruction of low pass signals. Display the signals and its spectrum.
6	Time Division Multiplexing and DE multiplexing.

- 7 PCM Illustration: Sampling, Quantization and Encoding
 8 Generate a) NRZ, RZ and Raised cosine pulse, b) Generate and plot eye diagram
 9 Generate the Probability density function of Gaussian distribution function.
 10 Display the signal and its spectrum of an audio signal.
- Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Understand the principles of analog communication systems and noise modelling.
- 2. Identify the schemes for analog modulation and demodulation and compare their performance.
- 3. Design of PCM systems through the processes sampling, quantization and encoding.
- 4. Describe the ideal condition, practical considerations of the signal representation for baseband transmission of digital signals.
- 5. Identify and associate the random variables and random process in Communication system design.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). The student is declared as a pass in the course if he/she secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

The IPCC means the practical portion integrated with the theory of the course. CIE marks for the theory componentare **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25 marks**.

CIE for the theory component of the IPCC

- 1. 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other assessment methods mentioned in 22OB4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.
- 2. Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks**).
- 3. The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

CIE for the practical component of the IPCC

- 1. **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- 2. On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva- voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- 3. The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write- ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- 4. The laboratory test (duration 02/03 hours) after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to 10 marks.
- 5. Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- 6. The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC.

SEE for IPCC

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored by the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.

- a. The minimum marks to be secured in CIE to appear for SEE shall be 10 (40% of maximum marks-25) in the theory component and 10 (40% of maximum marks -25) in the practical component. The laboratory component of the IPCC shall be for CIE only. However, in SEE, the questions from the laboratory component shall be included. The maximum of 04/05 sub-questions are to be set from the practical component of IPCC, the total marks of all questions should not be more than 20 marks.
- b. SEE will be conducted for 100 marks and students shall secure 35% of the maximum marks to qualify for the SEE. Marks secured will be scaled down to 50.
- c. The student is declared as a pass in the course if he/she secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken
- d. together.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

- 1. Louis E Frenzel, Principles of Electronic Communication Systems, 3rd Edition, Mc Graw Hill Education(India) Private Limited, 2016. ISBN: 978-0-07-066755-6.
- 2. Simon Haykin & Michael Moher, Communication Systems, 5th Edition, John Wiley, India Pvt. Ltd, 2010, ISBN:978-81-265-2151-7.

Reference Books

- B P Lathi, Zhi Ding, "Modern Digital and Analog Communication Systems", Oxford University Press., 4th edition, 2010, ISBN: 97801980738002.
- Herbert Taub, Donald L Schilling, Goutam Saha, "Principles of Communication systems", 4th Edition, Mc
 Graw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2016. ISBN: 978-1-25-902985-1

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Principles of Communication Systems https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108104091
- 2. Communication Engineering https://nptel.ac.in/courses/117102059

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- 1. Assignments and test Knowledge level, Understand Level and Apply level
- 2. Experiential Learning by using free and open source software's SCILAB or OCTAVE
- 3. Open ended questions by faculty, Open ended questions from students

Control Systems			
Course Code	22UEC412C	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T: P)	(3:0:2)	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 12 Lab slots	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03

Course objectives: This course will enable students to:

- 1. Understand basics of control systems and design mathematical models using block diagramreduction, SFG, etc.
- 2. Understand Time domain and Frequency domain analysis.
- 3. Analyze the stability of a system from the transfer function
- 4. Familiarize with the State Space Model of the system.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecture method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type ofteaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
- 2. Show Video/animation films to explain the different concepts of Linear Algebra & SignalProcessing.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotescritical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come upwith their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, ithelps improve the students' understanding.
- 9. Adopt Flipped class technique by sharing the materials / Sample Videos prior to the class and have discussions on the that topic in the succeeding classes.
- 10. Give Programming Assignments.

Module-1

Introduction to Control Systems: Types of Control Systems, Effect of Feedback Systems, Differential equation of Physical Systems - Mechanical Systems, Electrical Systems, Analogous Systems. (Textbook 1: Chapter 1.1, 2.2)

Module-2

Block diagrams and signal flow graphs: Transfer functions, Block diagram algebra and Signal Flow graphs. (Textbook 1: Chapter 2.4, 2.5, 2.6)

Module-3

Time Response of feedback control systems: Standard test signals, Unit step response of First and Second Order Systems. Time response specifications, Time response specifications of second order systems, steady state errors and error constants. Introduction to PI, PD and PID Controllers (excluding design). (Textbook 1: Chapter 5.3, 5.4, 5.5)

Module-4

Stability analysis: Concepts of stability, Necessary conditions for Stability, Routh stability criterion, Relative stability analysis: more on the Routh stability criterion.

Introduction to Root-Locus Techniques, The root locus concepts, Construction of root loci. (Textbook 1: Chapter 6.1, 6.2, 6.4, 6.5, 7.1, 7.2, 7.3)

Module-5

Frequency domain analysis and stability: Correlation between time and frequency response, Bode Plots, Experimental determination of transfer function. (Textbook 1: Chapter 4: 8.1, 8.2, 8.4) Mathematical preliminaries, Nyquist Stability criterion, (Stability criteria related to polar plots are excluded) (Textbook 1: 9.2, 9.3)

State Variable Analysis: Introduction to state variable analysis: Concepts of state, state variable and state models. State model for Linear continuous –Time systems, solution of state equations. (Textbook 1: 12.2, 12.3, 12.6)

PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC

Using suitable simulation software (P-Spice/ MATLAB / Python / Scilab / OCTAVE / LabVIEW) demonstrate the operation of the following circuits:

demons	demonstrate the operation of the following circuits:				
Sl.	Experiments				
No.					
1	Implement Block diagram reduction technique to obtain transfer function a control system.				
2	Implement Signal Flow graph to obtain transfer function a control system.				
3	Simulation of poles and zeros of a transfer function.				
4	Implement time response specification of a second order Under damped System, for different				
	damping factors.				
5	Implement frequency response of a second order System.				
6	Implement frequency response of a lead lag compensator.				
7	Analyze the stability of the given system using Routh stability criterion.				
8	Analyze the stability of the given system using Root locus.				
9	Analyze the stability of the given system using Bode plots.				
10	Analyze the stability of the given system using Nyquist plot.				
11	Obtain the time response from state model of a system.				
12	Implement PI and PD Controllers.				
13	Implement a PID Controller and hence realize an Error Detector.				
14	Demonstrate the effect of PI, PD and PID controller on the system response.				

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Deduce transfer function of a given physical system, from differential equationrepresentation or Block Diagram representation and SFG representation.
- 2. Calculate time response specifications and analyze the stability of the system.
- 3. Draw and analyze the effect of gain on system behavior using root loci.
- 4. Perform frequency response Analysis and find the stability of the system.
- 5. Represent State model of the system and find the time response of the system.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam(SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

CIE for the theory component of IPCC

Two Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Scaled-down marks of two tests and two assignments added will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC for 30 marks.

CIE for the practical component of IPCC

- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated and marks shall be awarded on the same day. The 15 marks are for conducting the experiment and preparation of the laboratory record, the other 05 marks shall be for the test conducted at the end of the semester.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to 15 marks.
- The laboratory test (duration 03 hours) at the end of the 15th week of the semester /after completion of all the experiments (whichever is early) shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to 05 marks.
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **20 marks**.

SEE for IPCC

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (duration 03 hours)

- The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper shall include questions from the practical component.

• The minimum marks to be secured in CIE to appear for SEE shall be the 12 (40% of maximum marks-30) in the theory component and 08 (40% of maximum marks -20) in the practical component. The laboratory component of the IPCC shall be for CIE only. However, in SEE, the questions from the laboratory component shall be included. The maximum of 04/05 questions to be set from the practical component of IPCC, the total marks of all questions should not be more than the 20 marks.

SEE will be conducted for 100 marks and students shall secure 35% of the maximum marks to qualify in the SEE. Marks secured out of 100 shall be reduced proportionally to 50.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books

1. Control Systems Engineering, I J Nagrath, M. Gopal, New age international Publishers, Fifthedition.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108106098

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Programming Assignments / Mini Projects can be given to improve programming skills

	Communication Laboratory	Semester	4
Course Code	22UEC413C	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Credits	01	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Practical		

Course objectives:

This laboratory course enables students to

- 1. Understand the basic concepts of AM and FM modulation and demodulation.
- 2. Design and analyze the electronic circuits used for AM and FM modulation and demodulation circuits.
- 3. Understand the sampling theory and design circuits which enable sampling and reconstruction of analog signals.
- 4. Design electronic circuits to perform pulse amplitude modulation, pulse position modulation and pulse width modulation.

	Experiments (Experiments to be conducted using hardware
	components)
1	Design and test a high-level collector Modulator circuit and Demodulation the signal
	using diode detector.
2	Test the Balanced Modulator / Lattice Modulator (Diode ring)
3	Design a Frequency modulator using VCO and FM demodulator using PLL (Use IC566
	and IC565).
4	Design and plot the frequency response of Pre-emphasis and De-emphasis Circuits
5	Design and test BJT/FET Mixer
6	Design and test Pulse sampling, flat top sampling and reconstruction
7	Design and test Pulse amplitude modulation and demodulation.
8	Generation and Detection of Pulse position Modulation
9	Generation and Detection of Pulse Width Modulation
10	PLL Frequency Synthesizer
11	Data formatting and Line Code Generation
	PCM Multiplexer and DE multiplexer

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Illustrate the AM generation and detection using suitable electronic circuits.
- 2. Design of FM circuits for modulation, demodulation and noise suppression.
- 3. Design and test the sampling, Multiplexing and pulse modulation techniques using electronic hardware.
- 4. Design and Demonstrate the electronic circuits used for RF transmitters and receivers.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record writeup. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in thesyllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.

• Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners. General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be madezero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

Suggested Learning Resources:

1. Louis E Frenzel, Principles of Electronic Communication Systems, 3rd Edition, Mc Graw Hill Education(India) Private Limited, 2016. ISBN: 978-0-07-066755-6.

MIC	Semester	4	
Course Code	22 UEC414B	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week(L:T:P)	3:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3
Examination type(SEE)	Theory		

Course objectives:

This course will enable students to:

- Understand the difference between Microprocessor and Microcontroller and embedded microcontrollers.
- Analyze the basic architecture of 8051microcontroller.
- Program 8051 microcontroller using Assembly Language and C.
- Understand the operation and use of inbuilt Timers/Counters and Serial port of 8051
- Understand the interrupt structure of 8051 and Interfacing I/O devices using I/O ports of 8051.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

The samples strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes are listed in the following:

- 1. Lecture method (L) does not mean only the traditional lecture method, but adifferent type of teaching method may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
- 2. Show Video/animation films to explain the functioning of various techniques.
- 3. Encourage collaborative(Group)Learning in the class
- 4. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher-order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical kills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 7. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

 Give Programming Assignments.

Module-1 (8 Hrs)

Microcontroller: Microprocessor Vs Microcontroller, Micro controller & Embedded Processors, Processor Architectures-Harvard Vs Princeton & RISC Vs CISC, 8051 Architecture- Registers, Pin diagram, I/Oports functions, Internal Memory organization. External Memory (ROM & RAM) interfacing. (Text book 1-1.1,Text book 2-1.0,1.1,3.0,3.1,3.2,3.3 Textbook 3-Pg 5-9)

Module-2 (8 Hrs)

Instruction Set: 8051 Addressing Modes, Data Transfer Instructions, Arithmetic instructions, Logical Instructions, Jump & Call Instructions Stack & Subroutine Instructions of 8051 (with examples in assembly Language). (Text book 2- Chapter 5,6,7,8, Additional reading Refer Textbook 3, Chapter 3 for complete understanding of instructions with flow diagrams)

Module-3 (8 Hrs)

Timers/Counters & Serial port programming:

Basics of Timers & Counters, Data types & Time delay in the 8051 using C, Programming 8051 Timers, Mode 1 & Mode 2 Programming, Counter Programming (Assembly Language only). (Text book 2- 3.4, Text book 1- 7.1, 9.1,9.2)

Basics of Serial Communication, 8051 Connection to RS232, Programming the 8051 to transfer data serially & to receive data serially using C.(Text book 2- 3.5, Text book 1- 10.1,10.2,10.3 except assembly language programs, 10.5)

Module-4 (8 Hrs)

Interrupt Programming: Basics of Interrupts, 8051 Interrupts, Programming Timer Interrupts, Programming Serial Communication Interrupts, Interrupt Priority in 8051(Assembly Language only) (Text book 2- 3.6, Text book 1- 11.1,11.2,11.4, 11.5)

Module-5 (8 Hrs)

I/O Port Interfacing & Programming: I/O Programming in 8051 C, LCD interfacing, DAC 0808 Interfacing, ADC 0804 interfacing, Stepper motor interfacing, DC motor control & Pulse Width Modulation (PWM) using C only. (Text book 1-7.2, 12.1, 13.1, 13.2, 17.2, 17.3)

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, students will be able to:

- 1. Describe the difference between Microprocessor and Microcontroller, Types of Processor Architectures and Architecture of 8051Microcontroller.
- 2. Discuss the types of 8051 Microcontroller Addressing modes & Instructions with Assembly Language Programs.
- 3. Explain the programming operation of Timers/Counters and Serial port of 8051 Microcontroller.
- 4. Illustrate the Interrupt Structure of 8051 Microcontroller & its programming.
- 5. Develop C programs to interface I/O devices with 8051 Microcontroller.

.Continuous Internal Evaluation:

There are 25marks for the CIE's Assignment component and 25 for the Internal Assessment Test component.

Each test shall be conducted for 25marks. The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the coverage of the syllabus, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the coverage of the syllabus. The average of the two tests shall be scaled down to 25 marks

- 1. Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the courses hall be planned. The schedule for assignments shall be planned properly by the course teacher. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned. Each assignment shall be conducted for 25 marks. (If two assignments are conducted then the sum of the two assignments shall be scaled down to 25 marks)
- 2. The final CIE marks of the course out of 50 will be the sum of the scale-down marks of tests and assignment/s marks.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's

taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the

course.Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common questionpapers for the course (duration 03 hours).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks.
- 2. There will be 2questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with amaximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. The "8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems Using Assembly and C", Muhammad Ali Mazidi and Janice Gillespie Mazidi and Rollind. Mckinlay; Phi, 2006 / Pearson, 2006.
- 2. "The 8051 Microcontroller", Kenneth j. Ayala, 3rd edition, Thomson/Cengage Learning.
- 3. "Programming And Customizing The 8051 Microcontroller".,Myke Predko Tata

Mc Graw-Hill Edition 1999 (reprint 2003).

REFERENCEBOOKS:

1. "The 8051 Microcontroller Based Embedded Systems", Manish K Patel, McGraw Hill, 2014, ISBN: 978-93-329-0125-4.

"Microcontrollers: Architecture, Programming, Interfacing and System Design", Raj Kamal, Pearson Education, 2005.

Web links and Video Lectures(e-Resources):

https://youtu.be/pA6K5NgWTow?si=zQqqgXQq50dVL -s

Industrial Electronics		Semester	IV
Course Code	22UEC414C	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

Course objectives: This course will enable student to

- Explain broad types of industrial power devices, there structure, and its characteristics.
- Design and analyze the broad categories of power electronic circuits.
- Explain various types of MEMs devices, principle of operation and construction.
- Familiarize with soft core processors and computer architecture.
- Apply protective methods for devices and circuits.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecture method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
- 2. Show Video/animation films to explain evolution of communication technologies.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes criticalthinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it
- 6. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with theirown creative ways to solve them.
- 7. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Industrial Power Devices: General purpose power diodes, fast recovery power diodes, schottky power diodes, silicon carbide power diodes (**Text book 1: 2.5, 2.6**), Power MOSFETs, Steady state characteristics, switching characteristics, silicon carbide MOSFETs, COOLMOS, Junction field effect transistors, operation and characteristics of JFETs, Silicon Carbide JFET structures, Bipolar Junction Transistors, Steady state characteristics, switching characteristics, silicon carbide BJTs, IGBT, silicon carbide IGBTs

(Text book 1: 4.3, 4.4, 4.6, 4.7)

Module-2

Power Electronics Circuits:), Thyristor, Thyristor characteristics, two transistor model (**Text book 1: 9.2, 9.3, 9.4**). Controlled Rectifiers – Single phase full converter with R and RL load, Single phase dual converters, and Three phase full converter with RL load (**Text book 1: 10.2**,

10.3, **10.4**). Switching mode regulators – Buck Regulator, Boost regulator, Buck – Boost regulator, comparison of regulators.

(Text book 1: 5.9.1, 5.9.2, 5.9.3, 5.10)

Module-3

Inverters – Principle of operation, Single phase bridge inverter, Three phase inverter with 180 and 120 degree conduction, Current source inverter (**Text book 1: 6.3, 6.4, 6.5, 6.9**).

AC voltage controllers – Single phase full wave controller with resistive load, single phase full wave controller with inductive load (**Text book 1: 11.3, 11.4**).

Module-4

MEMS Devices: Sensing and Measuring Principles, Capacitive Sensing, Resistive Sensing, Piezoelectric Sensing, Thermal Transducers, Optical Sensors, Magnetic Sensors, MEMS Actuation Principles, Electrostatic Actuation, Thermal Actuation, Piezoelectric Actuation, Magnetic Actuation, MEMS Devices Inertial Sensors, Pressure Sensors, Radio Frequency MEMS: Capacitive Switches and Phase Shifters, Microfluidic Components, Optical Devices. **(Text book 2: 13.1, 13.3, 13.4)**

MEMS Applications: Introduction, Industrial, Automotive, Biomedical.

(Text book 2:15.1, 15.2, 15.3, 15.4)

Module-5

Protections of Devices and Circuits: Cooling and Heat sinks, Thermal Modeling of Power Switching Devices, Electrical Equivalent Thermal model, Mathematical Thermal Equivalent Circuit, Coupling of Electrical and Thermal Components, Snubber circuits, Voltage protection by Selenium Diodes and Metal oxide Varistors, Current protection, Fusing, Fault current with AC source, Fault current with DC source, Electromagnetic Interference, sources of EMI, Minimizing EMI Generation, EMI shielding, EMI standards.

(Text book 1: 17.2, 17.3, 17.4, 17.5, 17.6, 17.7, 17.8, 17.9).

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Explain different types of industrial power devices such as MOSFET, BJT, IGBT etc, therestructure, and its operating characteristics.
- 2. Design and analyze the power electronic circuits such as switch mode regulators, inverters, controlled rectifiers and ac voltage controllers.
- 3. Explain various types of MEMs devices used for sensing pressure, temperature, current, voltage, humidity, vibration etc...
- 4. Familiarize with soft core processors such as ASIC and FPGA.
- 5. Familiarize with computer hardware, software, architecture, instruction set, memory organization, multiprocessor architecture.
- 6. Apply protective methods for devices various industrial power devices based on thermal requirements and develop protective methods for the circuits against various electrical parameters.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). The student is declared as a pass in the course if he/she secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

There are 25 marks for the CIE's Assignment component and 25 for the Internal Assessment
Test component.
Each test shall be conducted for 25 marks. The first test will be administered after 40-50% of
the coverage of the syllabus, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the
coverage of the syllabus. The average of the two tests shall be scaled down to 25 marks
Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based
thenonly one assignment for the course shall be planned. The schedule for assignments shall be
planned properly by the course teacher. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the
end of the semester if two assignments are planned. Each assignment shall be conducted for 25
marks. (If two assignments are conducted then the sum of the two assignments shall be scaled
down to 25 marks)
The final CIE marks of the course out of 50 will be the sum of the scale-down marks of tests
andassignment/s marks.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomyas per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers forthe course (duration 03 hours).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books

- 1. Power Electronics: Devices, Circuits, and Applications, Muhammad H. Rashid, Pearson, 4th International edition.
- 2. Fundamentals of Industrial Electronics, Bogdan M. Wilamowski, J. David Irwin, CRC Press, 2011,

Reference Books

- 1. Thomas E. Kissell, Industrial Electronics: Applications for Programmable Controllers, Instrumentation and Process Control, and Electrical Machines and Motor Controls, 3rd edition, 2003, Prentice Hall.
- 2. Ned Mohan, T.M. Undeland and W.P. Robbins, "Power Electronics: Converters, Applications and Design", Wiley India Ltd, 2008.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/108/102/108102145/
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/117105082
- https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCKg8GNii0Q-ieXE56AXosGg/featured
- https://www.ieee-ies.org/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Quiz and Seminars

OPERATING SYSTEM		Semester	4
Course Code	22UEC414D	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week(L:T:P)	3:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3
Examination type(SEE)	Theory		

Course objectives:

This course will enable students to:

- Understand the services provided by an operating system.
- Explain how processes are synchronized and scheduled.
- Understand different approaches of memory management and virtual memory management. Describe the structure and organization of the file system
- Understand inter-process communication and deadlock situations.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

The samples strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes are listed in the following:

- 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- **3.** Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- **4.** Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- **5.** Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- **6.** Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- **8.** Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Operating Systems: OS, Goals of an OS, Operation of an OS, Computational Structures, Resource allocation techniques, Efficiency, System Performance and User Convenience, Classes operating System, Batch processing, Multi programming, Time Sharing Systems, Real Time and distributed Operating Systems (Topics from Sections 1.2, 1.3, 2.2 to 2.8 of Text).

Module-2

Process Management: OS View of Processes, PCB, Fundamental State Transitions of aprocess, Threads, Kernel and User level Threads, Non-preemptive scheduling- FCFS and SRN, Preemptive Scheduling- RR and LCN, Scheduling in Unix and Scheduling in Linux(**Topics from Sections 3.3, 3.3.1 to 3.3.4, 3.4, 3.4.1, 3.4.2, Selected scheduling topics from 4.2 and 4.3, 4.6, 4.7 of Text).**

Module-3

Memory Management: Contiguous Memory allocation, Non-Contiguous Memory Allocation, Paging, Segmentation, Segmentation with paging, Virtual Memory Management, Demand Paging, VM handler, FIFO, LRU page replacement policies, Virtual memory in Unix and Linux. (**Topics from Sections 5.5 to 5.9, 6.1 to 6.3 except Optimal policy and 6.3.1, 6.7,6.8 of Text**)

Module-4

File Systems: File systems and IOCS, File Operations, File Organizations, Directory structures, File Protection, Interface between File system and IOCS, Allocation of disk space, Implementing file access.

(Topics from Sections 7.1 to 7.8 of Text).

Module5

Message Passing and Deadlocks: Overview of Message Passing, implementing message passing, Mailboxes, Deadlocks, Deadlocks in resource allocation, Handling deadlocks, Deadlock detection algorithm, Deadlock Prevention (Topics from Sections 10.1 to 10.3, 11.1 to 11.5 of Text).

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, students will be able to:

- 1. Explain the goals, structure, operation and types of operating systems.
- 2. Apply scheduling techniques to find performance factors.
- 3. Explain organization of file systems and IOCS.
- 4. Apply suitable techniques for contiguous and non-contiguous memory allocation.
- 5. Describe message passing, deadlock detection and prevention methods.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE)is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20marks out of 50) and forthe SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). The student is declared as a pass in the course if he/she secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

There are 25marks for the CIE's Assignment component and 25 for the Internal Assessment Test component.

Each test shall be conducted for 25marks. The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the coverage of the syllabus, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the coverage of thesyllabus. The average of the two tests shall be scaled down to 25 marks

Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the courses hall be planned. The schedule for assignments shall be planned properly by the course teacher. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned. Each assignment shall be conducted for 25 marks. (If two assignments are conducted then the sum of the two assignments shall be scaled down to 25 marks) The final CIE marks of the course out of 50 will be the sum of the scaledown marks of tests and assignment/s marks.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of

Blo

om's

taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question

papers for the course (duration 03 hours).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks.
- 2. There will be 2questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with amaximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

TEXT BOOKS

Data Structures Using C		Semester	IV
Course Code	22UEC414A	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination nature (SEE)	Theory		

COURSE OVERVIEW:

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The objectives of this course are to:

- 1. Develop proficiency in designing and implementing fundamental data structures.
- 2. Learn various sorting and searching algorithms and analyze their time complexity.
- 3. Understand algorithmic problem-solving techniques, including recursion.
- 4. Explore advanced data structures like trees, graphs, and hash tables.
- 5. Apply data structures and algorithms knowledge to solve real-world programming challengesefficiently.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. The lecturer's approach (L) does not have to be limited to traditional methods of teaching. It is possible to incorporate alternative and effective teaching methods to achieve the desired outcomes.
- 2. Utilize videos and animations to illustrate the functioning of different techniques used in themanufacturing of smart materials.
- 3. Foster collaborative learning exercises within the classroom to encourage group participation and engagement.
- 4. Pose a minimum of three Higher Order Thinking (HOT) questions during class discussions to stimulate critical thinking among students.
- 5. Implement Problem-Based Learning (PBL) as an approach that enhances students' analyticalskills and nurtures their ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information, rather than solely relying on rote memorization.

Module-1

Arrays:1D,2D and multidimensional.

Pointers: Definition and Concepts, Array of pointers, Structures and unions. Array of structures, pointer arrays, pointer to structures. Passing pointer variable as parameter in functions Dynamic memory allocation: malloc (), calloc (), realloc () and free function. Introduction to data structures and algorithms

Text book 1 -Chapter-1.1-1.3 except Rational Numbers.

Text Book 2, chapter-2

Module-2

The Stack – Definition and examples, primitive operations, Example. Representing Stacks in C, Example: Infix, Postfix and Prefix, converting an Expression from Infix to Prefix and Program.

Text Book -1-Chapter – 2.1-2.3

Recursion – Recursive Definition and Processes, Recursion in C, Writing Recursive

Programs.Recursions - Text Book -1-Chapter - 3.1-3.3

Module-3

Queues and Lists – The Queue and its sequential representation, Linked Lists, Lists in C.

Other Lists structures – Circular Lists, Stacks, Queues as circular list. The Josephus problem, doublylinked lists.

Linked lists and Queues - Text Book -1-Chapter - 4.1-4.3, 4.5

Module-4

Trees – Binary Trees, binary tree representations, Huffman algorithm, Trees and their applications.

Searching – Basic searching Techniques, Tree Searching.

Trees - Text Book -1-Chapter - 5.1-5.3, 5.5, 7.1, 7.2

Module-5

Hashing – Introduction, Static Hashing, Dynamic HashingText Book 3 -8.1 – 8.3

Graphs - Graph representation, Elementary graph operations, Minimum cost spanning

Trees – Kruskal's Algorithm, Prim's algorithm Text Book 3 - 6.1, 6.2, 6.3.1, 6.3.2

Course Outcomes (COs) (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Master the implementation and application of key data structures in programming.
- 2. Demonstrate the ability to analyze algorithm efficiency and optimize code.
- 3. Solve complex problems by applying algorithmic strategies and techniques.
- 4. Design and implement algorithms for tasks involving searching, sorting, and graph traversal.
- 5. Utilize data structures and algorithms to enhance software performance and scalability

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemedto have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal AssessmentTest component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and thesecond test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and othermethods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination (SEE):

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question

papers for the course (duration 03 hours).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

Suggested Learning Resources:

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Data Structures using C and C++, Yedidyah, Augenstein, Tannenbaum, 2nd Edition, PearsonEducation, 2007.
- 2. Data Structures using C, Reema Thareja, 2nd Edition, Oxford University Press, 2011
- 3. Fundamentals of Data structures in C, 2nd Edition, Horowitz, Sahni, Anderson freedUniversities Press, 2008

REFERENCEBOOKS:

- 1. Reema Thareja, Computer fundamentals and programming in C, second edition, OxfordUniversity Press.
- 2. Gilberg and Forouzan, Data Structures: A Pseudo-code approach with C, 2ndEd, Cengage Learning, 2014.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/
- https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106127/
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106102064
- http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/06CS35.html
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105171/
- http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html
- http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/06CS43.html
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/101/106101060/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning Real world problem solving using group discussion.

- Back/Forward stacks on browsers.
- Undo/Redo stacks in Excel or Word.
- Linked list representation of real-world queues -Music player, image viewer
- Real world problem solving and puzzles using group discussion. E.g., Fake coin identification, Peasant, wolf, goat, cabbage puzzle, Konigsberg bridge puzzle etc.,

Demonstration of solution to a problem through programming.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation(CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/journal and test are in the ratio 60:40.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record writeup. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling thelaboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up willbeevaluatedfor10marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-upon time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted

	Micro	ocontrollers Lab	Semester	4
Course	e Code	22UEC415D	CIE Marks	50
	ing Hours/Week(L:T:P)	0:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Credit	` /	0.0.2	Total Marks	100
Credit	3	O1	Exam	2
			Hours	_
Exami	nation type(SEE)	Practical	-	
	objectives: This course wil			
	nderstand the basic programi	C		
	=	ller-based programs for various application	ons using Asse	mbly
	anguage & CProgramming.	. 1 . 11 1	1/0	
		ocontrolanexternalhardwareusingsuitable	_	
Note		riments by using Keil Microvision Simul	lator (any 8051	
	Microcontroller	and Hardwara Interfacing Programs usin	a 2051 Trainar	· Vit
Sl.No		and Hardware Interfacing Programs usine embly Language Programming	ig 6031 Trainlet	NII.
	ransfer Programs:	embly Language I rogramming		
1		block of n bytes of data from source (2	20h) to destina	tion (40h)
	usingInternal-RAM.	stock of it bytes of data from source (i	2011) to destilla	(1011)
2		ock of n bytes of data from source (2000)	h) to destination	n (2050h)
	using		,	(= = = = =)
	External RAM.			
3	Write an ALP to exchange t	he source block starting with address 20	h, (Internal RA	.M)
	containing			
	` ' •	stination block starting with address 40h		
4	_	he source block starting with address 10l	*	• /
	containingn (06) bytes of data with destination block starting at location 00h (External			mal
A with m	memory).	Duaguama		
Arithm	netic & Logical Operation I			sistan D.5
5		te in the RAM at 34h and 35h, store the Indirect Addressing Mode.	resuit in the reg	gister R3
	(LSD)and KO (MSD), using	muliect Addressing Wode.		
6	Write an ALP to subtract the	e bytes in Internal RAM 34h &35h store	the result in re	gister R5
	(LSB)		105011 111 10	0.5001 105
	& R6 (MSB).			
7	` /	vo 8-bit numbers stored at 30h and 31h a	nd store16- bit	result in
	32h and			
	33h of Internal RAM.			
8		vision operation on 8-bit number by 8-bi	t number.	
9		ositive and negative in a given array.		
10	-	ven or odd elements in a given array.		
11	Write an ALP to arrange the	numbers in Ascending & Descending o	rder.	

12	Write an ALP to find Largest & Smallest number from a given array starting from 20h &		
	store it in		
	Internal Memory location 40h.		
Count	er Operation Programs:		
13	Write an ALP for Decimal UP-Counter.		
14	Write an ALP for Decimal DOWN-Counter.		
15	Write an ALP for Hexadecimal UP-Counter.		
16	Write an ALP for Hexadecimal DOWN-Counter.		
	II. C Programming		
1	Write an 8051 C program to find the sum of first 10 Integer Numbers.		
2	Write an 8051 C program to find Factorial of a given number.		
3	Write an 8051 C program to find the Square of a number (1 to 10) using Look-Up Table.		
4	Write an 8051 C program to count the number of Ones and Zeros in two consecutive		
	memory		
	locations.		
	III. Hardware Interfacing Programs		
1	Write an 8051 C Program to rotate stepper motor in Clock & Anti-Clockwise direction.		
2	Write an 8051 C program to Generate Sine & Square waveforms using DAC interface.		

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set): At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Write a Assembly Language / C program using 8051 for solving simple problems that manipulate input data using different instructions.
- 2. Develop Testing and experimental procedures on 8051 Microcontroller, Analyze their operationunder different cases.
- 3. Developprogramsfor8051Microcontrollertoimplementreal world problems.
- 4. DevelopMicrocontrollerapplicationsusingexternalhardwareinterface.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and forthe SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ courseif the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation(CIE):

CIEmarksforthepracticalcourseare 50 Marks.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/journal and test are in the ratio 60:40.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up.Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30marks**(60%ofmaximummarks).
- Weightagetobegivenforneatnessandsubmissionofrecord/write-upontime.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write- up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20marks** (40%ofthemaximummarks). The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up /journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation(SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical courseare 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners. General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva- voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners) Change of experiment is allowed only once and
 - 15%ofMarksallottedtotheprocedurepartaretobemadezero. The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

Suggested Learning Resources:

"The 8051 Microcontroller: Hardware, Software and Applications", V Udayashankara and M S

Mallikarjuna Swamy, McGraw Hill Education, 1 edition, 2017.

PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC CONTROLLER (PLC)		Semester	IV
Course Code	22UEC415B	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	14 to 16 hours	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

Course objectives: This course will enable student to

- To understand the need for automation in the industry with basic controller mechanisms involved.
- To study programming concepts to achieve the desired goal or to define the various steps involved in the automation.
- To understand programming involved with basic subroutine functions.
- To make use of the internal hardware circuits of automation circuit to control the devices duringvarious states by monitoring the timers and counters.
- To handle the data of the I/O devices to interface the data with the controller and auxiliary devices.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecture method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
- 2. Show Video/animation films to explain evolution of communication technologies.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes criticalthinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills
 - such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with theirown creative ways to solve them.
- 7. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helpsimprove the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction: Programmable logic controller (PLC), role in automation (SCADA), advantages and disadvantages, hardware, internal architecture, sourcing and sinking (Textbook 1: 1.1 to 1.4)

I/O devices and Processing: list of input and output devices, examples of applications. I/O processing, input/output units, signal conditioning, remote connections, networks, processing inputs I/O addresses.

(TextBook1: 2.1 to 2.3 and 4.1 to 4.7).

Module-2

Programming: Ladder programming- ladder diagrams, logic functions, latching, multiple outputs, entering programs, functional blocks, program examples like location of stop and emergency switches. (**TextBook1: 5.1 to 5.7**).

Module-3

Programming Methods: Instruction Lists- Ladder programs and Instruction lists, Branch codes, Programming Examples- Signal lamp-valve operation task. Sequential Function Charts- Branching and convergence. (**TextBook1: 6.1 to 6.3**).

Module-4

Internal Relays: ladder programs, battery-backed relays, one-shot operation, set and reset, master controlrelay (**TextBook1: 7.1 to 7.6**).

Timers and counters: Types of timers, ON and OFF- delay timers, pulse timers, forms of counter, programming, up and down counters. (**TexBook1: 9.1 to 9.6**).

Module-5

Shift register and data handling: shift registers, ladder programs, registers and bits, data handling, arithmetic functions. (TextBook1: 11.1 to 11.2 and 12.1 to 12.3)

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Describe the PLC and how to construct PLC ladder diagrams.
- 2. Illustrate an application with programming.
- 3. Describe characteristics of registers and conversion examples.
- 4. Apply PLC functions to timing and counting applications.
- 5. Analyze the analog operation of PLC and demonstrate the robot applications with PLC.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). The student is declared as a pass in the course if he/she secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- There are 25 marks for the CIE's Assignment component and 25 for the Internal Assessment Test component.
- Each test shall be conducted for 25 marks. The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the coverage of the syllabus, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the coverage of the syllabus. The average of the two tests shall be scaled down to 25 marks
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned.
- The schedule for assignments shall be planned properly by the course teacher. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned. Each assignment shall be conducted for 25 marks. (If two assignments are conducted then the

sum of the two assignments shall be scaled down to 25 marks)

• The final CIE marks of the course out of 50 will be the sum of the scale-down marks of tests and assignment/s marks.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy

as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers forthe course (duration 01 hours).

- 1. SEE paper shall be set for 50 questions, each of the 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ (multiple choice questions).
- 2. The time allotted for SEE is 01 hour. The student has to secure a minimum of 35% of the maximummarks meant for SEE.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks:

- 1. Programmable Logic Controllers-W Bolton, 5th edition/6th edition, Elsevier- newness, 2009/2015.
- 2. Programmable logic controllers principles and applications"-John W. Webb, Ronald A Reiss, Pearsoneducation, 5th edition, 2007.

Reference Books:

- 1 Programmable Logic Controllers"- E. A Paar, 3rd Edition, An Engineers Guide. Newness, 2003.
- 2 "Introduction to Programmable Logic Controller"- Garry Dunning, 3rd Edition, Thomson Asia Pte Ltd.Publication, 2006
- 3 "PLCs & SCADA Theory and Practice"- Rajesh Mehra, Vikrant Vij, 2nd Edition, Laxmi publication, 2017
- 4 "PLC Programming for Industrial Automation"- Kevin Collins, 1st Edition, Kindle, 2016

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning.

• Quiz and Seminars

	Octave Programming		
Course Code	22UEC415A	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:S)	0:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	12 Sessions	Total	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	02

*Additional One hour may be considered for instructions ifrequired

Course objectives:

- Apply theoretical knowledge of Octave programming to practical programming tasks.
- Gain hands-on experience in implementing and debugging octave Programming through codingexercises and projects.

Course Syllabus: Basic data structures in Octave – Vectors, Matrices, Cell Arrays. Special vecors. Linear sampling and logarithmic sampling. Accessing elements of vectors, matrices, and matrices. Mathematical operations on vectors and matrices. Addition, Multiplication, Subtraction, Division, Power, Square-Root, trigonometric operations. Dot Products and Cross Products of Vectors. Matrix multiplication, matrix inverse and matrixtranspose operations. Finding eigen values and vectors of a square matrix. Finding the solution of a system of linear equations. Linear programming and integer linear programming using glpk. Plotting in Octave. Subplots, Stem Plots, Semilog and Log-log plots. Packages in Matlab – symbolic, signal processing, control. Applications of Octave to solve problems in Electrical engineering, Electronics engineering, Control Systems, Signals and Systems/Signal Processing.

Sl..NO Experiments

(a) Define the following matrices using Octave

i. A 4x4 identity matrix

ii. A 4x4 matrix of zeros

iii. A 4x4 matrix of ones

iv. The matrix U4 defined below.

V. Matrix D4 defined below. It is also called the Hadamard matrix of dimension 4.

Vi. Matrix H4 defined below

$$\mathbf{H}_4 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{4}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ \sqrt{2} & -\sqrt{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \sqrt{2} & -\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

VII. A 4x4 magic square G4

VIII. A 4x4 matrix of random numbers selected from the range {-1,0,1}.

iX. A 4x4 matrix of random numbers in the range 0 to 1.

(b)

(i) How can you generate a 4x4 matrix of all 2's?

(ii) Find the transpose of U4.

(iii) Multiply D4 by its transpose and obtain the resulting matrix. How is

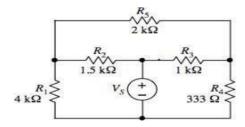
related to the identify matrix?

- (iv) Find the inverse of H4 and verify that it is the inverse.
- (v) What is the determinant of D4?
- (vi) Extract the diagonal elements of H4.
- (vii) How can you reshape the elements of D4 into a 2x8 matrix?
- (viii) What is the magic sum of a 4x4 matrix? How can you verify that G4 is indeed a magic square?
- (ix) The matrix D4 mentioned above is a 4x4 matrix. We wish to extract the sub- matrix consisting of rows 1 and 4 and columns 1 and 4. [In other words, the four corners of D4.) Show Octave code for generating the submatrix SM.
- (x) Check if the H4 and D4 are orthogonal matrices.

2

You will have learnt Kirchhoff's current and voltage laws to solve the voltages and currents in a DC circuit. Given a circuit with n loops, we can write down n equations in n unknowns (loop currents). Alternately, given a circuit with n nodes, we can write down n equations in n unknowns (node voltages). These linear equations can be solved using Octave.

(a) Write down the KCL and KVL for the following circuit and solve the node voltages and currents. Assume that Vs is 100V.



- (b) Find the total power dissipated in the circuit.
- (c) Find the total power supplied by the voltage source.
- (d) Challenge Instead of hardcoding the values of the resistors and the voltage source, can you allow the user to input R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, and Vs? Develop a complete Octave script which reads in the values of circuit parameters and prints the node voltages, node currents, and power dissipation.
- (e) Variations of the above exercises can be given to the students. For example, a resistor can be included in series with Vs. Alternately, a different circuit from a text book can be given. You can also change the problem by specifying the current through one of the resistors and asking the user to solve for Vs.

3	(a) Consider the RC circuit shown in the figure below. Plot the voltage across C and the charging current through C when the switch is turned on.(b) What is the rise time of the capacitor voltage?
	V1 +
4	$ \begin{array}{c c} i & SW \\ V & R \\ \hline i & > \end{array} $
	 (a) The figure shows a diode-based rectifier. The diode conducts only when the input voltage is positive. Assume that it is an ideal diode. Plot the half-wave rectified waveform if the input to the rectifier is a 50-Hz sine wave of 200V RMS. Plot the output waveform for four cycles of the input. (b) Find the average of the Half wave-rectified output in Octave and verify your answerusing the formula for the average output. (c) Plot the output of a full-wave rectifier. (d) Find the RMS value of the Full wave-rectified output in Octave and verify youranswer using the formula for the RMS value. (e) Assume that the input voltage is 2sin(500t) V and that the diode has a cut-in voltage
	of 0.6V. Plot thehalf-wave and full-wave rectified waveforms and find their average and RMS values.
5	 (a) Given Z parameters, obtain the Y parameters using a function called Z2Y () Given Y parameters, obtain the Z parameters using afunction called Y2Z () (b) Find the Z and Y parameters for the T-network

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation(CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/journal and test are in the ratio 60:40.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
 - Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up willbeevaluatedfor 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-upon time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th
 - week of the semester and these test shall be conducted after the 14thweek of the semester.
- In each test, write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge willcarry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
 - Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).
- The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the totalCIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation(SEE):

SEE marks for the practical course is 50Marks.

SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.

(Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.

Students can pick one question (experiment) from the question slot prepared by the internal/external examinersjointly. Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners. General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, write up-20%, Conduction procedure and result -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners) Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% Marks allotted to the procedure part to be madezero. The duration of SEE is 03hours Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks:

Dr. P.J.G. Long, Department of Engineering University of Cambridge, "Introduction to Octave," can be downloaded from octavetut.pdf (cam.ac.uk)

	Data Structures Lab using C		
Course Code		CIE Marks	50
	22UEC415C		
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:S)	0:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	15 Session	Total	0
Credits	01	Exam Hours	03

*Additional One hour may be considered for instructionsif required

- Course objectives:
 Apply theoretical knowledge of data structures and algorithms to practical programming tasks.
 Gain hands-on experience in implementing and debugging data structures and algorithmsthrough coding exercises and projects.

	algorithmsthrough coding exercises and projects.
SI. NO	Experiment s
1	Write a C Program to create a Student record structure to store, N records, each record having the structure shown below: USN, Student Name and Semester. Write necessary functions a. To display all the records in the file. b. To search for a specific record based on the USN. In case the record is not found, suitable message should be displayed. Both the options in this case must be demonstrated. (Use pointer to structure for dynamic memory allocation)
2	Write a C Program to construct a stack of integers and to perform the following operations on it: a. Push b. Pop c. Display The program should print appropriate messages for stack overflow, stack underflow, and stack empty.
3	Write a C Program to convert and print a given valid parenthesized infix arithmetic expression to postfix expression. The expression consists of single character operands and the binary operators + (plus), - (minus), * (multiply) and / (divide).
4	Write a C Program to simulate the working of a queue of integers using an array. Provide thefollowing operations: a. Insert b. Delete c. Display
5	Write a C Program using dynamic variables and pointers to construct a stack of integers usingsingly linked list and to perform the following operations: a. Push b. Pop c. Display The program should print appropriate messages for stack overflow and stack empty.
6	Write a C Program to support the following operations on a doubly linked list where each nodeconsists of integers: a. Create a doubly linked list by adding each node at the front. b. Insert a new node to the left of the node whose key value is read as an input c. Delete the node of a given data, if it is found, otherwise display appropriate message. d. Display the contents of the list. (Note: Only either (a, b and d) or (a, c and d) may be asked in the examination)
7	Write a C Program a. To construct a binary search tree of integers. b. To traverse the tree using all the methods i.e., in order, preorder and post order. c. To display the elements in the tree.

Write recursive C Programs for a. Searching an element on a given list of integers using theBinary Search method. b. Solving the Towers of Hanoi problem.

Write a program to traverse a graph using BFS method.

Write a program to check whether given graph is connected or not using DFS method.

Design and develop a program in C that uses Hash Function H:K->L as H(K)=K mod m(reminder method) and implement hashing technique to map a given key K to the addressspace L. Resolve the collision (if any) using linear probing

Note: The students must be encouraged to create Leet code account and work on Leetcode platform to improve the competency.

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Develop proficiency in coding and debugging complex algorithms and data structures.
- Acquire practical problem-solving skills by applying data structures and algorithms to real-world programming challenges.
- Develop a C program to perform arithmetic operation using data structure and operators.
- Understand the concept of graph theory and develop a C program for searching an element.
- Develop a C program to check the given graph is connected using different algorithms.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation(CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record / journal and test are in the ratio 60:40.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record writeup. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling thelaboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up willbeevaluatedfor10marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-upon time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of thesemester and these test shall be conducted after the 14thweek of the semester.
- In each test, write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry aweightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marksscored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation(SEE):

SEE marks for the practical course is 50Marks.

SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the UniversityAll laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.

(Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.

Students can pick one question (experiment) from the question slot prepared by the internal/external examiners jointly. Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners. General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, write up-20%, Conduction procedure and result -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero. The duration of SEE is 03hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks:

- Data Structures using C, Reema Thareja, 2nd Edition, Oxford University Press, 2011
- Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms, Anany Levitin: 2nd Edition, 2009.Pearson.

• Online Courses:

- Coursera: "Algorithms" by Princeton University (taught by Robert Sedgewick and Kevin Wayne).
- o edX: "Algorithmic Design and Techniques" (offered by UC San Diego and Higher School of Economics).
- Websites and Online Resources:
 - Geeks for Geeks: Offers a wide range of tutorials, practice problems, and coding challenges related todata structures and algorithms.
 - Leet Code: Provides coding challenges that are frequently asked in technical interviews and cover a variety of algorithmic concepts.
 - o Hacker Rank: Offers coding challenges and competitions with a focus on algorithms and data structures.
 - Top Coder: Provides algorithmic challenges and competitions for practicing and improving problem-solving skills.

• YouTube Channels:

- My code school: Offers video tutorials on various data structures and algorithms topics.
- o The Coding Train: Provides interactive coding tutorials on algorithms and data structures.

• Coding Platforms:

 Code forces: Offers competitive programming challenges to improve algorithmic problem-solving skills. Hackerearth: Provides coding competitions and challenges along with tutorials and practice problems. 5th Semester Syllabus

Course Code: 22UEC520C	Digital Signal Processing	Credits: 03
L:T:P - 3 : 0: 0		CIEMarks:50
Total Hours/Week: 03		SEEMarks:50

UNIT-I 10 Hrs.

Discrete Fourier Transform: Frequency domain sampling and reconstruction of discrete time signals, DFT as a linear transformation, DFT relationship with other transforms, properties of DFT, multiplication of two DFTs, circular convolution and additional properties of DFT. Application of DFT in linear filtering: overlap add and overlap save method.

Self Study Component: Study of spectrum of typical practical signals like speech, biomedical signals etc

UNIT-II 10 Hrs.

Fast Fourier Transform (FFT) Algorithms: Need for efficient computation of DFT, Radix 2 FFT algorithms for computation of DFT and IDFT: Decimation in time and decimation in frequency algorithms. Goertzel algorithm and chirp-Z transform algorithm.

Self Study Component: Study of computational complexity in FFT algorithms

UNIT-III 10 Hrs.

IIR filter design: Characteristics of analog filters – Butterworth and Chebyshev filters. Design of IIR filters from analog filters (i.e. Butterworth and Chebyshev), Transformation techniques: Impulse invariance method, Approximation of derivative (Backward difference and Forward difference) method. Bilinear transformation method.

Self Study Component: Stability and frequency analysis of IIR filtes

UNIT-IV 10 Hrs.

FIR filter design: Introduction to FIR filters, Design of FIR filters using windowing (Rectangular, Hamming, Hanning and Bartlet) method, FIR filter design using frequency sampling method. Implementation of discrete time systems - Structures for IIR and FIR systems: Direct form I, Direct form II, cascade and parallel realization.

Self Study Component: frequency analysis, group/phase delay analysis of IIR filters

Reference Books *

- 1. John G. Proakis and Manolakis, "Digital Signal Processing-Principles Algorithms and Applications" PHI Publication, III Edition, 1997.
- 2. Oppenheim and Schaffer, "Discrete Time Signal Processing" PHI Publication, III Edition, 2003.

Course Outcomes**

After completion of the course student will be able to

- 1. Compute and analyze DFT and IDFT of given functions.
- 2. Calculate DFT and IDFT of given signals using FFT algorithms.
- 3. Design and realize IIR digital filters using Butterworth and Chebyshev approximations.
- 4. Design and realize FIR digital filters using windowing and frequency sampling techniques.

Course Articulation Matrix

Course Outcomes	Programme Outcomes (POs)	Program
		Specific
		Outcomes
		(PSOs)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1: Compute and analyze DFT and IDFT of given signals.		2	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	2	1
CO2: Calculate DFT and IDFT of given signals using FFT algorithms.	3	2	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	2	1
CO3: Design and realize IIR digital filters using Butterworth and Chebyshev approximations.		2	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	2	1
CO4: Design and realize FIR digital filters using windowing and frequency sampling methods.		2	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	2	1
Course Contribution to POs and PSOs	3	2	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	2	1

Course Code: 22UEC521C		C	redits:03		
L:T:P - 3 : 0: 0	Computer Networks	CIE	Marks:50		
Total Hours/Week:03	SEEMarks:50				
	IINIT_I		10 Hrs		

Layered tasks, OSI Model, Layers in OSI model, TCP/IP Suite, Addressing, Data Link Control: Framing, Flow and error control, Protocols, Noiseless channels and noisy channels, HDLC, PPP.

UNIT-II 10Hrs.

Multiple Accesses: Random access, Controlled access, Channelization, Wired LAN, Ethernet, IEEE standards, Standard Ethernet. Changes in the standards, Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet, Connecting LANs, Backbone and Virtual LANs

UNIT-III 10 Hrs.

Network Layer, Logical addressing, Ipv4 addresses, Ipv6 addresses, Ipv4 and Ipv6 Transition from Ipv4 to Ipv6, Delivery, Forwarding, Unicast Routing Protocols, Multicast Routing protocols.

UNIT-IV 10 Hrs.

Transport layer Process to process Delivery, UDP, TCP, Application Layer: Domain name system, Name Space, Domain Name Space, Distribution of Name Space, DNS in the Internet, Resolution, DNS messages, Types of Records, Registrars, Dynamic Domain Name System, Encapsulation.

Reference Books *

- 1. Data Communication and Networking, "Behrouz A. Forouzan", 4th Edition, TMH, India, 2006.
- 2. Andrew S. Tanenbaum, "Computer networks", Prentice-Hall, 2010.
- 3. William Stallings, "Data and Computer Communications", Prentice-Hall, 2007.

Course Outcomes**

After completion of the course student will be able to

- 1. Master the terminology and concepts of the OSI reference model and the TCP/IP reference model
- 2. Master the concepts of protocols, network interfaces, and design/performance issues in local area networks and wide area networks
- 3. Identify, compare and contrast different techniques and design issues of core functions such as addressing, routing, internetworking, switching, multiplexing, error and flow control, medium access and coding.
- 4. Become familiar with widely- used Internet protocols such as TCP/IP, UDP and DNS in the Internet

^{**} Each CO to be written with proper action word and should be assessable and quantifiable

Course Outcomes		P	rog	ran	am€	e Oı	utco	me	es (I	POs)		S	rogra Specif utcon (PSOs	ic nes
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	1	2	3
1. Master the terminology and concepts of the OSI reference model and the TCP/IP reference model	3	2	3	2	1	1	1	1	ı	1	-	1	-	3

^{*}Books to be listed as per the format with decreasing level of coverage of syllabus

2.	Master the concepts of protocols, network interfaces,														
	and design/performance issues in local area networks	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1				1		
	and wide area networks													-	3
3.	Identify, compare and contrast different techniques														
	and design issues of core functions such as addressing,	3	2	2	2	1	1	1		1	1	1	1		
	routing, internetworking, switching, multiplexing,	3		3	2	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1		
	error and flow control, medium access and coding.													-	3
4.	Become familiar with widely- used Internet protocols	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
	such as TCP/IP, UDP and DNS in the Internet	3	3	3		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	3

Course Title: P	ython Programming	Course Code: 22UEC522C
Credits: 1 (2-0-0)	Teaching Hours: 20 Hrs	Contact Hours: 2hrs/week
	Lab Hr:	
CIE Marks: 50	SEE Marks: 50	Total Marks: 100

Department: Electronics and Communication Engineering

Designation: Core

Course Objectives:

The students should be able to learn the

- 1.To acquire programming skills incore Python.
- 2. Toacquire programming Skills functions in Python
- 3.To handle Exceptions and files in Python
- 4. To acquire skills in Object Oriented Programming with Python.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of thecourse, students are able to:

- 1. Explainsyntaxandsemanticsofdifferentstatementsandfunctions in Python.
- 2. Demonstrate the use of strings, files, lists, dictionaries and tuples in simple applications.
- 3. Demonstrate Exception Handling and file operations.
- 4. Explain class, objects, polymorphism, inheritance.

The topics that enable to meet the above objectives and course outcomes are given below

Unit I (05 hrs)

Data types in python: comments in python, Docstrings, How python sees variables, Datatypes in python, Sequences in python, Literals in python, Determing the data type of a variable, Identifiers and reserved words, Naming conventions in python

OperatorsinPython:Operator,operatorprecedenceandassociativity,Mathematicalfunctions

InputandOutput:Outputstatements,Inputstatements,CommandLinearguments

Control Statements Strings and Characters

Unit II (05 hours)

Functions: Defining a function, calling a function, Returning Results from a function, Returning multiple values from a function, Formal and actual arguments, local and global variables, passing a group of elements to a function, recursive functions, the special variable nam.

Lists and tuples: lists, tuple, Dictionaries.

Unit III (05 hours)

Exceptions: exceptions, exception handling, types of exceptions, user defined exceptions

Filesinpython: files, types of files in python, opening a file, closing a file, working with text files containing strings, working with binary files, pickle in python.

Unit IV (05 hours)

Object OrinetedProgramming:Classes and Objects, Creating Classes in Python, Creating Objects in Python,TheConstructorMethod,ClasseswithMultipleObjects,ClassAttributesversusDataAttributes, Encapsulation, Inheritance, The Polymorphism.

Text Books

1. CorePythonProgramming by Dr. R.NageswawaRao, Dreamtechpress, 2ndEdition2018.

Reference Books

- **1.** Introduction to PythonProgramming by GowrishankarS. Veena A. , CRC Press Taylor&Francis Group, 1stEdition2019.
- **2.** PythonProgramming by Michael Urban andJoelMurach , Mike Murach ElizabethDrake, 1stEdition,2016

Course Articulation Matrix

Course Outcomes						P	Os						P	SO	S
Course Outcomes	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	Н	i	j	K	L	m	n	0
CO1: Data types in python OperatorsinPython InputandOutputControl Statements StringsandCharacters	3	3	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	2
CO2:Functions Listsandtuples:lists,tuple Dictionaries.	3	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	2
CO3:Exceptions and Files in Python.	3	3	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	2
O4:Object Oriented programming in Python.	3	2	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	2
Course Contribution to POs	3	2.50	0	0	0	1.25	1.25	0	0	0	0	2.25	2	0	2

Professional Elective Courses

Course Code: 22UEC529E	G I D	Cı	redits: 03	
L:T:P - 3 : 0: 0	Speech Processing	CIE	Marks:50	
Total Hours/Week: 03	Total Hours/Week: 03			
	UNIT-I		10 Hrs.	

Digitalrepresentation of speech signal. Waveform representation and parametric representation. Sampling rate conversion.

Introduction, the process of speech production and classification and basics of phonetics, phonetic description of phonemes, the acoustic theory of speech production, digital models for speech—vocal tract, radiation, excitation the complete model.

UNIT-II 10 Hrs.

Introduction, timedependent processing of speech, short time energy and average magnitude, short time average zero crossing rate, voiced/unvoiced/silence detection. Pitch periodestimation (Rabiner and Gold method), short time autocorrelation function, short time average magnitude difference function, u/v/speech/silence detection.

UNIT-III 10 Hrs.

Introduction, definitions and properties of short time Fourier transform (STFT), Fourier transform interpretation of STFT, linear filtering interpretation of STFT, speech analysis and synthesis systems (Vocoders), phase vocoder, channel vocoder.

UNIT-IV 10 Hrs.

Introduction, homomorphic transformation, frequency domain representation of homomorphic systems, inverse Cepstrum transformation, the complex Cepstrum of speech, Cepstral vocoder, processing applications of Cepstral analysis.

Reference Books

- 1. L. R. Rabiner and R.W. Schafer, "Digital Processing of Speech Signals", PearsonEducation (Asia) Pvt. Ltd., 2004.
- 2. D. O'Shaughnessy, "Speech Communications Human and Machine", University Press, 2001.
- 3. B. Gold and N. Morgan, "Speech and Audio Signal Processing: processing and perception of speech and music' Pearson Education, 2003.

Course Outcomes

After completion of the course student will be able to analyze

- 1. Speech production and perception mechanism.
- 2. Speech signals in time domain.
- 3. Speech signals in frequency domain.
- **4.** Speech signal using homomorphic transformation and LPC.

Course Articulation Matrix

Course Outcomes			Pro	gra	mm	e O	utco	ome	es (l	POs)			S Ou	rogra pecifi itcom PSOs	ic 1es
	1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12											1	2	3
CO1: Analyze speech production	3	2	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	2	1

and perception mechanism.															
CO2: Analyze speech signals in	3	2	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	1
time domain.	7	2	5	1	2	U	U	U	U	U	U		3	2	1
CO3: Analyze speech signals in	3	2	3	1	2	Λ	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	1
frequency domain.	י	4	י	1	4	O	U	V	U	O	U		3	2	1
CO4: Analyze speech signal using															
homomorphic transformation and	3	2	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	2	1
LPC.															
Course Contribution to POs and		2	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	1
PSOs	3	2	3	1	Z	U	U	U	U	U	U	Z	3	Z	1

SUBJECT CODE: 22UEC526E	IAVA Duo suro monito si	Credits: 03
$3:T:P -N_L : N_T: N_P$	JAVA Programming	CIEMarks:50
Total Hours/Week:03		SEEMarks:50

UNIT-I xx Hrs.

Introducing classes, Objects and Methods: Introducing Classes, Class Fundamentals, The General Form of a Class, A Simple Class, Declaring Objects, A Closer Look at new, Assigning Object Reference Variables, Introducing Methods, Adding a Method to the Box Class, Returning a Value, Adding a Method That Takes Parameter, Constructors, Parameterized Constructors, The this Keyword, The finalize () Method, A Stack Class.

A Closer Look at Methods and Classes: Overloading Methods, Overloading Constructors, Using Objects as Parameters, A Closer Look at Argument Passing, Returning Objects, Recursion, Introducing Access Control, Understanding static, Introducing final, Arrays Revisited, Introducing Nested and Inner Classes, Exploring the String Class, Using Command-Line Arguments.

UNIT-II xx Hrs.

Inheritance:Inheritance, Inheritance Basics, Member Access and Inheritance, Example, A Superclass Variable Can Reference a Subclass Object, Using super, Using super to Call Superclass Constructors, A Second Use for super, Creating a Multilevel Hierarchy, When Constructors Are Called, MethodOverriding, Dynamic Method Dispatch, Why Overridden Methods?, Applying Method Overriding. Using Abstract Classes, Using final with Inheritance, Using final to Prevent Overriding, Using final to Prevent Inheritance, The ObjectClass.

Packages and Interfaces: Packages, Defining a Package, Finding Packages and CLASSPATH, A Short Package Example, Access Protection, An Access Example, Importing Packages, Interfaces, Defining an Interface, Implementing Interfaces, Nested Interfaces.

UNIT-III xx Hrs.

Exception Handling: Exception-Handling Fundamentals, Exception Types, Uncaught Exceptions, Using try and catch, Displaying a Description of an Exception, Multiple catch Clauses, Nested try Statements, throw, throws, finally, Java's Built-in Exceptions, Creating Your Own Exception Subclasses, Using Exceptions.

Multithreaded Programming: The Java Thread Model, Thread Priorities, Synchronization, Messaging, The Thread Class and the Runnable Interface, The Main Thread, Creating a Thread, Implementing Runnable, Extending Thread, Creating Multiple Threads, Using is Alive() and join().

UNIT-IV xx Hrs.

Multithreaded Programming Continuous: Thread Priorities, Interthread Communication, Deadlock, Suspending, Resuming, and Stopping Threads, Suspending, Resuming, and Stopping Threads.

The Applet Class :Two Types of Applets, Applet Basics, The Applet Class, Applet Architecture, An Applet Skeleton, Applet Initialization and Termination, Overridingupdate(), Simple Applet Display Methods, A Simple Banner Applet, Using the Status Window, The HTML APPLET Tag, Passing Parameters to Applets, getDocumentBase() and getCodeBase(), AppletContext and showDocument(), The AppletStubInterface.

Reference Books *

- 1) From Complete Reference, "The Complete Reference" 7thedition publisher Pearson
- 2) E. Balagururusamy, "Program with JAVA" 4thedition. publisher Pearson
- 3) Herbert Schildt, Dale Skrien, "Java Fundamentals A Comprehensive Introduction"

McGrawHill.

Course Outcomes**

After completion of the course student will be able to

- 1. Use fundamentals of class, objects, methods, operators, constructors.
- 2. Write programs using Inheritance, Superclass, methods overriding, objectclass, final key, Packages & interfaces in java code.
- 3. Handling Exceptions fundamentals, exception hierarchy, exceptionJAVA Programming fundamentals & Multithreaded Programming concepts.
- 4. Establish Inter thread communication, set thread priorities, solve deadlock, operations of suspend(), resume(), Stop(). Programming for applets

^{**} Each CO to be written with proper action word and should be assessable and quantifiable

Course Outcomes	Programme Outcomes (POs)											Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)					
	1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12											1	2	3		
CO1	3	3	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	2		
CO2	3	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	2		
CO3	3	3	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	2		
CO4	3	2		0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	2		

^{*}Books to be listed as per the format with decreasing level of coverage of syllabus

Course Title: Mobil	e Communications		Course Code: 22UEC528E
Credits: 03	L-T-P:3-0-0	Contact Hours / Week:03	Total Teaching Hours:40
CIE Marks: 50		SEE Marks: 50	Total Marks: 100

Department: Electronics and Communication Engineering.

Designation: Elective

Course Objectives:

- 1. To provide foundational knowledge of wireless and mobile communication technologies and introduce different channel access techniques.
- 2. To explore various telecommunication systems and provide an overview of satellite and broadcast systems that support mobile communications.
- To study the network architectures and protocol layers used in mobile communication systems.
 To understand the operation of the mobile network layer and transport layer, and the principles of mobility support mechanisms, including Mobile IP and handover strategies.

A student who successfully completes this course will be able to:

- 1. Explain and compare different generations of mobile communication systems and various channel access techniques (FDMA, TDMA, CDMA, OFDMA).
- 2. Examine telecommunication systems and explain the interface between satellite communication and digital broadcast systems in mobile environments.
- 3. Interpret the architecture and functional layers of mobile communication networks.
- 4. Analyze protocols at the network and transport layers, and evaluate mobility support mechanisms including handoff strategies and Mobile IP.

The topics that enable to meet the above objectives and course outcomes are given below

Unit I (10 hours)

Introduction to: Evolution and Deployment of Cellular Telephone Systems, Different generations of wireless cellular networks,1G,2G,2.5G,3G,4G cellular systems and beyond, wireless standard organizations. Wireless transmission: Frequencies for radio communication, signals, antennas, signal propagation. Medium access control: Motivation for specialized MAC, SDMA, FDMA, TDMA, CDMA.

Unit II (10 hours)

Telecommunication systems: GSM, UMTS and IMT2000, 4G LTE networks, 5G networks overview. Satellite systems: History, applications, basics, routing, localization and handover. Broadcast system: Overview, cyclical repetition of data, digital audio broadcasting, and digital video broadcasting.

Unit III (10 hours)

Wireless LAN: IEEE 802.11- system architecture, protocol architecture, physical layer, medium access control layer, MAC management, 802.11b, and 802.11a, HIPERLAN, Bluetooth: user scenarios, architecture, radio layer. Mobile network layer: Mobile IP.

Unit IV (10 hours)

Dynamic host configuration protocol, mobile Ad hoc network. Mobile transport layer: Traditional TCP, classical TCP improvement, TCP over 2.5/3G wireless network, performance enhancing proxies. Support for mobility: world wide web, wireless application protocol.

Textbook:

- 1. Jochen Schiller, "Mobile Communications", second edition Pearson Education, 2003.
- 2. Gary J Mullett, "Introduction to wireless telecommunication systems and networks", Cengage learning, 2006.

Reference Book:

1. William Stallings, "Wireless Communication and Networks", Pearson Education, 2002.

Course Articulation Matrix

Course Outcomes						P	Os						F	PSO	S
Course Outcomes	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	0
1.Explain and compare different generations of mobile	1				3				1	3		2	1		3
communications and different channel accessing techniques.															
2 Examine different telecommunication systems and explain	1				3				1	3		2	1		3
interface between satellite communications, digital broadcast systems															
3 Interpret different network architectures and layers for mobile system	1				3				1	3		2	1		3
4 Analyze network layer protocol; transport layer protocol and mobility support system	1				3				1	3		2	1		3
Course Contribution to POs and PSOs	1				3				1	3		2	1		3

COURSE CODE: 22UEC528E	M: Fl. (M. I. : 10 (Cı	edits: 03
L:T:P - 3 : 0 : 0	Micro Electro Mechanical Systems	CIE	Marks: 50
Total Hours/Week: 03		SEE	Marks: 50
	IINIT I		10 IIms

Introduction to MEMS Technology: Basic definitions, history and evolution of MEMS. Feynman's vision, microelectronics and MEMS, microsensors, microactuators and microsystems, Types of MEMS, Applications of MEMS in various disciplines. Commercial MEMS products.

Multiphysics-MultiengineeringaspectsofMEMS:Introductiontodesign,modelingand simulation, optimization, fabrication, reliability and packaging of MEMS.

Scalingissuesinmicrosystems, examples and numerical problems based on scaling laws.

UNIT-II 10 Hrs.

Design and Working Principles of MEMS: Transduction principles in microdomain- Biomedical sensor & biosensor and DNA sensor, chemical sensor, optical sensor, pressure sensor, thermal sensor. Actuation using thermal force, shape-memory alloy, piezoelectric and electrostatic forces. Mechanical sensors and actuators – beams and cantilevers, accelerometers. Electrostatic sensors and actuators – parallel plate capacitors, comb drive sensor and actuator. Optical MEMS – DLP mirror; construction and working.

UNIT-III 10 Hrs.

Modeling and Simulation of MEMS: Basic modeling elements in mechanical systems, electrical systems, microfluidic systems, thermal systems, magnetic domain and electrostatic systems. Measurement tools in microsystems: AFM, SEM and optical inferometry.

Characterizationmethods. Simulation of MEMS: Needfors imulation, FEM, MEMS designand realization tools—ANSYS/Multiphysics, Coventor Ware, COMSOL. AFM as a measurement tool in microsystems. Case Studies: Microcantilever based sensor, electrothermal actuator, electrostatic actuator.

UNIT-IV 10 Hrs.

Microfabrication/Micromachining: Overview of micro fabrication, silicon wafer extraction and cleaning, structural and sacrificial materials in microfabrication, lithography, deposition, doping, etching, Introduction to MEMS fabrication methods like surface, bulk, LIGA and wafer bonding methods.

Reference Books *

- 1. G.K.Ananthasuresh,K.J.Vinoy,S.Gopalkrishnan,K.N.Bhat,V.K.Atre,"Microand smart systems", Wiley, India, 2010.
- 2. N.P.Mahalik, "MEMS", TataMcGraw-Hill, 2007.
- 3. Tai, Ran Hsu, "MEMS and microsystems: design and manufacture", TMH, 2002.
- 4. James J. Allen, "Micro Electro Mechanical System design", CRCPress, Taylor &FrancisGroup, 2005.
- 5. ChangLiu, "Foundations of MEMS", Pears on education international, 2007.
- 6. StephenD.Senturia, "Microsystemdesign", SpringerInternationaledition, 2001.

Course Outcomes**

After completion of the course student will be able to

- 1. Comprehend thefundamentalsofMEMSandexposestudentstothebasic scaling lawsas applied to micro domain.
- 2. Designandunderstandtheworkingprincipleofvariousmicrosensingandactuating devices.
- 3. Mathematicallymodelandsimulatethevarioustypesofmicro-systems
- 4. Comprehend the various steps involved inmicrofabricationandmicromachining of microdevices, structures and systems.
- * Books to be listed as per the format with decreasing level of coverage of syllabus
- ** Each CO to be written with proper action word and should be assessable and quantifiable

Course Outcomes	Programme Outcomes (POs)												Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)			
	1										12	1	2	3		
CO1: Fundamentalsof MEMS and expose students to the basic scaling laws asappliedtomicrodomain.	3	3	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	3	3	0	
CO2:Thedesignand working principle of variousmicrosensingandactuatingdevices.	3	3	3	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	3	3	0	
CO3: The modeling and simulation of various types ofmicro-systems.	3	2	2	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	3	1	
CO4: Microfabrication and micromachining of microdevices, structures and systems.	3	2	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	3	0	

Open Elective Courses

Credits: 03 **Course Code:** L:T:P - 3:0:0**Sensor Technology** CIEMarks:50 Total Hours/Week: 03 SEEMarks:50 UNIT-I 10 Hrs. Sensor Fundamentals: Introduction, Definition, Types, and Sensor Characteristics. Principles of Sensing: Capacitive, Magnetic, Inductive, Resistive, Piezoelectric, Piezoresistance, Pyroelectric, Hall effect. Interfacing Electronic Circuits: Input Characteristics of Interface Circuits, Amplifiers, Excitation Circuits, A to D Converters, Bridge Circuits, Data Transmitters, Batteries for low power sensors. UNIT-II 10 Hrs. Overview of Sensor Materials: Sensor materials and material properties, Surface Processing of materials for development of Sensors. Sensor Technologies: Micro technology, Micro-Electro-Mechanical Systems Technology, Nanotechnology Sensor Applications: Displacement Sensing, level & Velocity Sensors, Accelerometers, Tactile Sensors, Pressure Sensors, Temperature Sensors, Combdrive Sensors. UNIT-III 10 Hrs. Mechanical and Electromechanical sensor: Definition, principle of sensing & transduction, classification. Resistive (potentiometric type): Forms, material, resolution, accuracy, sensitivity. Strain gauge: Theory, type, materials, design consideration, sensitivity, gauge factor, variation with temperature. Capacitive sensors: Stretched diaphragm type: microphone, response characteristics. Piezoelectric element: piezoelectric effect Case Study: Piezoelectric and capacitive pressure sensors, cantilever based DNA sensor, CNT based pressure sensor. UNIT-IV 10 Hrs. Microfabrication/Micromachining of sensors: Overview of micro fabrication, silicon wafer extraction and cleaning, structural and sacrificial materials in microfabrication, lithography, deposition, doping, etching, Introduction to MEMS fabrication methods like surface, bulk, LIGA

and wafer bonding methods.

Reference Books *

- 1. Jacob Fraden, "Handbook of Modern Sensors: Physical Design & Applications", AIP Press, Springer.
- 2. D. Patranabis, "Sensors & Transducers", PHI Publication New Delhi.
- 3. Frank Vahid, Tony Givargis, "Embedded system Design", John Wieley & Sons, Inc, 2002
- 4. H.K.P. Neubert, "Instrument transducers", Oxford University press.
- 5. E.A.Doebelin, "Measurement systems: application &design", McGraw Hill.
- 6. Tai, Ran Hsu,"MEMS and microsystems: design and manufacture", TMH, 2002.

Course Outcomes**

After completion of the course student will be able to

- 1. Define sensor, demonstrate different sensing principles and various interfacing circuits
- 2. Identify appropriate sensor materials and technology while designing sensors
- 3. Comprehend working principle of mechanical, strain gauge and capacitive sensors
- 4. Comprehend the fabrication of various sensors

^{*}Books to be listed as per the format with decreasing level of coverage of syllabus

** Each CO to be written with proper action word and should be assessable and quantifiable

Course Outcomes			Pr	ogr	am	me	Out	tcoi	nes	(PO	s)		S	rogra pecifi utcom PSOs	ic 1es
	1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12									1	2	3		
CO1: Define sensor, demonstrate different sensing principles and various interfacing circuits	3	3	2			2		2		1		2	3	1	3
CO2: Identify appropriate sensor materials and technology while designing sensors	3	1	2			3				1		3	3	2	3
CO3: Comprehend working principle of mechanical, strain gauge and capacitive sensors	3	3	3		2	2			2	1		2	3	2	3
CO4: Comprehend the fabrication of various sensors	3	3	1	2	3	3	3	3		1		3	3	3	3

Wireless Networks and Mobile Network Architecture

Contact hours/week : 03

Total lecture hours : 40

Sub. Code : Credits : 03

CIE marks : 50

SEE marks : 50

Department: Electronics and Communication Engg.

Designation: Core **Prerequisites**:--

Course Objectives

- 1. To understand the architecture and functioning of wireless and mobile communication systems.
- 2. To learn protocols and technologies used in mobile and wireless networks.
- 3. To study mobility management techniques and handoff strategies.
- 4. To explore emerging trends in LTE, 5G, and mobile IP.

Course outcomes

A student who successfully completes this course should be able to

- 1. Describe the architecture and functioning of various wireless and cellular networks.
- 2. Analyze mobile network protocols and their challenges in wireless environments.
- 3. Explain mobility, handoff mechanisms, and QoS concepts in mobile communication.
- 4. Evaluate modern wireless technologies such as LTE and 5G.

The topics that enable to meet the above objectives and course outcomes are given below

Unit I (10 hours)

Fundamentals of Wireless and Mobile Networks: Overview of wireless networks: WLAN, WPAN, WMAN, WWAN, Cellular concepts: Frequency reuse, handoff, sectoring, cell splitting, GSM architecture, components, and protocols: TDMA, FDMA, GPRS and EDGE: Evolution and features. (Refer Content Chapter 1, 2, 3 and 4 of T. S. Rapaport)

Modern Wireless Technologies – LTE, 5G, and Beyond: LTE architecture and protocol stack, IMS architecture, VoLTE, and IP multimedia subsystems

(Refer Content: LTE Architecture & Protocols: Chapter 9, IMS architecture, VoLTE: Chapter 10)

Unit II (10 hours)

Mobile Network Protocols and Communication Standards :Mobile IP: Agent discovery, registration, tunneling, TCP issues in mobile networks: Indirect TCP, Snooping TCP, Mobile TCP, Wireless Application Protocol (WAP) architecture and protocol stack, CDMA and UMTS architecture

Refer: Mobile IP: Chapter 11, TCP: Chapter 10, WAP Protocol Stack: Chapter 11, CDMA and UMTS Architecture: 9

Unit III (10 hours)

Mobility and Resource Management: Handoff techniques: Hard handoff, soft handoff, vertical handoff, Mobility models and location management, Quality of Service (QoS) in mobile and wireless networks, Power control and resource allocation

Reference: Handoff Techniques: chapter and 10, Mobility Models & LM: Chapter 10, QoS in Mobile Networks: Chapter 10, Power Control & Resource Allocation: Chapter 3 and 12

Unit IV (10 hours)

Modern Wireless Technologies – LTE, 5G, and Beyond: LTE architecture and protocol stack, IMS architecture, VoLTE, and IP multimedia subsystems

(Refer Content: LTE Architecture & Protocols: Chapter 9, IMS architecture, VoLTE :Chapter 10)

Reference Books

Sl. No	Authors	Title, publisher, edition, year
1	T. S. Rapport	Wireless Communication: Principle and Practice, 2nd Edition, Pearson
		Education, 2002.
2	William C. Y. Lee	Mobile Cellular Telecommunications, 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill
		International Editions, 1995.
3	V. K. Garg and J. E. Wilkes	Wireless and Personal Communication systems, Prentice Hall, 1996.

Assignments

- Assignment 1: Write a report on the evolution of wireless technologies from 1G to 5G (min. 5 pages with diagrams).
- Assignment 2: Prepare a comparative chart of GSM, CDMA, UMTS, LTE, and 5G technologies.
- Assignment 3: Perform a detailed case study on how handoff is managed in LTE networks. Submit with flow diagrams.

CO-PO Mapping

CO /	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
PO												
CO1	3	2								1		1
CO2	3	3	2	2	2					1		
CO3	3	2	2		2					1		1
CO4	3	2	2		3					2		2

Subject Code: 22UHSXXXC	Quantitative Aptitude	Credits: 02
L:T:P - 2:0:0	and and	CIE Marks: 50
Total Hours/Week:26	Professional Skills - II	SEE Marks: 50

Course Objectives:

- 1. To develop and augment written English language vocabulary and comprehension skills
- 2. To augment the ability to understand and analyse a problem and find its solution through analysis of data given
- 3. To fine-tune the quantitative analysis and problem-solving skills

Numbers, Proportion Finance: Number System, Factors & Multiples, Unit digit, Trailing zeros, LCM & HCF, Percentages, Profit & Loss, Discount, Interest:- Simple interest & Compound Interest, Ratio & Proportion-Variation,

Partnership Mixture & Allegation, The God of Math – Linear Equation- Problems on age, coin, tow digit number

UNIT-II

Average, Time, Speed & Distance, Time & Work: Average, Time Speed, & Distance, Problems on train, Boat & Stream, Races & Tracks, Time & Work, Pipe & cistern,

Permutation & combination, Probability: Permutations & Combinations, Probability, Mensuration

UNIT-III 07 Hrs.

06 Hrs.

Logical reasoning:- Clocks and Calendars, Cryptarithmetic, Blood Relations, Direction Tests,

Data Interpretation, Data Sufficiency: DI & syllogism, Venn diagram

Analytical, and Visual Reasoning: Coding Decoding, Visual Reasoning, Cube cuboid & Dice Related problems, Analytical Puzzles, Arrangement & Classification Puzzles, Non-verbal reasoning,

UNIT-IV 06 Hrs.

Vocabulary Development: Vocabulary Building Techniques, Root Words, Antonyms & Synonyms, Sentence Completion, Error Detection & Correction, Reading Comprehension

Communication Skills, Interview Preparation, resume building

Reference Books:

- 1. R. S. Aggarwal, "A Modern Approach to Verbal and Non Verbal Reasoning", Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi, 2018
- 2. R. S. Aggarwal, "Quantitative Aptitude", Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi, 2018
- 3. Chopra, "Verbal and Non Verbal Reasoning", MacMillan India
- 4. M Tyra, "Magical Book on Quicker Maths", BSC Publications, 2018
- 5. George J Summers, "The Great Book of Puzzles & Teasers", Jaico Publishing House, 1989
- 6. Shakuntala Devi, "Puzzles to Puzzle You", Orient Paper Backs, New Delhi, 1976
- 7. R. S. Aggarwal, "A Modern Approach to Logical Reasoning", Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi, 2018
- 8. Cambridge Advanced Learner's Dictionary, Cambridge University Press.
- 9. Kaplan's GRE guide

Course Outcomes (COs):

After active participation in this course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Enhance vocabulary and apply techniques to further improve it.
CO2: Apply effective strategies to improve verbal ability.
CO3: Analyze given problems step by step and develop systematic methods for solving

them.

CO4: Strengthen and apply skills in solving quantitative problems.

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1		1							2	3		1
CO2		1							2	3		
CO3		2	2	3			·	·				1
CO4		1		2							2	1

Course Code: 22UBTXXXC		01 - Credits (1: 0 : 0)
Hours / Week : 01	Environmental Studies	CIE Marks : 50
Total Hours : 15		SEE Marks : 50

UNIT – 1 04 Hrs.

Natural Resources:

Human activities and their impacts. Environmental Impact Assessment, **Renewable Energy**: Solar energy, Wind energy, Hydropower, Tidal energy, Ocean thermal energy, Geo thermal energy, Biomass energy, Biogas, Biodiesel, Bioethanol, Hydrogen as fuel.

Non renewable Energy: Coal, Petroleum, Natural gas, Nuclear energy.

UNIT – 2 04 Hrs.

Environmental Pollution:

Water pollution, water quality standards, water borne diseases, Fluoride problem, Air pollution, Noise pollution. Effect of electromagnetic waves.

Sustainable future: Concept of sustainable development, threats to sustainability, strategies for sustainable development. Environment economics – concept of green building, Circular Economy.

UNIT – 3 03 Hrs.

Current Environmental Issues of concern:

Greenhouse Effect- Greenhouse gases and Global Warming, Climate change, ozone layer depletion, Acid rain, Eutrophication

Environmental policy legislation rules & regulations

UNIT – 4 04Hrs.

Fundamentals of Waste management:

Solid waste management: Sources, classification, characteristics, collection & transportation, disposal, and processing methods. Hazardous waste management and handling.

Concept of waste water treatment, Bioremediation.

Industrial waste management (Case studies: Cement, plastic, chemical, E-waste, food & construction industry waste management).

REFERENCES

- 1. Benny Joseph "Environmental Studies" Tata McGraw Hill, 2005
- 2. Dr. D. L. Manjunath, "Environmental Studies" Pearson Education, 2006
- 3. Koushik and Koushik "Environmental Science & Engineering" New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2006
- 4. Meenakshi "Environmental Science & Engineering" Pranticce Hall of India, 2006

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of the course the students shall be able to,

- 1. Identify natural resources and its uses.
- 2. Understand pollution and its effects on environment and to implement sustainable future in the work place.
- 3. Analyze current environmental issues.
- 4. Apply the waste management techniques in various fields.

Course					Program Specified Outcomes										
Outcomes	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		1	2	3
CO 1	2		2			3					3		3		3
CO 2	2		2			3					3		3		3

CO 3	2	2	;	3			3	3	3
CO 4	2	2	;	3			3	3	3

Question Paper Pattern for SEE:Question is of Objective type
Duration of exam is 1 hour

50 questions covering all the four units. Each question carries one mark.

SUBJECTO 22UEC5			Credits: 1							
L:T:P-0 : 0 :2		Computer Networks Laboratory	CIE Marks:50							
TotalHours/W	eek: 02		SEE Marks: 50							
Sl.N	LISTOFEXPI	ERIMENTS								
0.										
1.		renttypesofnetworkcablesandpracticallyimplementthe	ecross-wired cable and straight							
	through cabl	e using clamping tool								
2.	Study of net	workcomponents/devices:i)NICii)Hubiii)Switch								
3.		omputersonLocalAreaNetwork(LAN)								
4.	Studyofpack	ettracer								
5.	Configuratio	nofdifferentnetworktopologiesusingpackettracer								
6.	Configuratio	nofswitchandestablishingLANusingpackettracer								
7.	CreationofV	irtualLAN(VLAN)usingpackettracer								
8.	Configuratio	nOfBasicRoutingUsingPacketTracer								
9.	Configuratio Tracer	nofanetworkusingRoutingInformationProtocol(RIP)u	singpacket							
10.		nofanetworkusingOpenShortestpathFirst(OSPF)using	pnackettracer							
11.		nofDHCPusingpackettracer	or assistance.							
12.	U	nofNATusingCISCOpackettracer								
CourseOutco	mes**									
Aftercomplet	ionofthecourse	studentwillbeableto								
1.		nceptsofDataCommunicationandNetworking								
2.		orking&devices								
3.		wRoutingtechniques								
4.										

*Book stobel is ted as per the format with decreasing level of coverage of syllabus

 $^{**} Each\ CO to be written with proper action word and should be assessable and quantifiable$

CourseOutcomes		ProgrammeOutcomes(POs)											Sp Ou	Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	
CO1	3	2	3	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	
CO2	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	
CO3	3	2	3	2	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	3	
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	3	

Course Code:							
22UEC524 L							
L:T:P - 0:0:2							
Total Hours/Week: 02							

Digital Signal Processing Laboratory

Credits: 01	
CIE Marks:50	
SEE Marks:50	

	List of Experiments
Sl. No	Title of the Experiment
1	Generation of different analog and digital signals (impulse, step, ramp, sine, cosine,
	square, rectangular and triangular) with given amplitude, frequency, phase and duration.
2	Verification of sampling theorem.
3	Implementation of amplitude scaling, time scaling, time reversal and time shift operations on given continuous time and discrete time signal.
4	Response of continuous time and discrete time LTI systems to a given input.
5	Fourier series of given continuous time and discrete time periodic signals.
6	Fourier transform of given continuous time and discrete time aperiodic signals.
7	N point DFT of a given sequence of length L when (a) $N < L$ (b) $N = L$ and (c) $N > L$, corresponding IDFT and analysis of the result.
8	Verification of time shift, conjugate symmetry and convolution property of DFT.
9	Implementation of linear convolution and circular convolution using DFT and IDFT.
10	Design and frequency response analysis of IIR filter to meet given specifications using
	different S → Z transformation techniques.
11	Design and frequency response analysis of FIR filter to meet given specifications using
	different windows.
12	Implementation of linear and circular convolution using DSP processor.

Course Outcomes

After completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Analyze algorithms implemented to generate different functions of time and frequency.
- 2. Analyze algorithms implemented to perform various operations on signal.
- 3. Design, implement and analyze IIR and FIR filters to meet given specifications.
- 4. Implement and analyze convolution algorithms implemented using DSP processor.

Course Articulation Matrix

Course Outcomes		Programme Outcomes (POs)											Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	1	2	3	
CO1. Analyze algorithms implemented to generate different functions of time and frequency.	3	3	3	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	1	0	
CO2. Analyze algorithms implemented to perform various operations on signal.	3	3	3	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	1	0	
CO3. Design, implement and analyze IIR and FIR filters to meet given specifications.	3	3	3	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	1	0	
CO4. Implement and analyze convolution algorithms implemented using DSP processor.	3	3	3	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	1	0	
Course Contribution to POs and PSOs	3	3	3	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	1	0	

Rubrics for Mini-project in BE Program

Semester V Code: 22UEC525P

Rubrics for	Phase	Period (Duration)	Rubric#	Marks	Evaluation by
101	Evaluation -I	Within ONE MONTH from the start of 5 th /6 th	R1	15	
CIE		semester of BE Program			Committee consisting of
	Review	Before 15 days from the end of 5 th /6 th semester	R2	15	HoD/ Nominee +
		of BE Program			Coordinator + Guide(s)
	Evaluation by guide	Before one week from the end of 5 th /6 th semester of BE Program	R3	20	Guide(s)
SEE	Semester End	During SEE of 5 th /6 th semester of BE Program	R4	50	External + Internal
SEE		During SEE of 5° /0° semester of DE Program	N4	30	
	Examination				Examiners

R1: Rubrics to evaluate mini-project in the beginning of semester: Within ONE MONTH from the start of 6th semester BE

Evaluation Criteria	Needs improvements (Poor)	Acceptable (Average)	Satisfactory (Good)	Proficient (Very good)	Total	Evaluated by
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	marks	
Articulate problem	 Problem statement and 	 Problem statement 	 Problem statement is 	 Problem statement is 		
statements and identify	objectives are not clear	isclear and objectives	clear and objectives are	clear and objectives are		
objectives		arenotinline with problem	not completely defined.	completely defined		
		statement				
Identify existing	 Not able to identify 	 Not able to identify 	 Able to identify 	 Able to identify 		Committee
processes/ solution	existing solution for solving the	existing solution for solving	existing solution for solving	existing solution for solving		consisting of (s),
methods for solving	problem. The assumptions,	the problem. But	the problem.	the problem. and		HoD, Mini-project
the problem,	approximations and justifications	assumptions and	Assumptions, and	assumptions,		coordinator and
including forming	are identified butnot clear	approximations are aligned to	approximations are clear	approximations and	15	guide
justified		the objectives.		justifications are clear		
approximations and						Each will evaluate
assumptions						for 15 marks and
						average of all the

Compare and contrast	Not able to compare	 Able to compare 	Able to compare	Able to compare	three is the marks
alternative solution	alternative solution processes	alternative solution	alternative solution	alternative solution	awarded
processesto		processes	processes and contrast	processes, contrast it and	
select thebest process-		but could not contrast clearly	clearly but not able to	also able to select best	
			select best process	process	

R2: Rubrics to review mini-project: Before 15 days from the end of 6th semester of B.E.

Evaluation Criteria	Needs improvements (Poor)	Acceptable (Average)	Satisfactory (Good)	Proficient (Very good)	Total	Evaluated by
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	marks	
Apply formal idea generation tools to develop multiple engineering design solutions and Identify suitable criteria for evaluation of alternate design solutions	 Able to identify but not able to use it effectively Abletoidentify criteria but not abletousethem 	 Abletousethe tool but not abletogenerate engineering designs Able to use criteria but not able to compare alternatives 	engineering designs but not able to justifyNot able to justify the	 Able to generate engineering designs with justification Able to justify the comparison with criteria 		Committee consisting of (s), HoD, Mini-project
Apply formal decision- making tools to select optimal engineering design solutions for further development	Able to identify but not able to choose optimum one	Able to identify optimum onebut notabletouseit	Able to use optimum one but not able to justify	Able to use optimum one with justification	15	coordinator and guide Each will evaluate for 15 marks and
Build models/ prototypes to develop diverse set of design solutions and develop drawings		• Able to use the tool but not able to generate alternatives	C C	Able to generate and justify the best solution		average of all the three is the marks awarded

R3: Rubrics for evaluation by the guide(s): Before one week from the end of 6th semester of B.E.

Evaluation		Total	Evaluated			
Criteria	Needs improvement (Poor)	Acceptable (Average)	Satisfactory (Good)	Proficient (Excellent)	Marks	by
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		
Identify	 Engineering systems are 					
engineering	identified but not clear.	clear. Variables, and	identified. Variables, and	identified. Variables, and		
systems,	Variables, and parameters	parameters to solve the	parameters to solve the	parameters to solve the		
variables, and	to solve the problems are	problems are not defined	problems are partially	problems are completely		
parameters	not defined		defined	defined		

to solve the problems Technical Knowledge and Awareness related to the Project	•	Poor knowledge and no awareness related to project	•	Lacks sufficient knowledge and Awareness	•	Fair knowledge and awareness related to the project	•	Extensive knowledge and awareness related to the project	20	Guide(s)
Regularity and Attendance	•	Irregular and inconsistent in work	•	Reports to the guide but lacks consistency	•	Reports to the guide very often but not very consistent	•	Reports to the guide regularly and consistent in work		
Read, understandand interpret technical and non-technical information	•	Able to identify non- technical information	•	Able to read technical and non-technical information, but could not understand and interpret	•	Able to read, understand technical and non-technical information, but could not interpret	•	Able to read, understand and interpret technical and non-technical information		

R4: Rubrics for SEE evaluation

Evaluation Criteria	Very poor (2)	Poor (4)	Average (6)	Good (8)	Very good (10)	Total marks	Evaluated by
Generate information through appropriate tests to improve or revise design	Not able to identify suitable teststobedone	Abletoidentify butnotableto follow testing procedure	Able to follow testing procedures but not able to collect information	Able to collect information but not able to apply it for improvement	Able to apply information for the improvement		
Use appropriate procedures, tools and techniques to conduct experiments and collect data	 Not able to identify tools, techniques and procedures 	Abletoidentify but notable to conduct experiments	Able to conduct experiments but not able to follow procedure	Able to follow procedure but not able to collect data	Able to collect dataasperthe standards		
Analyze data for trendsand correlations, stating possibleerrorsand limitations	Not able to understand data	Able to understand but not able to analyze data	Able to analyze data but not able to correlate them	Able to correlate but not able to identify errors and limitations	,	50	External + Internal Examiners

Present resultsas a team, with smooth integration of contributions from all team • Contributions from an individual to a team is minimal to a team is minimal to a team is moderate • Contributions from an individual to a team is moderate • Contributions from an individual to a team is moderate • Contributions from an individual to a team is moderate • Contributions from an individual to a team is moderate • Contributions from an individual to a team is moderate • Contribution from an individual to a team is moderate • Contribution from an individual to a team is moderate • Contribution from an individual to a team is moderate • Contribution from an individual to a team is moderate	Deliver effective oral presentations to technical and non-technical audiences	• Could not deliver effective presentations.	 Could not deliver presentation, but presentation was prepared and attempted. 	Able to deliver fair presentation but not able to answer to the audiences	 Deliver effective presentations but able to answer partially to the audience queries. 	 Deliver effective presentation and able to answer all queries of the audience.
	eam, with smooth ntegration of	Contribution from an individual to a	Contributions from an individual	Contributions from an individual to	A contribution from an individual to a	Contribution from an individual to a

Course Code:
Hours/Week: (L:T:P:S): 0:0:2:0
Total Hours Per Semester : 26hrs

YOGA (Common to All Branches)

Credit:	00
CIE Marks:	100
SEE Marks:	00

Semester V						
Patanjali's Ashtanga Yoga its need and importance.	Patanjali's Ashtanga Yoga its need and importance.					
Ashtanga Yoga1.Asana2.Pranayama3.Pratyahara						
Asana its meaning by name, technique, precautionary m	easures and benefits of each asana					
Different types of Asanas						
Sitting	1.Ardha Ushtrasana					
	2.Vakrasana					
	3.Yogamudr a in Padmasana					
Standing	1.UrdhvaHastothanasana					
	2.Hastapadasa					
	3.ParivrittaTrikonasana					
	4.Utkatasana					
Prone line	1.Padangushtha Dhanurasana					
	2.Poorna Bhujangasana/ Rajakapotasan					
Supine line	1.Sarvangasana					
	2.Chakraasan					
	3.Navasana/Noukasana					
	4.Pavanamuktasana					
Revisi on of practice 60 strokes/min 3 rounds						
Meaning by name, technique, precautionary measures and benefits of each Pranayama						
1 Ujayi						
2 Sheetali						
3	Sheektari					

Course Code: BHSB560M	National Service Scheme	Credit : 00
Hours/Week (L:T:P:S): 0:0:2:0	(NSS)	CIE Marks: 100
Total Hours Per Semester : 26	(COMMON TO ALL BRANCHES)	SEE Marks: 00

Course objectives:

National Service Scheme(NSS) will enable the students to:

- 1. Understand the community in general in which they work.
- 2. Identify the needs and problems of the community and involve them in problem–solving.
- 3. Develop among themselves a sense of social & civic responsibility & utilize their. Knowledge in finding practical solutions to individual and community problems.
- 4. Develop competence required for group-living and sharing of responsibilities & gains kills In mobilizing community participation to acquire leadership qualities and democratic attitudes.
- 5. Develop capacity to meet emergencies and natural disasters &practice national integration and social harmony in general.

General Instructions-Pedagogy:

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the activities will develop students' theoretical and applied social and cultural skills.
- 2. State the need for NSS activities and its present relevance in the society and Provide real-life examples.
- 3. Support and guide the students for self-planned activities.
- 4. You will also be responsible for assigning home work, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students' progress in real activities in the field.
- 5. Encourage the students for group work to improve their creative and analytical skills.

National Service Scheme (NSS)—Contents

- 1. Organic farming ,Indian Agriculture(Past,Present and Future) Connectivity for marketing.
- 2. Waste management–Public, Private and Govtorganization, 5R's.
- 3. Settingoftheinformationimpartingclubforwomenleadingtocontributioninso cialandeconomicissues.
- 4. Waterconservationtechniques—Roleofdifferentstakeholders—Implementation.
- 5. Preparinganactionablebusinessproposalforenhancingthevillageincomeandapp roachforimplementation.
- 6. HelpinglocalschoolstoachievegoodresultsandenhancetheirenrolmentinHigher/ technical vocation.
- 7. Developing Sustainable Water management system for rural areas and implementation approaches.
- 8. ContributiontoanynationallevelinitiativeofGovernmentofIndia.Foreg.DigitalIndia, SkillIndia,SwatchBharat, Atma nirbhar Bharath, Make in India, Mudra scheme, Skill development programs etc.
- 9. Spreadingpublicawarenessunderruraloutreachprograms.(minimum5programs).
- 10. Social connect and responsibilities.
- 11. Plantation and adoption of plants. Know your plants.
- 12. Organize National integrationandsocial harmonyevents/workshops/seminars.(Minimum02programs).
- 13. Govt.schoolRejuvenationandhelpingthemtoachieve goodinfrastructure.
- 14. NOTE:

- 15. Student/s in individual or in agroup Should select any one activity in the beginning of each semester till end of that respective semester for successful completion as per the instructions of NSS officer with the consent of HOD of the department.
- 16. Attheendofeverysemester, activity reports hould be submitted for evaluation.

Distribution of Activities – Semester wise from 3^{rd} to 6^{th} semester

Sem	Topics/Activities to be Covered					
	1. Organic farming, Indian Agriculture (Past, Presentand Future) Connectivity					
3 rd Semfor	formarketing.					
2575	2. Waste management–Public, Private and Govtorganization,5R's.					
25Marks	3. Setting of the in formation imparting club for women leading to					
	contributionin social and economic issues.					
_	4. Water conservationtechniques –Role of different take holders–Implementation.					
4thSemfo	5. Preparinganaction ablebusinessproposal for enhancing the village in come					
r	and approach for implementation.6. HelpinglocalschoolstoachievegoodresultsandenhancetheirenrolmentinHigher/					
25Marks	technical/vocationaleducation.					
201/141115	7. Developing Sustainable Water management system forruralareas and					
	implementationapproaches.					
_41	8. Contribution to any national level initiative of Government of India. Foreg.					
5 th Semfo	Digital India, SkillIndia, Swachh Bharat, Atmanirbhar Bharath,					
r25Mark s	MakeinIndia,Mudrascheme,Skilldevelopmentprogramsetc. 9. Spreading publicawareness underruraloutreachprograms.(minimum5programs).					
5						
	10. Social connect and responsibilities.					
6 th Semfo	11. Plantation and adoption of plants. Know your plants.					
r	12. Organize Nation alintegration and social					
	harmonyevents/workshops/seminars.(Minimum02programs).					
25Marks	13. Govt.school Rejuvenation and helping them to achieve good infrastructure.					

 $\label{lem:pedagogy-Guidelines} Pedagogy-Guidelines, it may differ depending on local resources available for the study as well as environment and climatic differences, location and time of execution.$

SIN o	Topic	Groups ize	Location	Activityex ecution	Reporting	EvaluationOf theTopic
1.	Organicfarming,Indian Agriculture (Past,Present and Future)Connectivity formarketing.	May beindivid ual orteam	Farmers land/Villages/roadside /communityarea/ Collegecampusetc	Siteselection/properco nsultation/Continuous monitoring/Informatio nboard	Reportshouldbe submitted byindividual to theconcernedev aluationauthorit y	Evaluation asper the rubricsOf scheme andsyllabusbyNS Sofficer
2.	Waste management— Public,PrivateandGovto rganization,5 R's.	May beindivid ual orteam	Villages/CityAreas/G rama panchayat/publicassoci ations/GovernmentSche mesofficers/ campusetc	Siteselection/properco nsultation/Continuous monitoring/Informatio nboard	Reportshouldbe submitted byindividual to theconcernedev aluationauthorit y	Evaluation asper the rubricsOf scheme andsyllabusbyNS Sofficer
3.	Setting of theinformation impartingclub forwomenleadingtoco ntributioninsocial andeconomicissues.	May beindivid ual orteam	Women empowermentgroups/ ConsultingNGOs & Govt Teams /Collegecampusetc	Groupselection/proper consultation/Continuou s monitoring/Informatio nboard	Reportshouldbe submitted byindividual to theconcernedev aluationauthorit y	Evaluation asper the rubricsOf scheme andsyllabusbyNS Sofficer
4.	Water conservationtechnique s – Role ofdifferentstakeholder s–Implementation.	May beindivid ual orteam	Villages/CityAreas/G rama panchayat/publicassoci ations/GovernmentSche mesofficers/ campusetc	siteselection /properconsultation/Co ntinuous monitoring/Informati onboard	Reportshouldbe submitted byindividual to theconcernedev aluationauthorit y	Evaluation asper the rubricsOf scheme andsyllabusbyNS Sofficer
5.	Preparinganactionableb usiness proposal forenhancing the villageincome and approachforimplement ation.	May beindivid ual orteam	Villages/CityAreas/G rama panchayat/publicassoci ations/GovernmentSche mesofficers/ campusetc	Groupselection/proper consultation/Continuou s monitoring/Informatio nboard	Reportshouldbe submitted byindividual to theconcernedev aluationauthorit y	Evaluation asper the rubricsOf scheme andsyllabusbyNS Sofficer

6.	Helpinglocalschoolstoa chievegoodresultsand enhance theirenrolmentin Higher/ technical/vocationale ducation.	May beindivid ual orteam		Schoolselection/prope rconsultation/Continuo us monitoring/Informatio nboard	submitted byindividual to theconcernedev	Evaluation asper the rubricsOf scheme andsyllabusbyNS Sofficer
7.	Developing SustainableWater managementsystem for rural areasand implementationapproaches.	orteam		siteselection/properco nsultation/Continuous monitoring/Informatio nboard	submitted byindividual to theconcernedev	Evaluation asper the rubricsOf scheme andsyllabusbyNS Sofficer
8.	Contribution to anynational level initiativeofGovernment ofIndia.For eg. Digital India,Skill India, SwachhBharat, AtmanirbharBharath, Make inIndia,Mudraschem e,Skill developmentprogram setc.	May beindivid ual orteam	Villages/CityAreas/G rama panchayat/publicassoci ations/GovernmentSche mesofficers/ campusetc	Groupselection/proper consultation/Continuou s monitoring /Informationboard	1	Evaluation asper the rubricsOf scheme andsyllabusbyNS Sofficer
9.	Spreading publicawareness under ruraloutreachprogram s.(minimum5program s).////Socialconnect andresponsibilities.	May beindivid ual orteam	Villages/CityAreas/G rama panchayat/publicassoci ations/GovernmentSche mesofficers/ campusetc	Groupselection/proper consultation/Continuou s monitoring /Informationboard	submitted byindividual to theconcernedev	Evaluation asper the rubricsOf scheme andsyllabusbyNS Sofficer
10.	Plantationandadoptiono f plants. Know yourplants.	May beindivid ual orteam	rama	Placeselection/proper consultation/Continuou s monitoring /Informationboard	submitted byindividual to theconcernedev	Evaluation asper the rubricsOf scheme andsyllabusbyNS Sofficer

11.	Organize	May	Villages/CityAreas/G	Placeselection/proper	Reportshouldbe	Evaluation asper
	Nationalintegrationa	beindivid	rama	consultation/Continuou	submitted	the rubricsOf
	ndsocialharmonyeve	ual	panchayat/publicassoci	s monitoring	byindividual to	scheme
	nts	orteam	ations/GovernmentSche	/Informationboard	theconcernedev	andsyllabusbyNS
	/workshops		mesofficers/		aluationauthorit	Sofficer
	/seminars.(Minimum0		campusetc		у	
	2 programs).					
12.	Govt.	May	Villages/CityAreas/G	Placeselection/proper	Reportshouldbe	Evaluation asper
	schoolRejuvenati	beindivid	rama	consultation/Continuou	submitted	the rubricsOf
	on andhelping	ual	panchayat/publicassoci	s monitoring	byindividual to	scheme
	them	orteam	ations/GovernmentSche	/Informationboard	theconcernedev	andsyllabusbyNS
	toachievegoodinf		mesofficers/		aluationauthorit	Sofficer
	rastructure.		campusetc		у	

Plan of Action (Execution of Activities For Each Semester)

Sl.NO	PracticeSessionDescription
1	LecturesessionbyNSSOfficer
2	StudentsPresentation onTopics
3	Presentation- 1,Selectionoftopic,PHASE-1
4	Commencementofactivityanditsprogress-PHASE- 2
5	Execution of Activity
6	ExecutionofActivity
7	ExecutionofActivity
8	ExecutionofActivity
9	ExecutionofActivity
10	CasestudybasedAssessment,Individualperformance
11	Sectorwise study anditsconsolidation
12	Videobasedseminarfor10minutes byeachstudent Attheendofsemesterwith Report.

- Ineverysemester from3rdsemesterto6thsemester,Eachstudentshoulddoactivitiesaccordingtothescheme and syllabus.
- At the end of every semester student performance has to be evaluated by the NSS officer for theassignedactivityprogress and its completion.
- At last in 6th semester consolidated report of all activities from 3rd to 6th semester, compiledreportshould be submitted as per theinstructions.

	tcomes: After completing the course, the students will be able to
C O 1:	Recognize and understand their roles and responsibilities towards society for its betterment.
CO2:	Analyze environmental and societal issues and design effective and sustainable solutions
CO3:	Assess existing systems critically and propose practical, innovative solutions to promote sustainable development
CO4:	Plan and implement government-led or self-initiated projects efficiently for community and societal welfare
CO5:	Develop the ability to respond to emergencies and natural disasters, while fostering national integration, social harmony, and unity.

AssessmentDetails forCIE(bothCIE andSEE)

Weightage	CIE-100%	•	Implementationstrategiesoftheproject(NSSwo
Presentation -1	10Marks		rk).
Selectionoftopic,PHASE-1		•	The last report should be signed
Commencementofactivityand itsprogress-	10Marks		byNSSOfficer,theHODandprincipal.
PHASE-2		•	Atlastreportshould beevaluated
Casestudybased Assessment	10Marks		bytheNSSofficer of the institute.
Individualperformance		•	Finallytheconsolidatedmarkssheetshouldbesen
Sectorwisestudyand its consolidation	10Marks		t to the university and also to be
Videobasedseminarfor10minutesbyeach	10Marks		madeavailableat LICvisit.
studentAttheendofsemesterwithReport.			
Totalmarksforthecourseineachsemester	50Marks		

Marksscoredfor50bythestudentsshouldbeScaledownto25marksIneachsemester for CIEentryintheVTUportal.

25marksCIEentry will beenteredinUniversity IAmarksportalattheendofeachsemester3rdto6th sem,Reportandassessmentcopyshouldbe madeavailableinthedepartmentsemesterwise.

Studentsshouldpresenttheprogressoftheactivities as perthes chedule in the prescribed practical session in the field. The reshould be epositive progress in the vertical order for the benefit of society in general.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books:

- 1. NSS CourseManual, PublishedbyNSSCell,VTUBelagavi.
- 2. GovernmentofKarnataka, NSS cell, activities reports and its manual.
- 3. GovernmentofIndia,nsscell,Activitiesreportsanditsmanual.

CO-PO Mapping

	Course Code :BHSC560M		PO	РО	PO	PO	РО	РО	PO	P _C C ₁				P00) P	P
	Hours/Week (L:T:P:S) : 0:0:		2	₿HY	S4CA			O/N A	ND	9 C				S10) (S	S
	Total Hours Per Semester : 2	6hrs				SPO				SI	EĘ	Mai	·ks :	O_0	O (О
/						(P	/	_			0	1	2	1	2	3
N				(C	ommo	n to A	All Br	anche	es)							
o	Programme															
	Outcomes															
	Course Outcomes															
Afi	er successful completion of				•			•								
	course the students will be															
abl	e to:															
1	Recognize and understand	-	-	1	-	-	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	-	-	-
	their roles and responsibilities															
	towards society for its															
	betterment.															
2	Analyze environmental and	-	-	1	-	-	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	-	-	-
	societal issues and design															
	effective and sustainable solutions															
3	Assess existing systems	_		1	_	_	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	_		
)	critically and propose	_	_	1	_	_	1	2	1	1	1	۷	1	_	_	-
	practical, innovative solutions															
	to promote sustainable															
	development															
4	Plan and implement	-	-	1	-	-	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	-	-	-
	government-led or self-initiated															
	projects efficiently for community and societal welfare															
	community and societal wellate															
5	Develop the ability to respond	_	_	1	_	-	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	-	-	_
	to emergencies and natural															
	disasters, while fostering															
	national integration, social															
	harmony, and unity.															

Cou	rse Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to
1.	Understand the fundamental concepts and skills of Physical Education, Health, Nutrition
	and Fitness
2.	Familiarization of health- related Exercises, Sports for overall growth and development
3.	Create a foundation for the professionals in Physical Education and Sports
4.	Participate in the competition at regional/state/national/international levels.
5.	Create consciousness among the students on Health, Fitness and Wellness in developing
	and maintaining a healthy lifestyle.
6.	Understand and practice of Traditional Games

Modu	lle I: Orientation	4Hours
A.	Lifestyle	

B.	Health & Wellness	
C.	Pre-Fitness test.	
	dule II: General Fitness & Components of Fitness	4Hours
-	A. Warming up (Free Handexercises)	·
	B. Strength–Push-up/ Pull-ups	
	C. Speed–30Mtr Dash	
Mod	ule III: Specific games (Any one to be selected by the student)	16Hours
1.	Kabaddi-Hand touch, Toe Touch, Thigh Hold, Ankle hold and Bonus.	
2.	Kho-Kho-GivingKho,Single Chain,Pole dive,Pole turning,3-6Up.	
Mod	ule IV: Orientation	4Hours
A.	Postural deformities.	
B.	Stress management	
Mod	ule V: Specific Games (Any one to be selected by the student)	16Hours
A.	Throw ball	
B.	Table Tennis	
C.	Athletics (Field Events-Jumps)—Any event as per availability of Ground.	
Mod	ule VI: Aerobics	4 Hours
Sc	heme and Assessment for auditing the course and Grades:	
Sl.N		Marks
1.	Participation of student in all the modules	20
2.	Quizzes–2,each of 15marks	30
3.	Final presentation / exhibition / Participation in competitions/	50
	practical on specific tasks assigned to the students	
	Total	100

Cour	se Outcomes:									
1.Ide	ntify and Understand common postural deformities and apply stress management	ent								
techn	iques in the context of sports and athletics									
2.Par	ticipate Confidently in competitions at regional, state, national, and internation	al levels								
3.Der	monstrate Proficiency in specific games and athletic jumping events through re-	gular								
practi	ice and skill development.									
4.Und	4. Understand and Perform various Aerobic exercises for fitness and endurance enhancement.									
	quire Skills and Practice specific games and athletic throwing events with prop	er								
techn	iques and strategies									
Mod	lule I: Ethics and Moral Values	4Hours								
A.	Ethics in Sports									
B.	Moral Values in Sports and Games									
Modu	ule II: Specific Games (Any one to be selected by the student)	16Hours								
A.	Volley ball–Attack, Block, Service, Upper Hand Pass and Lower hand Pass.									
B.	Athletics (TrackEvents) – Any event as per availability of Ground									
Modu	ule III: Role of Organisation and administration	4Hours								

PO	P	P	P	P	P	P								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	О	O	О	S	S	S
									1	1	1	Ο	Ο	О
									0	1	2	1	2	3

N	Р ио сиомум о														
О	Programme														
	Outcomes														
	Course Outcomes														
	ter successful completion of														
	course the students will be														
abl	e to:													 	
1	Identify and Understand	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1		
	common postural deformities														
	and apply stress management														
	techniques in the context of														
	sports and athletics														
2	Participate Confidently in	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1		
	competitions at regional,														
	state, national, and														
	international levels														
3	Demonstrate Proficiency in	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1		
	specific games and athletic														
	jumping events through														
	regular practice and skill														
	development.														
4	Understand and Perform	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1		
	various Aerobic exercises for														
	fitness and endurance														
	enhancement.														
5	Acquire Skills and Practice	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	_	1		
	specific games and athletic														
	throwing events with proper														
	techniques and strategies														

6th Semester Syllabus

Course Code: 22UEC620C	Distal Communication	Credits: 03
$L:T:P - N_L:N_T:N_P$	Digital Communication	CIEMarks:50
Total Hours/Week: 40		SEEMarks:50

UNIT-I 10 Hrs.

Digital Modulation Techniques: Phase shift Keying techniques using coherent detection: generation, detection and error probabilities of BPSK and QPSK, M-ary PSK, M-ary QAM. Frequency shift keying techniques using Coherent detection: BFSK generation, detection and error probability. Non coherent orthogonal modulation techniques: BFSK, DPSK Symbol representation, Block diagrams of Transmitter and Receiver, Probability of error performance measures of BPSK, ASK, BFSK system

UNIT-II 10 Hrs.

Signaling Communication through Band Limited AWGN Channels: Signalling over AWGN Channels-Introduction, Geometric representation of signals, Gram- Schmidt Orthogonalization procedure, Conversion of the continuous AWGN channel into a vector channel (without statistical characterization), Optimum receivers using coherent detection: ML Decoding, Correlation receiver, matched filter receiver. Linear Equalization, Decision feedback equalization.

UNIT-III 10 Hrs.

Fading Channel I: Characterization and Signaling: Characterization of Fading Multipath Channels, the effect of signal Characteristics on the choice of channel model, Frequency, -Nonselective, slowly fading channel,

Diversity Techniques for fading Multipath Channels, The Rake Demodulator.

UNIT-IV 10 Hrs.

Spread Spectrum Signals for Digital Communication: Model of Spread Spectrum Digital Communication system, Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum signal, Effect of De-spreading on a narrowband Interference, Probability of error (statement only), Some applications of DS Spread Spectrum Signals, Generation of PN Sequences, Frequency Hopped Spread Spectrum, CDMA system, Spread Spectrum applications.

Reference Books *

- 1. Simon Haykin, "Digital Communication Systems", John Wiley & sons, First Edition, 2014, ISBN 978-0-471-64735-5.
- 2. John G Proakis and Masoud Salehi, "Fundamentals of Communication Systems", 2014 Edition, Pearson Education, ISBN 978-8-131-70573-5.

Course Outcomes**

- 1. Analyze and compute performance of digital modulation techniques like BPSK, QPSK, M-ary schemes.
- 2. Apply signal space concepts to model and optimize communication through AWGN channels.
- 3. Demonstrate understanding of fading channels and diversity techniques such as RAKE receivers.
- 4. Describe and evaluate spread spectrum and CDMA systems in digital communication applications.

Cos/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	Pso3
C 0 5/ 1 C 5	101	10-	100	1 - 0 -	100	100	10,	100	10/	1 0 1 0	1	1012	1 500

CO1	3	2	2	1	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	1	1
CO2	3	2	2	1	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	1	1
CO3	3	2	2	1	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	1	1
CO4	3	2	2	1	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	1	1

SUBJECTCODE: 22UEC621C	CMOS Digital VLSI Design	Credits:03
L:T:P -3-0-0	CMOS Digital VLSI Design	CIEMarks:50
TotalHours/Week:03		SEEMarks:50
UNIT-I		10 Hrs.

Introduction: A Brief History, Preview, MOS Transistors, CMOS Logic, CMOS Fabrication and Layout, Design Partitioning. **MOS Transistor Theory:** Introduction, Long- Channel I-V Characteristics, C-VCharacteristics (simple MOS capacitance models), Nonideal I-VE ffects, DC Transfer Characteristics. **CMOS Processing Technology:** Introduction, CMOS Technologies.

UNIT-II 10 Hrs.

Delay: Introduction, Transient Response, RC Delay Model, Linear Delay Model (Logical effort, parasitic delay, delay in logic gate, drive), Logical Effort of Paths, **Power:** Introduction, Dynamic Power, Static Power.

UNIT-III 10 Hrs.

Interconnect: Introduction (wire Geometry), Interconnect Modeling, Interconnect Impact (Delay, Energy, Cross talk). Combinational Circuit Design: Introduction, Circuit families, Silicon-On-InsulatorCircuitDesign.

UNIT-IV 10 Hrs.

Sequential Circuit Design: Introduction, Circuit Design of Latches and Flip Flops (conventional CMOS latches, conventional CMOS flip flops, pulsed latches, resettable latches and flip flops, enabled latches and flipflops, incorporating logic into latches, dual edge triggered flipflops. **Array Subsystems:** Introduction, SRAM (SRAM cells, ROW circuitry, column circuitry),Read-Only Memory, Serial Access Memories, Content Addressable Memory, Programmable Logic Arrays.

Reference Books*

Text Book:

1. NeilH.E.Weste, David Harris "CMOS VLSI Design A Circuits and Systems Perspective" Pearson Education Publisher, FourthEdition, 2015.

Reference Books:

- 1. Jan M. Rabaey, Anantha Chandrakasan, Borivoje Nikolic "Digital Integrated Circuits A Design Perspective" Pearson Education Publisher, Second Edition.2010.
- 2. John P Uyemura "Introduction to VLSI Circuits and Systems" Wiley Publication 2002.
- 3. R. Jcob Baker, Harry W. Li and David E Boyce "CMOS Circuit Design, Layout, and Simulation"

Course Outcomes**

- 1. Draw the layout of CMOS circuits; apply the knowledge of fabrication processes and MOSFET transistors in VLSI design.
- 2. Draw RC equivalent circuit of CMOS circuits and estimate delay and power.
- 3. Model & design of interconnects in chips, design of combinational circuits.
- 4. Design basic buildings of sequential and memory blocks using MOSFET transistors.

Course Outcomes		Programme Outcomes(POs)												Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3					
CO1	3	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0					
CO2	3	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	0					
CO3	3	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	0					
CO4	3	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	0					

Course Code: 22UEC622C		Cı	redits: 03
L:T:P - 3 :0: 0	Microwave and Antenna Theory	CIE	Marks:50
Total Hours/Week: 03		SEE	Marks:50
	UNIT-I		10 Hrs.

Introduction to microwaves: Microwave frequencies, IEEE microwave frequency bands. **Microwave transmission lines and rectangular waveguides**: Introduction, transmission line equations, characteristic and input impedances, reflection and transmission coefficients, standing wave and SWR. Introduction to rectangular waveguides, TE and TM modes in rectangular waveguides.

Microwave vacuum tube device: Introduction, reflex klystron oscillator (mechanism of oscillation, mode of oscillation, power output and efficiency, mode curve), two cavity klystron amplifier (mechanism of operation).

UNIT-II 10 Hrs.

Microwave network theory and passive devices: Introduction, S-matrix representation of multiport network, properties of S-matrix, matched terminations, rectangular to circular waveguide transition, attenuators, precision phase shifter, waveguide tees, E-plane tee, H-plane tee, magictee, applications of magic tee, faraday rotation isolator, four-port circulator, 2-hole directional coupler.

Microwave application: Microwave radar systems (radar equation, pulsed radar, CW doppler radar, FMCW radar).

UNIT-III 10 Hrs.

Fundamental Parameters of Antennas: Introduction, radiation pattern, radiation power density, radiation intensity, beam width, directivity, antenna efficiency, gain, beam efficiency, bandwidth, polarization, effective height, input impedance, antenna radiation efficiency, maximum directivity and maximum effective area, Friis transmission equation.

Antenna arrays: Array of two point sources, broad side array, end fire array, n-isotropic array, pattern multiplication. binomial and Chebyshev arrays, phased array.

UNIT-IV 10 Hrs.

Antenna Aperture: aperture concept, types of aperture, maximum effective aperture of short dipole and half wave dipole.

Antenna practice: Yagi-Uda antenna, turnstile antenna, log periodic antenna, helical antenna, rhombic antenna, horn antenna, parabolic reflector antennas, micro strip antenna and their feed systems.

Reference Books *

- 1. AnnapurnaDas, SisirK.Das, "MicrowaveEngineering", TMH, 2ndEd, NewDelhi, 2009.
- 2. SamuelY.Liao, "MicrowaveDevicesandCircuits", PearsonEducation, 3rdEd, NewDelhi, 2003.
- 3. JohnD.Krauss, Ronald J.Marhefka, Ahmad SKhan, "Antennas and Wave Propagation", McGraw Hill, 5th Ed, New Delhi, 2017.
- 4. Constantine A. Balanis, "Antenna Theory: Analysis and Design", John Wiley, 4th Ed, New Delhi, 2016
- 5. K.D.Prasad, "Antenna Wave Propogation", Satyaprakshan, 5thEd, New Delhi 2009.
- 7. P.E.Collins, "AntennasandRadioPropagation", McGraw-Hill, NewDelhi, 1985

Course Outcomes**

- 1 Acquire the knowledge of transmission line theory, rectangular waveguides and describe microwave vacuum tube device.
- 2 Analyze microwave passive devices with scattering parameters, and apply microwave application in radar systems.

- 3 Compute basic antenna parameters using radiation patterns, analyzeand design antenna arrays.
- 4 Analyze The Importance Of Antenna Aperture, explain the working principle of different antennas and their usage in real time field.

*Books to be listed as per the format with decreasing level of coverage of syllabus

** Each CO to be written with proper action word and should be assessable and quantifiable

Course Outcomes		POs												PSOs		
	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	0	
CO1	3	2	1	-	2	1	1	-	-	_	-	1	3	-	-	
CO2	3	3	2	1	2	1	1	-	-	1	-	1	3	-	-	
CO3	3	2	2	1	3	1	1	-	-	1	-	1	3	-	-	
CO4	3	2	2	1	2	1	1	-	-	1	-	1	3	-	-	

SUBJECT CODE: 22UEC623C

 $\frac{3:T:3 - N_L: N_T: N_P}{\text{Total Hours/Week: 03}}$

ARM MICROCONTROLLER

Credits: 02

CIEMarks:50

SEEMarks:50

UNIT-I xx Hrs.

TheARM7TDMI Programmer's Model :Introduction , Data Types , Processor Modes , Registers ,Program Status Registers : The Control Bits , The Mode Bits , The Vector Table. *First Programs: Introduction :* Program1: Shifting Data ,Running the Code ,Examining Register and Memory Contents Program2:FactorialCalculation , Program3:SwappingRegisterContents

Assembler Rules and Directives : Introduction, Structure of Assembly Language Modules, Predefined Register Names.

UNIT-II xx Hrs.

 $\label{eq:control_co$

UNIT-III xx Hrs.

Loads, Stores: *The Instructions*, Operand Addressing: Pre-Indexed Addressing, Post-Indexed Addressing Endianness: Changing Endianness, Defining Memory Areas. Constants and Literal Pools: Introduction, The ARM Rotation Scheme, Loading Constants into Registers, Loading Addresses into Registers. Logic and Arithmetic: Introduction, Flags and Their Use, The N Flag, The V Flag, The Z Flag, The C Flag. Comparison Instructions.

UNIT-IV xx Hrs.

Data Processing Operations: Boolean Operations, Shifts and Rotates Addition/Subtraction, Multiplication, Multiplication by a Constant, Division, Fractional Notation. *Loops and Branches*: Introduction, Branching, Looping, While Loops, For Loops Do-While Loops, *Tables*: Introduction, Lookup Tables, Jump Tables, Binary Searches.

Reference Books *

- 3. William Hohl, (2009), ARM Assembly Language(Fundamentals and Techniques (1st edition), Publisher CRC Press
- 4. Steve Furber, (2000) "ARM System on Chip Architecture", Edition 2, Pearson Education Limited,.

Course Outcomes**

- 1. Demonstrate proficiency in utilizing ARM development tools to write and debug assembly language programs, showing a deep comprehension of the ARM programmer's model.
- 2. Exhibit competence in writing and executing simple ARM assembly language programs, incorporating data processing, data transfer, and control flow instructions effectively.
- 3. Demonstrate skill in using the ARM instruction set to perform various operations, including branching, data processing, and coprocessor instructions.

^{*}Books to be listed as per the format with decreasing level of coverage of syllabus

^{**} Each CO to be written with proper action word and should be assessable and quantifiable

Course Outcomes		Programme Outcomes (POs)											Program Speci Outcomes (PSC				
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3		
CO1	3	3	3	1	3	1	1	1	2	1	0	1	0	3	0		
CO2	3	3	3	1	3	1	1	1	2	1	0	1	0	3	0		
CO3	3	3	3	1	3	1	1	1	2	1	2	1	0	3	0		
CO4	3	2	3	1	3	1	1	1	2	1	2	1	0	3	0		

Professional Elective Courses

SUBJECT CODE- 22UEC627E		(Credits: 03					
L:T:P - N _L : 3 N _T : 0 N _P 0	MULTIMEDIA COMMUNICATIONS	CI	E Marks: 50					
Total Hours/Week: 03		SE	E Marks: 50					
UNIT-I 10 Hrs.								
Introduction, Multimedia information representation, Multimedia networks, Multimedia applications. Introduction, Digitization principles, Text, Images, Audio, Video.								

UNIT-II 10 Hrs.

Text and Image Compression: Introduction, Compression principles, Text compression, image compression

UNIT-III 10 Hrs.

Audio and Video Compression: Introduction, Audio compression, Video compression,

UNIT-IV 10 Hrs.

Multimedia Network Communications: Multimedia over IP, Multimedia over ATM Networks, Transport of MPEG-4, Media-on-demand, Multimedia over Wireless Networks.

Reference Books *

Text Books:

- 1. Multimedia Communications- Fred Halsall, Pearson Education, 2001, ISBN -9788131709948.
- 2. Fundamentals of Multimedia- Ze-Nian LI, Marks. Drew Pearson Education, ISBN -
- 3. Multimedia Communication Systems- K. R. Rao, Zoran S. Bojkovic, Dragorad A. Milovanovic, Pearson Education, 2004. ISBN -9788120321458.

Course Outcomes**

- 1. Identify the latest technological trends in multimedia communication to develop multimedia applications
- 2. Design and develop digital forms of text and image information of multimedia application.
- 3. Design and develop digital forms of audio and video information of multimedia application.
- 4. Identify the QoS parameters of deferent networks of multimedia
- *Books to be listed as per the format with decreasing level of coverage of syllabus
- ** Each CO to be written with proper action word and should be assessable and quantifiable

Course Outcomes				Programme Outcomes (POs)											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1:. Identify the latest technological trends in multimedia communication to develop multimedia applications	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1		1		1
CO2: Design and develop digital forms of text and image	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1		1		1

information of multimedia application.															
CO3: Design and develop digital forms of audio and video information of multimedia application.	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO4: Identify the QoS parameters of deferent networks of multimedia	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1		1		1

Course Code: 22UEC629E		Credits: 03
$3:T:P - N_L : N_T: N_P$	Advanced Python Programming	CIEMarks:50
Total Hours/Week: 03		SEEMarks:50

UNIT-I 10 Hrs.

Basic of python data structure - Dictionary, Tuple and Set: Introduction to Strings, Lists, Set, Sets in Python, Create a Set, Accessing Python Sets, Delete from sets, Update

Sets, Python Set Operations, Tuple, Tuples in Python, Creating Tuples

Accessing Tuple, Iterate over tuples, Slicing tuples, Tuples are Immutable, Python Tuple Operations, Built-In Tuple Functions and methods, Dictionary, Dictionaries in Python, Creating Dictionaries, Accessing Items in Python Dictionaries, Add, Update, Remove in Dictionaries, Properties of Dictionary Keys Built-In Dictionary Methods and functions.

UNIT-II xx Hrs.

Modules and Packages: Introduction to module, Creating user defined module, Importing a module in python, Normal import, From import, From import with *, Module search path, Introduction to Packages, Creating user defined package, Importing a package in python, Normal import, From import, From import with *, Intra-package References, Installing PIP, Installing/uninstalling python packages.

UNIT-III xx Hrs.

Exception handling: Introduction to Exception, Types of Exceptions, Built-in Exceptions, User defined Exceptions, Raising Exceptions, Handling Exceptions, Try clause, Except clause, Finally clause.

UNIT-IV xx Hrs.

Files Handling: Introduction to files and its types., Binary files, Text files, Opening and Closing Text File, Reading and Writing Files, Setting Offsets in File, Object Serialization - Pickle Module.

Reference Books *

- 1. Cody Jackson, Learn Programming in Python with Cody Jackson, Packt Publishing, 2018, ISBN 9781789531947
- 2. David Amos, Dan Bader et. al., Python Basics: A Practical Introduction to Python 3, Real Python, 2021 ISBN: 9781775093329
- 3. E. Balagurusamy, Introduction to Problem Solving with Python, Mc Graw Hill India, New Delhi, 2017 ISBN: 9789352602582
- 4. James Payne, Beginning Python, Wiley, 2010 ISBN: 9780470414637
- 5. Allen Downey, Think Python, O'Reilly, USA, 2016, ISBN: 978-9352134755

Course Outcomes**

- 1. Develop python programs by applying data structures dictionary, tuple, and set concepts.
- 2. Develop modules and packages in python programs for modular programming approach.
- 3. Implement error handling techniques using exception handling.
- 4. Develop python programs using file input/output operations.

^{*}Books to be listed as per the format with decreasing level of coverage of syllabus

^{**} Each CO to be written with proper action word and should be assessable and quantifiable

Course Outcomes		Programme Outcomes (POs)										9	Prograr Specificutcom (PSOs)	c es
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	1	2	3
CO1	3	2	3	2	-	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
CO2	3	2	3	2	-	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
CO3	3	2	3	2	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
CO4	3	2	3	2	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	-

Course Code: 22UEC630E	For head dead Constant Dead on the Constant Cons	Credits: 3
L: T: P - 3:0:0	Embedded System Design using C	CIEMarks:50
Total Hours/Week: 03		SEEMarks:50

Course objectives:

This course will enable students to:

- 1. Understand the architecture, classifications, applications, and quality attributes of embedded systems, and compare them with general-purpose systems.
- 2. Develop foundational embedded firmware using Embedded C with emphasis on control flow, data operations, and memory usage.
- 3. Analyze and apply advanced Embedded C programming features for robust and efficient real-time embedded software development.
- 4. Design and write Embedded C programs for digital and analog interfacing using 8051 microcontroller and peripheral devices.

UNIT-I 10 Hrs.

Introduction to Embedded Systems: Definition of Embedded System, Embedded Systems VS. General Computing Systems, Classification of Embedded Systems, Major application areas of embedded systems, Purpose of embedded systems, **Block diagram of embedded system**: Input/output ports, memory, communication interfaces, Microprocessor and Microcontrollers.

Characteristics of an embedded system, Operational and non-operational quality attributes.

(Section 1.1,1.2,1.4,1.5,1.6, 2.1 to 2.2 (selected topics), 3.1 to 3.2 of Text book 1)

UNIT-II 10 Hrs.

Embedded Firmware Design and Development: Embedded firmware design approaches embedded firmware development languages,

Programming in embedded C: 'C' v/s. 'Embedded C', Compiler vs. Cross-Compiler.

Using 'C' in 'Embedded C': Keywords and identifiers, Data types, Storage class, Arithmetic operations, Logical operations, Relational operations, Branching instructions, Looping instructions, Arrays and pointers, Characters and strings, Functions, Function pointers.

(Section 9.1 to 9.3.3.12 of Text book 1)

UNIT-III

Programming in embedded C: Structures and unions, Pre-processors and Macros, Constant declarations, The 'Volatile' type qualifier, Delay generation and infinite loops, Bit manipulation operations, Coding Interrupt Service Routines (ISR), Recursive functions, Re-entrant functions, Dynamic memory allocation.

(Section 9.3.3.13 to 9.3.3.22 of Text book 1)

UNIT-IV

10 Hrs.

10 Hrs.

8051 pin configuration: General-Purpose Input Output (GPIO) control, Writing embedded C code for digital I/O operations, Interfacing and programming of LEDs, switches, buzzers and LCDs, Analog Interfacing and Programming: Interfacing ADC and sensors, DAC interfacing and waveform generation using embedded C.

(Chapters 4, 8, 12, and 13 (selected topics) of Text book 2)

Reference Books *

Book:

- 1. Introduction to embedded systems by Shibu K V, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, Second Edition.
- 2. The 8051 Microcontroller A Systems Approach by Mazidi McKinlay Mazidi, Pearson New

International Edition, First edition.

Reference Books:

- 1. Embedded System Design: A Unified Hardware/Software Approach by Frank Vahid and Tony Givargis, Wiley India Pvt. Limited, 2001
- 2. Programming Embedded Systems with C and GNU Development Tools by Michael Barr, Anthony Massa.
- 3. Embedded Software Development with C by <u>Kai Qian</u>, <u>David Den Haring</u>, <u>Li Cao</u>, <u>Springer</u> US, July 28, 2009

Course Outcomes**

- 1. Analyze key components and characteristics of embedded systems and evaluate their roles in real-time applications.
- 2. Implement basic embedded applications using Embedded C constructs like loops, functions, arrays, and pointers.
- 3. Develop optimized code using ISRs, memory management, bit manipulations, and reentrant functions for time-critical tasks.
- 4. Design interfacing solutions with 8051 for devices like LEDs, switches, LCDs, ADCs, and DACs using Embedded C.

^{**} Each CO to be written with proper action word and should be assessable and quantifiable

		POs PSOs												
Course Outcomes	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	1	2	3
CO1:	2	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
CO2:	2	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
CO3:	2	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
CO4:	2	3	2	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0

^{*}Books to be listed as per the format with decreasing level of coverage of syllabus

Open-Elective Courses

SUBJECT CODE: 22UEC631N	N. A. I. I.	Credits: 03
L:T:P - 3 : 0 : 0	Nanotechnology	CIE Marks: 50
Total Hours/Week: 03		SEE Marks: 50

UNIT-I 10 Hrs.

Introduction: The Canvas of nano-science and nanotechnology: - Nano and nature, Evolution of various technologies of the 20th century, Beginning of Nano. Introduction to Fullerenes: Introduction to fullerenes, Synthesis & purification of fullerenes, Conductivity & superconductivity in Fullerenes, Introduction, synthesis & purification of CNT's, filling & mechanism of growth of CNT's, Electronic structure, mechanical and physical properties of CNT's, applications of CNT's

UNIT-II 10 Hrs.

Semiconductor quantum dots: Introduction, synthesis of quantum dots, electronic structure ofnano-crystals. Nano shells: Introduction, types of nano-shells, properties and characterization.Nano sensor's: Introduction, Nano sensors, Nano sensors based on quantum size effects, electrochemical sensors, Nano biosensors and smart dust.

UNIT-III 10 Hrs.

Molecular Nano-machines: Introduction, covalent and non-conventional approaches, molecular motors and machines, molecular devices, single molecule devices. Nano-tribology: Introduction, studying tribology at the nano-scale, nano-tribology applications. Case study: Design and development of CNT based nanopiezo-resistive pressures ensor, Silicon nano-wire-based sensors.

UNIT-IV 10 Hrs.

Investigation & characterization methods in the nano-scale: Electron Microscopes, ScanningProbe Microscopes, optical microscopes for nontechnology, other microscopes, X-ray diffraction, AFM. Societal implications of nano-science & nontechnology: From first industrial revolution to the nano revolution, implications of nano-science and nontechnology on society, nanotech andwar, public perception and involvement in the nano discourse, harnessing nontechnology for economic and social development.

Reference Books *

- 1. T. Pradeep, "NANO: The Essentials", McGraw-Hill Education, 2007 Edition.
- 2. Rainer Waser, "Nano-electronics and Information Technology", Wiley-VCH, 3rd Edition, 2012.

Course Outcomes**

- 1. Comprehendthefundamentalsofnontechnologyanddevelopanunderstandingof various nanomaterials and synthesis technology.
- 2. Understandquantumdots,nanoshells,designanddevelopmentofNanosensors
- 3. Comprehend the knowledge of molecular nanomechanics & Nano-tribology
- 4. Analyzeandcharacterizenano-devices,nanostructuresandcomprehendthesocietalimplications of nontechnology.
- * Books to be listed as per the format with decreasing level of coverage of syllabus
- ** Each CO to be written with proper action word and should be assessable and quantifiable

Course Outcomes	Programme Outcomes (POs)	Program Specific
		Outcomes (PSOs)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1: Comprehend the fundamentalsof nontechnology and develop an understanding ofvarious nano-materials and synthesistechnology.	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	2	3	1	0
CO2: Understand quantumdots, nanoshells,designand developmentofNano sensors	3	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	0	2	3	2	0
CO3:Comprehend theknowledge aboutmolecularnanomechanics &Nano-tribology.	3	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	0	2	3	2	0
CO4: Understand various characterizationmethodsin nanotechnologyandcomprehendthe societal impactionsof nontechnology	3	3	1	2	3	3	3	3	0	2	2	3	3	3	0

Course Code: 22UEC632N		Cre	edits: 03			
L:T:P - 3 : 0: 0	FUZZY LOGIC	CIEMarks:50				
Total Hours/Week: 3 Hrs/Week		SEEN	Marks:50			
		10 Hrs				

Classical sets: Operations and properties of classical sets, Mapping of classical sets to the functions. Fuzzy sets - Membership functions, Fuzzy set operations, Properties of fuzzy sets. Classical and Fuzzy relations: Cartesian product, crisp relations-cardinality, operations and properties of crisp relations. Fuzzy relations-cardinality, operations, properties of fuzzy relations, fuzzy Cartesian product and composition, Fuzzy tolerance and equivalence relations, value assignments and other format of the composition operation.

UNIT-II 10 Hrs.

Fuzzification and Defuzzification: Features of the membership functions, various forms, fuzzification, defuzzification to crisp sets, - cuts for fuzzy relations, Defuzzification to scalars. Fuzzy logic and approximate reasoning, Other forms of the implication operation.

UNIT-III 10 Hrs.

Fuzzy Systems: Natural language, Linguistic hedges, Fuzzy (Rule based) System, Aggregation of fuzzy rules, Graphical techniques of inference, Membership value assignments: Intuition, Inference, rank ordering, Fuzzy Associative memories.

UNIT-IV 10 Hrs.

Fuzzy decision making: Fuzzy synthetic evaluation, Fuzzy ordering, Preference and consensus, Multi objective decision making, Fuzzy Bayesian, Decision method, Decision making under Fuzzy states and fuzzy actions.

Reference Books *

- 1) Timothy J.Ross Fuzzy logic with engineering applications, 3rd edition, Wiley, 2010.
- 2) George J.KlirBo Yuan Fuzzy sets and Fuzzy logic theory and Applications, PHI, New Delhi, 1995.

Course Outcomes**

- **1. Apply**and**analyze** classical and fuzzy sets and relations to **model** systems with uncertainty using appropriate operations and properties.
- **2.** Analyze fuzzification process and defuzzification of membership functions to **transform** fuzzy information into crisp outputs.
- **3.** Design fuzzy rule based system and inference techniques to **solve** problems involving approximate reasoning.
- 4. Apply fuzzy decision making techniques to analyze multi-objective problems under uncertainty.
- *Books to be listed as per the format with decreasing level of coverage of syllabus
- ** Each CO to be written with proper action word and should be assessable and quantifiable

Course					I	POs							SOs				
Course O	utcomes	S	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	0
CO1:Understand	and	analyze	3	2	2	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0

communication systems and amplitude modulation techniques															
CO2: Visualize angle and pulse	3	2	2	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0
modulation systems.															
CO3: Explain different digital communication systems and radio transmitters/receivers	3	3	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0
CO4: Categorize broadband and optical fiber communication systems	2	2	1	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0
Course Contribution to POs	2.75	2.25	1.5	0	1	1	1.25	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0

SUBJECT CODE: 22UEC632N L:T:P - 3:0:0 Total Hours/Week: 03 Aircraft Electronics and Systems CIEMarks:50 SEEMarks:50 UNIT-I 10 Hrs.

Basics of Aircraft, forces, moments and angle of attack, engines avionics, history of aircraft design and characteristics, modern aircraft systems.

UNIT-II 10 Hrs.

Aircraft Instruments, display types, grouping of displays, glass cockpit of modern aircraft, electronic flight instrument system (EFIS), introduction to air data instruments, types of air data instruments, two types viz pneumatic and air data instruments, temperature compensation, errors in ALTI, VSI and IVSI.

UNIT-III 10 Hrs.

Engine instruments, engine speed measurement, torque measurement, pressure measurement, EGT indicator, Engine vibration measurement and monitoring.

UNIT-IV 10 Hrs.

Engine fuel indicator, fuel quantity indicator, fuel quantity by weight, fuel flow rate indicator, electronic flight instrument system, FDS, ADI, HIS.

Reference Books *

- 1. "Aircraft Instrumentation and systems", S.Nagabhushana, L.K.Sudha. I.K. International Publishing House Pvt., Ltd., S-25, Green Park Extensions, Uphaar Cinema Market, New Delhi 110016(India), Info@ik international .com, ISBN: 978-93-80578-35-4
- 2. Pallett, E.B.J.,: "Aircraft Instruments -Principles and applications", Pitman and sons, 1981.

Course Outcomes** After completion of the course student will be able to Describe the fundamental concepts and working principles of aircraft electronic systems, including CO₁ their role in modern aviation. Classify and explain various electronic subsystems used in aircraft, such as navigation, CO₂ communication, flight control, and monitoring systems. Analyze the performance, functionalities, and integration of aircraft electronic systems in real-time CO₃ operational scenarios. Design and develop solutions collaboratively for aircraft electronic system challenges through team-CO₄ based projects involving simulation, prototyping, and testing. Communicate technical information effectively through oral presentations, technical reports, and CO₅ documentation related to aircraft electronics.

Course Outcomes	Programme Outcomes (POs)	Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	1	2	3
CO1	3	2	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	3	2	1
CO2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	1
CO3	2	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	3	1
CO4	1	2	3	3	3	-	-	3	2	2	3	2	2	1
CO5	ı	1	0	0	1	1	1	2	3	2	2	2	2	1

Course Code: BHSXXXXC Hours/Week (L:T:P: S): 1:0:0:0	Indian Knowledge System (Common to all Branches)	Credits CIE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy (Theory + Lab) 15	JNIT-I	SEE Marks (3 Hrs.)	50

Indian Knowledge Systems (IKS)

Overview, Vedic Corpus, Philosophy in Indian Knowledge system

UNIT-II 4 Hrs.)

Traditional Knowledge in Mathematics

Introduction to Indian Mathematics, Unique aspects of Indian Mathematics, Indian Mathematicians and their Contribution. Number Systems and Units of Measurement.

UNIT-III (4 Hrs.)

Traditional Knowledge in Science

Measurements for time, distance and weight, Astronomy, Indian contributions in astronomy, Astrology, The celestial coordinate system, Elements of the Indian calendar, Notion of years and month, Panchanga – The Indian calendar system.

UNIT-IV 4 Hrs.)

Traditional Knowledge in Professional domain

Town Planning and Architecture, Agriculture, Governance and Public Administration.

Reference Books

- 1. Mahadevan, B., Bhat Vinayak Rajat, Nagendra Pavana R.N. "Introduction to Indian Knowledge System: Concepts and Applications", PHI Learning Private Ltd. Delhi (2022). Pride of India: A Glimpse into India's Scientific Heritage, Samskrita Bharati, New Delhi.
- 2. Sampad and Vijay "The Wonder that is Sanskrit", Sri Aurobindo Society, Puducherry. (2011).
- 3. Acarya, P.K. Indian Architecture, MunshiramManoharlal Publishers, New Delhi. (1996).
- **4.** Kapoor Kapil, Singh Avadhesh "Indian Knowledge Systems Vol I & II", Indian Institute of Advanced Study, Shimla, H.P. (2021).
- 5. Dasgupta, S. A History of Indian Philosophy-Volume 1, Motilal Banarsidass, New Delhi. (1975).
- 6. PLofker, K. (1963). Mathematics in India, Princeton University Press, New Jeresy, USA"

Suggested Web Links:

- 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LZP1StpYEPM
- 2. http://nptel.ac.in/courses/121106003/
- 3.http://www.iitkgp.ac.in/department/KS;jsessionid=C5042785F727F6EB46CBF432D7683B63 (Centre of Excellence for Indian Knowledge System, IIT Kharagpur)
- 4. https://www.wipo.int/pressroom/en/briefs/tk ip.html
- 5. https://unctad.org/system/files/official-document/ditcted10 en.pdf
- 6. http://nbaindia.org/uploaded/docs/traditionalknowledge 190707.pdf developmentgoals/?gclid=EAIaIQobChMInpJ tb_p8gIVTeN3Ch2
 - 7. https://unfoundation.org/what-we-do/issues/sustainable-developmentgoals/?gclid=EAlalQobChMInpJtb p8gIVTeN3Ch27LAmPEAAYASAAEgIm1vD BwELAmPEAAYASAAE gIm1vD BwE

Course Outcomes:

At the completion of the course student will be able to:

CO1: Provide an overview of the concept of the Indian Knowledge System and its importance

CO2: Appreciate the need and importance of protecting traditional knowledge.

CO3: Recognize the relevance of Traditional knowledge in different domains.

CO4:Establish the significance of Indian Knowledge systems in the contemporary world.

Course Outcomes	Programme Outcomes(POs)												
	1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11											
CO1	2	2	-	1	-	2	1	3	-	2	2		
CO2	1	2	-	-	-	3	2	3	-	1	2		
CO3	2	2	1	-	1	3	3	3	-	2	2		
CO4	2	2	2	-	1	3	2	3	1	2	3		

SUBJECTCODE: 22UEC625L	CMOS D'-'4-LVI SLI -l4	Credits:01
L:T:P -0-0-3	CMOS Digital VLSI Laboratory	CIEMarks:50
TotalHours/Week: 03		SEEMarks: 50

NAME OF THE EXPERIMENT

Design following CMOS/TG based circuits with given specifications and complete the VLSI design flow mentioned below using appropriate tool:*

- a) Draw the schematic and verify the following:
- i) DC Analysis
- ii) Transient Analysis
- b) Draw the Layout and verify the DRC, ERC
- c) Check for LVS
- d) Extract RC and backannotate the same and verify the design.

Circuits to be Designed:

- 1. CMOS inverter
- 2. CMOS two input NAND gate
- 3. CMOS two input NOR gate
- 4. CMOS two input OR gate
- 5. CMOS two input AND gate
- 6. TG based two input XOR and XNOR gates
- 7. Negative edge triggered D flip flop using TGs and inverters
- 8. 4:1 MUX using TGs and inverters
- 9. 3-Bit up counter
- 10. 3-Bit SISO shift register

An appropriate constraint should be given.

Course Outcomes**

After completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Design CMOS/TG based gates, MUX, flip flops, counters and shift register.
- 2. Draw the layout, run DC and transient analysis for designed CMOS standard cells.

Course Outcomes		Programme Outcomes (POs)											Program Specific Outcomes(PSOs)			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	
CO1	1	0	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	
CO2	1	0	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	

Course Title: ARM Micro	controller Lab	Course Code: 22UEC626L		
Credits:		Contact Hours: 3 Hrs/Week		
CIE Marks: 50	SEE Marks: 50	Total Marks: 100		

Course Objectives:

- To have hands-on experience in using ARM7TDMI/LPC2148. family microcontrollers.
- To provide practical knowledge of ARM7TDMI/LPC2148. assembly language programming.
- To have exposure in using Keil compiler and embedded C programming.
- To understand different inbuilt peripherals in ARM7TDMI/LPC2148.family and their interfacing.
- To encourage the students in building embedded applications.

Course Outcomes:

- Able to get fundamental concepts of ARM7TDMI/LPC2148. microcontroller from practical point of view.
- Able to write efficient programs in assembly level language of the RM7TDMI/LPC2148. microcontroller.
- Able to carry out interface between the ARM7TDMI/LPC2148.microcontroller and peripheral devices so that they can design and develop a complete microcontroller based systems (projects).
- Able to develop the ability to use embedded C language to perform a defined task.

Suggested Simulation/Modelling/Design/Verification/Hardware Boards/etc. (preferably open sources):

- Develop and test Program using ARM7TDMI/LPC2148.
- Conduct the experiments on an ARM7TDMI/LPC2148 evaluation board using evaluation version of Embedded 'C' & Keil Uvision-4 tool/compiler.

Sl. No.	Experiments
	Part-A
1	Write a program to multiply two 16 bit binary numbers.
2	Write a program to find the sum of first 10 integer numbers.
3	Write a program to find factorial of a number.
4	Write a program to add an array of 16 bit numbers and store the 32 bit result in internal RAM
5	Write a program to find the square of a number (1 to 10) using look-up table.
6	Write a program to find the largest/smallest number in an array of 32 numbers.
7	Write a program to arrange a series of 32 bit numbers in ascending/descending order.
8	Write a program to count the number of ones and zeros in two consecutive memory locations.
	Part-B
9	Display "Hello World" message using Internal UART.
10	Interface and Control a DC Motor.

11	Interface a Stepper motor and rotate it in clockwise and anti-clockwise direction.
12	Determine Digital output for a given Analog input using Internal ADC of ARM controller.
13	Interface a DAC and generate Triangular and Square waveforms.
14	Interface a 4x4 keyboard and display the key code on an LCD.
15	Demonstrate the use of an external interrupt to toggle an LED On/Off.
16	Display the Hex digits 0 to F on a 7-segment LED interface, with an appropriate delay in
	between.

Course Outcomes		Programme Outcomes (POs)											Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	
CO1																
	3	3	3	1	3	1	1	1	2	1	0	1	0	3	0	
CO2																
	3	3	3	1	3	1	1	1	2	1	0	1	0	3	0	
CO3																
	3	3	3	1	3	1	1	1	2	1	2	1	0	3	0	
CO4														_		
	3	2	3	1	3	1	1	1	2	1	2	1	0	3	0	
CO5																
	3	2	2	1	3	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	0	3	0	

Course Code: 22UHS001M
Hours/Week: (L:T:P:S): 0:0:2:0
Total Hours Per Semester: 26hrs

YOGA (Common to All Branches)

Credit:	00
CIE Marks:	100
SEE Marks:	00

C , XIX							
	Semester VI						
Ashtanga Yoga 1. Dharana 2. Dhyana (Meditation) 3. Samadhi							
	e, technique, precautionary measures and benefits of each asana						
Different types	of Asanas						
Sitting	1.Bakasana						
	2.Hanumanasana						
	3.Ekapada Rajakapotasana						
	4. Yogamudra in Vajrasana						
Standing	1.Vatayanasana						
	2.Garudasana						
Balancing	1.Veerabhadrasana						
_	2. Sheershasana						
Supine line	1.Sarvangasana						
	2.Setubandha Sarvangasana						
	3. Shavasanaa (Relaxation poisture).						
Revision of K	apalabhati practice 80 strokes/min - 3 rounds						
Different types	. Meaning by name, technique, precautionary measures and						
benefits of each	hPranayama 1. Bhastrika						
	2. Bhramari						
Meaning, Need	Meaning, Need, importance of Shatkriya. Different types. Meaning by name,						
technique, pred	cautionary measures and benefits of each Kriya						
1. Jalaneti & su	1. Jalaneti & sutraneti						
2. Nouli (only	formen)						
3. Sheetkarma	Kapalabhati						

Course Code: 22UHS002M	National Service Scheme	Credit : 00
Hours/Week (L:T:P:S): 0:0:2:0	(NSS)	CIE Marks: 100
Total Hours Per Semester : 26	(COMMON TO ALL BRANCHES)	SEE Marks: 00

Course objectives:

National Service Scheme(NSS)will enable the students to:

- 6. Understand the community in general in which they work.
- 7. Identify the needs and problems of the community and involve them in problem–solving.
- 8. Develop among themselves a sense of social & civic responsibility & utilize their. Knowledge in finding practical solutions to individual and community problems.
- 9. Develop competence required for group-living and sharing of responsibilities & gains kills In mobilizing community participation to acquire leadership qualities and democratic attitudes.
- 10. Develop capacity to meet emergencies and natural disasters &practice national integration and social harmony in general.

General Instructions-Pedagogy:

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 6. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the activities will develop students' theoretical and applied social and cultural skills.
- 7. State the need for NSS activities and its present relevance in the society and Provide real-life examples.
- 8. Support and guide the students for self-planned activities.
- 9. You will also be responsible for assigning home work, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students' progress in real activities in the field.
- 10. Encourage the students for group work to improve their creative and analytical skills.

National Service Scheme (NSS)–Contents

- 17. Organic farming ,Indian Agriculture(Past,Present and Future) Connectivity for marketing.
- 18. Waste management–Public, Private and Govtorganization, 5R's.
- 19. Settingoftheinformationimpartingclubforwomenleadingtocontributioninso cialandeconomicissues.
- 20. Waterconservationtechniques—Roleofdifferentstakeholders—Implementation.
- 21. Preparing an actionable business proposal for enhancing the village income and approach for implementation.
- 22. HelpinglocalschoolstoachievegoodresultsandenhancetheirenrolmentinHigher/ technical vocation.
- 23. Developing Sustainable Water management system for rural areas and implementation approaches.
- 24. ContributiontoanynationallevelinitiativeofGovernmentofIndia.Foreg.DigitalIndia, SkillIndia,SwatchBharat, Atma nirbhar Bharath, Make in India, Mudra scheme, Skill development programs etc.
- 25. Spreadingpublicawarenessunderruraloutreachprograms.(minimum5programs).
- 26. Social connect and responsibilities.
- 27. Plantation and adoption of plants. Know your plants.
- 28. Organize National integrationandsocial harmonyevents/workshops/seminars.(Minimum02programs).
- 29. Govt.schoolRejuvenationandhelpingthemtoachieve goodinfrastructure.
- 30. NOTE:

- 31. Student/s in individual or in agroup Should select any one activity in the beginning of each semester till end of that respective semester for successful completion as per the instructions of NSS officer with the consent of HOD of the department.
- 32. Attheendofeverysemester, activity reports hould be submitted for evaluation.

Distribution of Activities – Semester wise from 3^{rd} to 6^{th} semester

Sem	Topics/Activities to be Covered									
,	4. Organic farming, Indian Agriculture (Past, Presentand Future) Connectivity									
3 rd Semfor	formarketing.									
0.573.5	5. Waste management–Public, Private and Govtorganization,5R's.									
25Marks	6. Setting of the in formation imparting club for women leading to									
	contributionin social and economic issues.									
	7. Water conservationtechniques –Role of different take holders–Implementation.									
4 th Semfo	8. Preparinganaction ablebusinessproposal for enhancing the village in come									
r	and approach for implementation.									
25Marks	9. HelpinglocalschoolstoachievegoodresultsandenhancetheirenrolmentinHigher/technical/vocationaleducation.									
251VIAI KS	11. Developing Sustainable Water management system forruralareas									
	and implementationapproaches.									
	12. Contribution to any national level initiative of Government of India. Foreg.									
5 th Semfo	Digital India, SkillIndia, Swachh Bharat, Atmanirbhar Bharath,									
r25Mark	MakeinIndia,Mudrascheme,Skilldevelopmentprogramsetc.									
S	13. Spreading publicawareness underruraloutreachprograms.(minimum5programs).									
	14. Social connect and responsibilities.									
6 th Semfo	14. Plantation and adoption of plants. Know your plants.									
r	15. Organize Nation alintegration and social									
	harmonyevents/workshops/seminars.(Minimum02programs).									
25Marks	16. Govt.school Rejuvenation and helping them to achieve good infrastructure.									

$\label{lem:pedagogy-Guidelines, it may differ depending on local resources available for the study as well as environment and climatic differences, location and time of execution.$

SIN o	Topic	Groups ize	Location	Activityex ecution	Reporting	EvaluationOf theTopic
1.	Organicfarming,Indian Agriculture (Past,Present and Future)Connectivity formarketing.	May beindivid ual orteam	Farmers land/Villages/roadside /communityarea/ Collegecampusetc	Siteselection/properco nsultation/Continuous monitoring/Informatio nboard	Reportshouldbe submitted byindividual to theconcernedev aluationauthorit y	Evaluation asper the rubricsOf scheme andsyllabusbyNS Sofficer
2.	Waste management— Public,PrivateandGovto rganization,5 R's.	May beindivid ual orteam	Villages/CityAreas/G rama panchayat/publicassoci ations/GovernmentSche mesofficers/ campusetc	Siteselection/properco nsultation/Continuous monitoring/Informatio nboard	Reportshouldbe submitted byindividual to theconcernedev aluationauthorit y	Evaluation asper the rubricsOf scheme andsyllabusbyNS Sofficer
3.	Setting of theinformation impartingclub forwomenleadingtoco ntributioninsocial andeconomicissues.	May beindivid ual orteam	Women empowermentgroups/ ConsultingNGOs & Govt Teams /Collegecampusetc	Groupselection/proper consultation/Continuou s monitoring/Informatio nboard	Reportshouldbe submitted byindividual to theconcernedev aluationauthorit y	Evaluation asper the rubricsOf scheme andsyllabusbyNS Sofficer
4.	s – Role ofdifferentstakeholder s–Implementation.	May beindivid ual orteam	Villages/CityAreas/G rama panchayat/publicassoci ations/GovernmentSche mesofficers/ campusetc	siteselection /properconsultation/Co ntinuous monitoring/Informati onboard	Reportshouldbe submitted byindividual to theconcernedev aluationauthorit y	Evaluation asper the rubricsOf scheme andsyllabusbyNS Sofficer
5.	Preparinganactionableb usiness proposal forenhancing the villageincome and approachforimplement ation.	May beindivid ual orteam	Villages/CityAreas/G rama panchayat/publicassoci ations/GovernmentSche mesofficers/ campusetc	Groupselection/proper consultation/Continuou s monitoring/Informatio nboard	Reportshouldbe submitted byindividual to theconcernedev aluationauthorit y	Evaluation asper the rubricsOf scheme andsyllabusbyNS Sofficer

6.	Helpinglocalschoolstoa chievegoodresultsand enhance theirenrolmentin Higher/ technical/vocationale ducation.	May beindivid ual orteam		Schoolselection/prope rconsultation/Continuo us monitoring/Informatio nboard	submitted byindividual to theconcernedev	Evaluation asper the rubricsOf scheme andsyllabusbyNS Sofficer
7.	Developing SustainableWater managementsystem for rural areasand implementationapproaches.	orteam		siteselection/properco nsultation/Continuous monitoring/Informatio nboard	submitted byindividual to theconcernedev	Evaluation asper the rubricsOf scheme andsyllabusbyNS Sofficer
8.	Contribution to anynational level initiativeofGovernment ofIndia.For eg. Digital India,Skill India, SwachhBharat, AtmanirbharBharath, Make inIndia,Mudraschem e,Skill developmentprogram setc.	May beindivid ual orteam	Villages/CityAreas/G rama panchayat/publicassoci ations/GovernmentSche mesofficers/ campusetc	Groupselection/proper consultation/Continuou s monitoring /Informationboard	1	Evaluation asper the rubricsOf scheme andsyllabusbyNS Sofficer
9.	Spreading publicawareness under ruraloutreachprogram s.(minimum5program s).////Socialconnect andresponsibilities.	May beindivid ual orteam	Villages/CityAreas/G rama panchayat/publicassoci ations/GovernmentSche mesofficers/ campusetc	Groupselection/proper consultation/Continuou s monitoring /Informationboard	submitted byindividual to theconcernedev	Evaluation asper the rubricsOf scheme andsyllabusbyNS Sofficer
10.	Plantationandadoptiono f plants. Know yourplants.	May beindivid ual orteam	rama	Placeselection/proper consultation/Continuou s monitoring /Informationboard	submitted byindividual to theconcernedev	Evaluation asper the rubricsOf scheme andsyllabusbyNS Sofficer

11.	Organize	May	Villages/CityAreas/G	Placeselection/proper	Reportshouldbe	Evaluation asper
	Nationalintegrationa	beindivid	rama	consultation/Continuou	submitted	the rubricsOf
	ndsocialharmonyeve	ual	panchayat/publicassoci	s monitoring	byindividual to	scheme
	nts	orteam	ations/GovernmentSche	/Informationboard	theconcernedev	andsyllabusbyNS
	/workshops		mesofficers/		aluationauthorit	Sofficer
	/seminars.(Minimum0		campusetc		у	
	2 programs).					
12.	Govt.	May	Villages/CityAreas/G	Placeselection/proper	Reportshouldbe	Evaluation asper
	schoolRejuvenati	beindivid	rama	consultation/Continuou	submitted	the rubricsOf
	on andhelping	ual	panchayat/publicassoci	s monitoring	byindividual to	scheme
	them	orteam	ations/GovernmentSche	/Informationboard	theconcernedev	andsyllabusbyNS
	toachievegoodinf		mesofficers/		aluationauthorit	Sofficer
	rastructure.		campusetc		у	

Plan of Action (Execution of Activities For Each Semester)

Sl.NO	PracticeSessionDescription
1	LecturesessionbyNSSOfficer
2	StudentsPresentation onTopics
3	Presentation- 1,Selectionoftopic,PHASE-1
4	Commencementofactivityanditsprogress-PHASE- 2
5	Executionof Activity
6	ExecutionofActivity
7	ExecutionofActivity
8	ExecutionofActivity
9	ExecutionofActivity
10	CasestudybasedAssessment,Individualperformance
11	Sectorwise study anditsconsolidation
12	Videobasedseminarfor10minutes byeachstudent Attheendofsemesterwith Report.

- Ineverysemester from3rdsemesterto6thsemester,Eachstudentshoulddoactivitiesaccordingtothescheme and svllabus.
- At the end of every semester student performance has to be evaluated by the NSS officer for theassignedactivityprogress and its completion.
- At last in 6th semester consolidated report of all activities from 3rd to 6th semester, compiledreportshould be submitted as per theinstructions.

CO1:	Recognize and understand their roles and responsibilities towards society for its betterment.
CO2:	Analyze environmental and societal issues and design effective and sustainable solutions
CO3:	Assess existing systems critically and propose practical, innovative solutions to promote sustainable development
CO4:	Plan and implement government-led or self-initiated projects efficiently for community and societal welfare
CO5:	Develop the ability to respond to emergencies and natural disasters, while fostering national integration, social harmony, and unity.

AssessmentDetails forCIE(bothCIE andSEE)

Weightage	CIE- 100%	•	Implementation strategies of the project (NSS wo
Presentation -1	10Marks		rk).
Selectionoftopic,PHASE-1		•	The last report should be signed
Commencementofactivityand itsprogress-	10Marks		byNSSOfficer,theHODandprincipal.
PHASE-2		•	Atlastreportshould beevaluated
Casestudybased Assessment	10Marks		bytheNSSofficer of the institute.
Individualperformance		•	Finally the consolidated marks sheet should be sen
Sectorwisestudyand its consolidation	10Marks		t to the university and also to be
Videobasedseminarfor10minutesbyeach	10Marks		madeavailableat LICvisit.
student At the end of semester with Report.			
Totalmarksforthecourseineachsemester	50Marks		
Marksscoredfor50bythestudentsshouldb	<u> </u>	 25m	arksIneachsemester

Marksscoredfor50bythestudentsshouldbeScaledownto25marksIneachsemester for CIEentryintheVTUportal.

25marksCIEentry will beenteredinUniversity IAmarksportalattheendofeachsemester3rdto6th sem,Reportandassessmentcopyshouldbe madeavailableinthedepartmentsemesterwise.

Studentsshouldpresenttheprogressoftheactivities as perthes chedule in the prescribed practical session in the field. The reshould be epositive progress in the vertical order for the benefit of society in general.

Course Code: 22UHS003M		Credits:	00
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Suggested Learning Resources:

Books:

- 4. NSS CourseManual, PublishedbyNSSCell,VTUBelagavi.
- 5. GovernmentofKarnataka, NSS cell, activities reports and its manual.
- 6. GovernmentofIndia,nsscell,Activitiesreportsanditsmanual.

CO-PO Mapping

		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	P O 1		P O 1 2	P S O	P S O 2	P S O
N o	Programme Outcomes Course Outcomes															
the	ter successful completion of course the students will be e to:															
1	Recognize and understand their roles and responsibilities towards society for its betterment.	-	-	1	-	-	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	-	-	-
2	Analyze environmental and societal issues and design effective and sustainable solutions	-	1	1	-	-	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	-	1	-
3	Assess existing systems critically and propose practical, innovative solutions to promote sustainable development	-	-	1	-	-	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	-	-	-
4	Plan and implement government-led or self-initiated projects efficiently for community and societal welfare	-	-	1	-	-	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	-	1	-
5	Develop the ability to respond to emergencies and natural disasters, while fostering national integration, social harmony, and unity.	-	-	1	-	-	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	-	-	-

Hours/Week (L:T:P:S): 0:0:2:0	CIE Mar	ks:	100
Total Hours Per Semester : 26hrs	SEE Man	rks:	00

Cou	urse Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to								
1.	Understand the fundamental concepts and skills of Physical Education, Health, Nutrition								
	and Fitness								
2.	Familiarization of health- related Exercises, Sports for overall growth and development								
3.	Create a foundation for the professionals in Physical Education and Sports								
4.	Participate in the competition at regional/state/national/international levels.								
5.	Create consciousness among the students on Health, Fitness and Wellness in developing								
	and maintaining a healthy lifestyle.								
6.	Understand and practice of Traditional Games								

Module I: Orientation 4Hours										
A.	Lifestyle									
B.	Health & Wellness									
C.	Pre-Fitness test.									
Mo	dule II: General Fitness & Components of Fitness	4Hours								
	D. Warming up (Free Handexercises)									
	E. Strength–Push-up/ Pull-ups									
	F. Speed–30Mtr Dash									
	ule III: Specific games (Any one to be selected by the student)	16Hours								
	Kabaddi-Hand touch, Toe Touch, Thigh Hold, Ankle hold and Bonus.									
2.	Kho-Kho-GivingKho,Single Chain,Pole dive,Pole turning,3-6Up.									
Mod	ule IV: Orientation	4Hours								
A.	Postural deformities.									
B.	Stress management									
Mod	ule V: Specific Games (Any one to be selected by the student)	16Hours								
A.	Throw ball									
B.	Table Tennis									
C.	Athletics (Field Events-Jumps)-Any event as per availability of Ground	d.								
Mod	ule VI: Aerobics	4 Hours								
Sc	heme and Assessment for auditing the course and Grades:									
Sl.N	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	Marks								
1.	Participation of student in all the modules	20								
2.	,	30								
3.	Final presentation / exhibition / Participation in competitions/	50								
	practical on specific tasks assigned to the students									
	Total	100								

Course Outcomes:

- **1.Identify and Understand** common postural deformities and apply stress management techniques in the context of sports and athletics
- 2.Participate Confidently in competitions at regional, state, national, and international levels
- **3.Demonstrate Proficiency** in specific games and athletic jumping events through regular practice and skill development.
- 4.Understand and Perform various Aerobic exercises for fitness and endurance enhancement.

	quire Skills and Practice specific games and athletic throwing events with propiques and strategies	er					
Mo	dule I: Ethics and Moral Values	4Hours					
A.	Ethics in Sports						
B.	Moral Values in Sports and Games						
Mod	Module II: Specific Games (Any one to be selected by the student)						
A.	Volley ball–Attack, Block, Service, Upper Hand Pass and Lower hand Pass.						
B.	Athletics (TrackEvents) –Any event as per availability of Ground						
Mod	Module III: Role of Organisation and administration 4H						

		РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	P	P	P	P	P	P
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	O	0	0	S	S	S
											1	1	1 2	0	O 2	O 3
N											0	1		1		3
	Dragramma															
О	Programme Outcomes															
	Course Outcomes															
Δfi	ter successful completion of															
	course the students will be															
	e to:															
1	Identify and Understand	_		1		_	1	1				_	1			
1	common postural deformities	_	_	1	_	_	1	1	_	_	-	_	1			
	and apply stress management															
	techniques in the context of															
	sports and athletics															
2	Participate Confidently in	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1			
	competitions at regional,															
	state, national, and															
	international levels															
3	Demonstrate Proficiency in	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1			
	specific games and athletic															
	jumping events through															
	regular practice and skill															
	development.															
4	Understand and Perform	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1			
	various Aerobic exercises for															
	fitness and endurance															
	enhancement. Acquire Skills and Practice			1			1	1					1			
5	specific games and athletic	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1			
	throwing events with proper															
	techniques and strategies															